## A Simple Mechanism for Gravitation

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Gravity is a great mystery. No one has since given any machinery. In this paper we give a simple machinery. Gravity is the tachyon centripetal force.

Anybody may understand gravitation.

Using the tardyon and tachyon coexistence principle [1]

$$u\overline{u} = c^2 \tag{1}$$

where c is light velocity in vacuum,  $u \le c$  tardyon velocity and  $\overline{u} \ge c$  tachyon velocity.

We deduce the new gravitation formula:  $\overline{F} = -\frac{mc^2}{R}$  .

**Figure 1** shows that the rotation  $\omega$  of body A emits tachyon mass  $\overline{m}$ , which forms the tachyon and gravitation field and gives the body B revolutions u and  $\overline{u}$ .

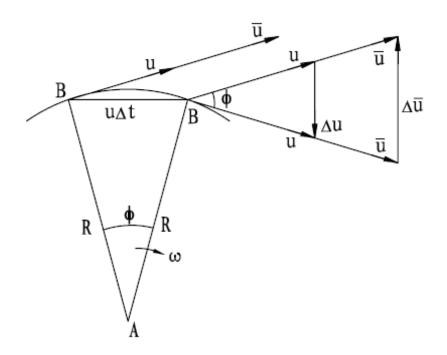


Fig.1. On body  $B = \frac{du}{dt}$  and  $\frac{d\overline{u}}{dt}$  coexistence [2].

From Fig. 1 it follows

$$\frac{u\Delta t}{R} = \frac{\Delta u}{u} \quad . \tag{2}$$

From (2) it follows the tardyon centripetal acceleration on the body B [2-6],

$$\frac{du}{dt} = \lim_{\substack{\Delta u \to 0 \\ \Delta t \to 0}} \frac{\Delta u}{\Delta t} = \frac{u^2}{R}.$$
 (3)

From Fig. 1 it follows

$$\frac{u\Delta t}{R} = -\frac{\Delta \overline{u}}{\overline{u}} \,. \tag{4}$$

From (4) it follows the tachyon centrifugal acceleration on the body B [2-6],

$$\frac{d\overline{u}}{dt} = \lim_{\substack{\Delta \overline{u} \to 0 \\ \lambda t \to 0}} \frac{\Delta \overline{u}}{\Delta t} = -\frac{u\overline{u}}{R} = -\frac{c^2}{R}.$$
 (5)

On body  $B \frac{du}{dt}$  and  $\frac{d\overline{u}}{dt}$  coexistence.

From (3) it follows the tardyon centrifugal force on body B [2-6],

$$F = \frac{M_B u^2}{R},\tag{6}$$

where  $M_B$  is body B mass.

From (5) it follows the tachyon centripetal force on body B, that is gravity [2-6],

$$\overline{F} = -\frac{mc^2}{R},\tag{7}$$

where m is the gravitation mass converted into by tachyon mass  $\overline{m}$  which is unobservable but m is observable.  $\overline{m}$  give all particles mass which replace the Higgs bosons. Elusive Higgs bosons have not been produced at the Large Hadron Collider at CERN. On body B F and  $\overline{F}$  coexistence.

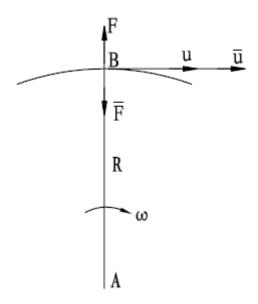


Fig.2. On body B F and  $\overline{F}$  coexistence[2].

From Fig. 2, it follows

$$F + \overline{F} = 0. (8)$$

From (6), (7) and (8) it follows

$$\frac{m}{M_R} = \frac{u^2}{c^2}. (9)$$

Body B increases mass m and centrifugal force is greater than gravitation force, then body B expands outward. [5,6]

From (7) it follows Newtonian gravitation formula. The m is proportional to body A mass  $M_A$ , in (9) m is proportional to  $M_B$ , is inversely proportional to the distance R between

body A and body B. It follows

$$m = k \frac{M_A M_B}{R},\tag{10}$$

where k is constant

Substituting (10) into (7) it follows the Newtonian gravitation formula [2-6]

$$\overline{F} = -G \frac{M_A M_B}{R^2},\tag{11}$$

where  $G = kc^2 = 6.673 \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}^3/\text{ g} \cdot \text{sec}^2$  is gravitation constant.

## References

- [1] Chun-Xuan Jiang, A theory of morphisms between the tardyon and tachyon, Wuli(physics), (Chinese), 4. (175)119-125.
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- [4] Chun-Xuan Jiang, A unified theory of the gravitational and strong interactions, Hadronic J., 24(2001)629-638.
- [5] Chun-Xuan Jiang, An equation that changed the universe:  $F = -\frac{mc^2}{R}$

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图 1,2 是 1976 年用中文发表,但非常清楚,2012-04-19 决定重写,所有人都可能理解引力。本文超越牛顿引力理论并全部否定爱因斯坦广义相对论引力理论。