The Charge Non Conservation in The decay of A Neutron Made of Quark Model

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Abstract: Showing the charge non conservation in the decay of a neutron that made of quarks according to quark model.

Main Viewpoints & Conclusions:

In the [1], we know, a free neutron is unstable, having a mean lifetime of just less than 15 minutes (881.5 ± 1.5 s) from a radioactive decay known as beta decay, and:

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a neutron \rightarrow a proton + an electron + a neutrino ( or an antineutrino) ( i )
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And there be: a proton charges +1; an electron charge -1; and a neutrino (or an antineutrino) no charge.

By the *Law of charge conservation*[2] and (i), we have know a neutron should be charge +1 and -1.

In the quark model, there be: neutron = udd, u charge 2/3; d charge -1/3; and dd charge -2/3. and 2/3+(-2/3)=0.[3; page.11] It is able to meet the neutron is not significant feature of the electrically.

And for the neutron charge +2/3 and -2/3, then, there be:

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a neutron(charge +2/3 and -2/3) \rightarrow a proton (charge +1)+ an electron (charge -1) + a neutrino ( or an antineutrino and no charge).
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The total number of the charges occurred proliferation in the process. Then we get, there be exist non conservation of charge in the decay of a neutron that made of quarks according to quark model.

References

[1] Neutron http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neutron

[2] Charge conservation http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Charge_conservation
[3] J.-L. Basdevant, J. Rich, M. Spiro, *Fundamentals in Nuclear Physics*, Springer, 2005