

**Primes obtained concatenating $p*q-p$ with $p*q-q$ then
with $p*q$ where p, q primes of the form $6k+1$**

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Abstract. This paper is inspired by one of my previous papers, namely "Large primes obtained concatenating the numbers $P - d(k)$ where $d(k)$ are the prime factors of the Poulet number P ", where I conjectured that there are an infinity of primes which can be obtained concatenating the numbers $P - d(1); P - d(2); \dots; P - d(k); P$, where $d(1), \dots, d(k)$ are the prime factors of the Poulet number P . Because some of these Poulet numbers are 2-Poulet numbers of the form $(6k + 1)*(6h + 1)$ I extend in this paper that idea conjecturing that for any prime p of the form $6k + 1$ there exist an infinity of primes q of the form $6h + 1$ such that the number obtained concatenating $p*q - p$ with $p*q - q$ then with $p*q$ is prime.

Conjecture:

For any prime p of the form $6k + 1$ there exist an infinity of primes q of the form $6h + 1$ such that the number n obtained concatenating $p*q - p$ with $p*q - q$ then with $p*q$ is prime.

Example: using the sign "/" with the meaning "concatenated to", for $p = 7$ there exist $q = 79$ such that the number $n = (7*79 - 7)/(7*79 - 79)/7*79 = 546474553$ is prime.

The first three such primes n for $p = 7$:

(corresponding to $q = 31, 37, 79$)

: 210186217 = (7*31 - 7)/(7*31 - 31)/7*31;
: 252222259 = (7*37 - 7)/(7*37 - 37)/7*37;
: 546474553 = (7*79 - 7)/(7*79 - 79)/7*79.

The first three such primes n for $p = 13$:

(corresponding to $q = 31, 37, 67$)

: 390372403 = (13*31 - 13)/(13*31 - 31)/13*31;
: 468444481 = (13*37 - 13)/(13*37 - 37)/13*37;
: 858804871 = (13*67 - 13)/(13*67 - 67)/13*67.

The first such prime n for p = 19:

(corresponding to q = 61)

$$: \quad 114010981159 = (19 \cdot 61 - 19) // (19 \cdot 61 - 61) // 19 \cdot 61.$$

The first such prime n for p = 31:

(corresponding to q = 19)

$$: \quad 558570589 = (31 \cdot 19 - 31) // (31 \cdot 19 - 19) // 31 \cdot 19.$$

The first such prime n for p = 37:

(corresponding to q = 19)

$$: \quad 666684703 = (37 \cdot 19 - 37) // (37 \cdot 19 - 19) // 37 \cdot 19.$$

The first such prime n for p = 43:

(corresponding to q = 67)

$$: \quad 283828142881 = (43 \cdot 67 - 43) // (43 \cdot 67 - 67) // 43 \cdot 67.$$

The first such prime n for p = 61:

(corresponding to q = 13)

$$: \quad 732780793 = (61 \cdot 13 - 61) // (61 \cdot 13 - 13) // 61 \cdot 13.$$

The first such prime n for p = 67:

(corresponding to q = 31)

$$: \quad 201020462077 = (67 \cdot 31 - 67) // (67 \cdot 31 - 31) // 67 \cdot 31.$$

The first such prime n for p = 73:

(corresponding to q = 19)

$$: \quad 131413681387 = (73 \cdot 19 - 73) // (73 \cdot 19 - 19) // 73 \cdot 19.$$

The first such prime n for p = 79:

(corresponding to q = 19)

$$: \quad 142214821501 = (79 \cdot 19 - 79) // (79 \cdot 19 - 19) // 79 \cdot 19.$$