

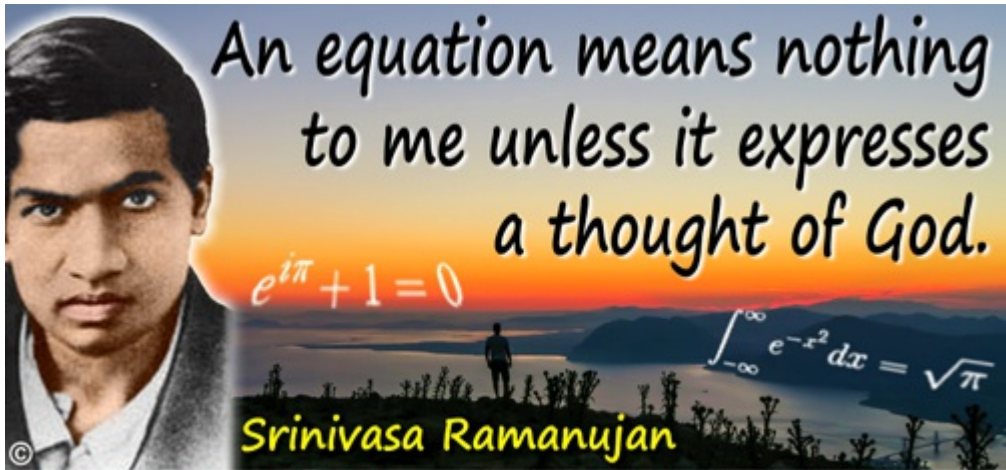
On some formulas of Manuscript Book 1 of Srinivasa Ramanujan: new possible mathematical connections with various parameters of Particle Physics and Cosmology.

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Abstract

In this research thesis, we have analyzed further formulas of Manuscript Book 1 of Srinivasa Ramanujan and described new possible mathematical connections with various parameters of Particle Physics and Cosmology (Cosmological Constant, some parameters of Dark Energy)

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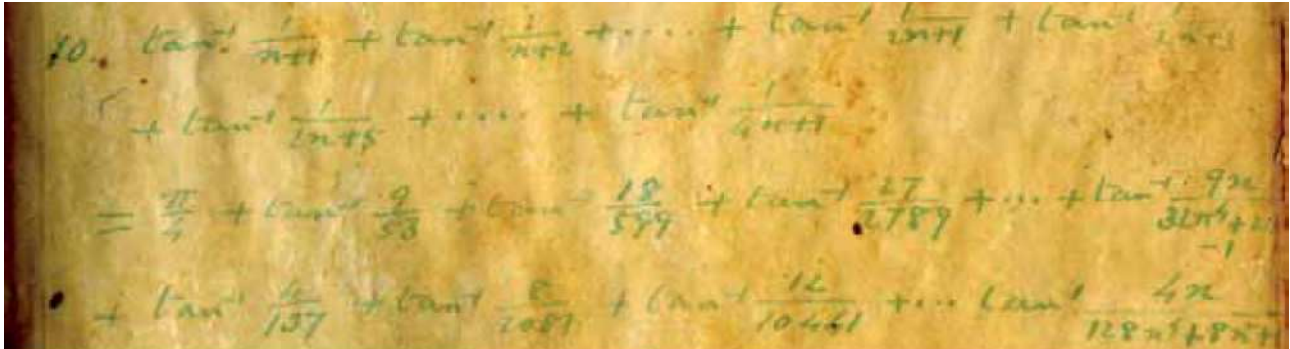
Summary

In this research thesis, we have analyzed the possible and new connections between different formulas of Manuscript Book 1 of Srinivasa Ramanujan and some parameters concerning Particle Physics and Cosmology. In the course of the discussion we describe and highlight the connections between some developments of Ramanujan equations and particles type solutions such as the mass of the Higgs boson, and the masses of other baryons and mesons, principally $f_0(1710)$ scalar meson candidate “glueball”. Moreover, solutions of Ramanujan equations, connected with the mass of the π meson 139.57 have been described and highlighted. Furthermore, we have obtained also the values of some black hole entropies, the value of the Cosmological Constant and some parameters of Dark Energy.

All the results of the most important connections are highlighted in blue throughout the drafting of the paper

From:

MANUSCRIPT BOOK 1 OF SRINIVASA RAMANUJAN



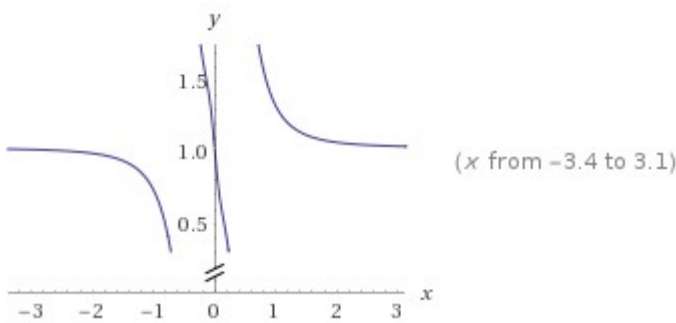
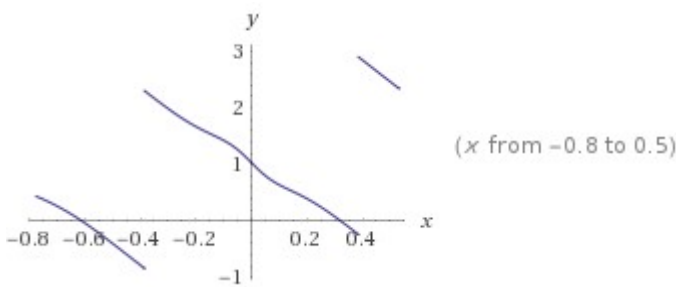
$$\pi/4 + \tan^{-1}(9/53) + \tan^{-1}(18/599) + \tan^{-1}(27/2789) + \tan^{-1}(9x/(32x^4+2x^2-1)) + \tan^{-1}(4/137) + \tan^{-1}(8/1081) + \tan^{-1}(12/10441) + \tan^{-1}(4x/(128x^4+8x^2+1))$$

Input:

$$\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(9 \times \frac{x}{32x^4 + 2x^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(4 \times \frac{x}{128x^4 + 8x^2 + 1}\right)$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Plots:



Alternate forms:

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9x}{32x^4 + 2x^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4x}{128x^4 + 8x^2 + 1}\right) + \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{129419640}{241859441}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{4} \left(4 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{9x}{32x^4 + 2x^2 - 1} \right) + \right. \\
& \quad 4 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4x}{128x^4 + 8x^2 + 1} \right) + \pi + 4 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{9}{53} \right) + 4 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{18}{599} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. 4 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + 4 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{27}{2789} \right) + 4 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{1081} \right) + 4 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{12}{10441} \right) \right) \\
& \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 - \frac{9ix}{32x^4 + 2x^2 - 1} \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 + \frac{9ix}{32x^4 + 2x^2 - 1} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 - \frac{4ix}{128x^4 + 8x^2 + 1} \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 + \frac{4ix}{128x^4 + 8x^2 + 1} \right) + \frac{\pi}{4} - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 + \frac{9i}{53} \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 - \frac{9i}{53} \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 + \frac{18i}{599} \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 - \frac{18i}{599} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 + \frac{4i}{137} \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 - \frac{4i}{137} \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 + \frac{27i}{2789} \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 - \frac{27i}{2789} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 + \frac{8i}{1081} \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 - \frac{8i}{1081} \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 + \frac{12i}{10441} \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 - \frac{12i}{10441} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Series expansion at $x = -1/4 - i/4$:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-\frac{1}{2} i \left(\log \left(x + \left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{i}{4} \right) \right) - \log(2) + \log(-14 + 2i) \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{45}{37} + \frac{63i}{37} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{9}{53} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{18}{599} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + \\
& \quad \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{27}{2789} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{1081} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{12}{10441} \right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \left. \right) - \\
& \quad \left(\frac{203}{9490} + \frac{30447i}{9490} \right) \left(x + \left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{i}{4} \right) \right) + O \left(\left(x + \left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{i}{4} \right) \right)^2 \right) + \\
& \quad \pi \left[\frac{-\arg((1-i)((2+2i)x+i)) - \arg \left(\frac{(1+i)(32-32i)x^3 - 16x^2 + (6+2i)x - i}{128x^4 + 8x^2 + 1} \right) + \pi}{2\pi} \right] - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(-\frac{7}{100} - \frac{i}{100} \right) \left[\frac{\arg \left(-\frac{i((64+448i)x^4 + 32ix^3 + (12+20i)x^2 - (4-2i)x + (1+4i))}{128x^4 + 8x^2 + 1} \right)}{2\pi} \right] - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} i \log(-14 + 2i) \left[\frac{\arg \left(-\frac{i((64+448i)x^4 + 32ix^3 + (12+20i)x^2 - (4-2i)x + (1+4i))}{128x^4 + 8x^2 + 1} \right)}{2\pi} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Series expansion at $x = -1/4 + i/4$:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\frac{1}{2} i \left(\log \left(x + \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{i}{4} \right) \right) - \log(2) + \log(-14 - 2i) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad i \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{63}{37} + \frac{45i}{37} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{9}{53} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{18}{599} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + \\
& \quad \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{27}{2789} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{1081} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{12}{10441} \right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \Bigg) - \\
& \quad \left(\frac{203}{9490} - \frac{30447i}{9490} \right) \left(x + \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{i}{4} \right) \right) + O \left(\left(x + \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{i}{4} \right) \right)^2 \right) \Bigg) - \\
& \quad \left[\frac{-\arg((1-i)((2+2i)x+1)) - \arg \left(\frac{(1+i)(32-32i)x^3 + 16ix^2 - (2+6i)x + 1}{128x^4 + 8x^2 + 1} \right) + \pi}{2\pi} \right] + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(-\frac{7}{100} + \frac{i}{100} \right) \left[\frac{\arg \left(\frac{(448+64i)x^4 + 32x^3 + (20+12i)x^2 + (2-4i)x + (4+i)}{128x^4 + 8x^2 + 1} \right)}{2\pi} \right] + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} i \log(-14 - 2i) \left[\frac{\arg \left(\frac{(448+64i)x^4 + 32x^3 + (20+12i)x^2 + (2-4i)x + (4+i)}{128x^4 + 8x^2 + 1} \right)}{2\pi} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Series expansion at $x = 0$:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{12}{10441} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{1081} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{27}{2789} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{18}{599} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{9}{53} \right) \right) - 5x + \frac{515x^3}{3} - 10215x^5 + O(x^6)
\end{aligned}$$

(Taylor series)

Derivative:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{9}{53} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{18}{599} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{27}{2789} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{9x}{32x^4 + 2x^2 - 1} \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{1081} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{12}{10441} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4x}{128x^4 + 8x^2 + 1} \right) \right) = \\
& \quad \frac{5(196608x^{10} + 16384x^8 + 3584x^6 + 1872x^4 - 10x^2 + 1)}{(16x^2 + 1)(64x^4 + 1)(1024x^8 + 128x^6 - 60x^4 + 77x^2 + 1)}
\end{aligned}$$

Indefinite integral:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{9}{53} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{18}{599} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{27}{2789} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{9x}{32x^4 + 2x^2 - 1} \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{1081} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{12}{10441} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4x}{128x^4 + 8x^2 + 1} \right) \right) dx = \\
& \quad 9 \sum_{\{\omega: 3359232\omega^4 - 648\omega^2 + 162\omega - 1 = 0\}} \omega \log(x^2 + 324\omega^2) + \frac{1}{8} \log(256x^4 + 4) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4} \log(16x^2 + 1) + \frac{1}{4} \tan^{-1}(8x^2) + x \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{9x}{32x^4 + 2x^2 - 1} \right) + \\
& \quad x \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4x}{128x^4 + 8x^2 + 1} \right) + \frac{\pi x}{4} + x \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{9}{53} \right) + x \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{18}{599} \right) + x \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + \\
& \quad x \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{27}{2789} \right) + x \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{1081} \right) + x \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{12}{10441} \right) + \text{constant}
\end{aligned}$$

(assuming a complex-valued logarithm)

For $x = 0.11$ where 11 is a Lucas number, we obtain:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) \\ & + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \end{aligned}$$

Input:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(9 \times \frac{0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \\ & \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(4 \times \frac{0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Result:

0.611731...

(result in radians)

0.611731....

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \\ & \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) = \\ & \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081} \mid 0\right) + \\ & \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{0.99}{-1 + 2 \times 0.11^2 + 32 \times 0.11^4} \mid 0\right) + \\ & \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{0.44}{1 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 128 \times 0.11^4} \mid 0\right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \\ & \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) = \\ & \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{8}{1081}\right) + \\ & \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{0.99}{-1 + 2 \times 0.11^2 + 32 \times 0.11^4}\right) + \\ & \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{0.44}{1 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 128 \times 0.11^4}\right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \\ & \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) = \\ & -i \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{9i}{53}\right) - i \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{4i}{137}\right) - i \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{18i}{599}\right) - i \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{8i}{1081}\right) - \\ & i \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{27i}{2789}\right) - i \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{12i}{10441}\right) - i \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{0.99i}{-1 + 2 \times 0.11^2 + 32 \times 0.11^4}\right) - \\ & i \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{0.44i}{1 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 128 \times 0.11^4}\right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \end{aligned}$$

And:

$$\begin{aligned} & 1 / \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Input:

$$\begin{aligned} & 1 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \right. \\ & \left. \tan^{-1}\left(9 \times \frac{0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \right. \\ & \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(4 \times \frac{0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Result:

1.634705870783905012966653037492510789746664359361913165265...

(result in radians)

1.63470587078....

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \\
& \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) = \\
& 1 / \left(\operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081} \mid 0\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{0.99}{-1 + 2 \times 0.11^2 + 32 \times 0.11^4} \mid 0\right) + \\
& \quad \left. \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{0.44}{1 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 128 \times 0.11^4} \mid 0\right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \\
& \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) = \\
& 1 / \left(\tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{8}{1081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{0.99}{-1 + 2 \times 0.11^2 + 32 \times 0.11^4}\right) + \\
& \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{0.44}{1 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 128 \times 0.11^4}\right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \\
& \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) = \\
& 1 / \left(\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{9}{53}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{4}{137}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{18}{599}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{8}{1081}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{27}{2789}}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{12}{10441}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{0.99}{-1 + 2 \times 0.11^2 + 32 \times 0.11^4}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{0.44}{1 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 128 \times 0.11^4}}\right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Note that:

$$1/10^{52}[1.634705870783905 - (55 - (2\pi)/3)/10^2]$$

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{1}{10^{52}} \left(1.634705870783905 - \frac{55 - \frac{2\pi}{3}}{10^2} \right)$$

Result:

$$1.105649821807837... \times 10^{-52}$$

1.10564982... * 10⁻⁵² result practically equal to the value of Cosmological Constant

$$1.1056 \times 10^{-52} \text{ m}^{-2}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{1.6347058707839050000 - \frac{55 - \frac{2\pi}{3}}{10^2}}{10^{52}} = \frac{1.6347058707839050000 - \frac{55 - 120^\circ}{10^2}}{10^{52}}$$

$$\frac{1.6347058707839050000 - \frac{55 - \frac{2\pi}{3}}{10^2}}{10^{52}} = \frac{1.6347058707839050000 - \frac{55 + \frac{2}{3} i \log(-1)}{10^2}}{10^{52}}$$

$$\frac{1.6347058707839050000 - \frac{55 - \frac{2\pi}{3}}{10^2}}{10^{52}} = \frac{1.6347058707839050000 - \frac{55 - \frac{2}{3} \cos^{-1}(-1)}{10^2}}{10^{52}}$$

Series representations:

$$\frac{1.6347058707839050000 - \frac{55 - \frac{2\pi}{3}}{10^2}}{10^{52}} = 1.0847058707839050000 \times 10^{-52} + 2.666666666666666667 \times 10^{-54} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{1 + 2k}$$

$$\frac{1.6347058707839050000 - \frac{55 - \frac{2\pi}{3}}{10^2}}{10^{52}} = 1.0713725374505716667 \times 10^{-52} + 1.333333333333333333 \times 10^{-54} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^k}{\binom{2k}{k}}$$

$$\frac{1.6347058707839050000 - \frac{55 - \frac{2\pi}{3}}{10^2}}{10^{52}} = 1.0847058707839050000 \times 10^{-52} + 6.666666666666666667 \times 10^{-55} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{-k} (-6 + 50k)}{\binom{3k}{k}}$$

Integral representations:

$$\frac{1.6347058707839050000 - \frac{55 - \frac{2\pi}{3}}{10^2}}{10^{52}} = 1.0847058707839050000 \times 10^{-52} + 1.3333333333333333 \times 10^{-54} \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt$$

$$\frac{1.6347058707839050000 - \frac{55 - \frac{2\pi}{3}}{10^2}}{10^{52}} = 1.0847058707839050000 \times 10^{-52} + 2.6666666666666667 \times 10^{-54} \int_0^1 \sqrt{1-t^2} dt$$

$$\frac{1.6347058707839050000 - \frac{55 - \frac{2\pi}{3}}{10^2}}{10^{52}} = 1.0847058707839050000 \times 10^{-52} + 1.3333333333333333 \times 10^{-54} \int_0^\infty \frac{\sin(t)}{t} dt$$

$$76 \times 1 / [\text{Pi}/4 + \tan^{-1}(9/53) + \tan^{-1}(18/599) + \tan^{-1}(27/2789) + \tan^{-1}(9 \times 0.11 / (32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1)) + \tan^{-1}(4/137) + \tan^{-1}(8/1081) + \tan^{-1}(12/10441) + \tan^{-1}(4 \times 0.11 / (128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1))] + 1.618$$

Where 76 is a Lucas number

Input:

$$76 \times 1 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(9 \times \frac{0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(4 \times \frac{0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) + 1.618$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Result:

125.856...

(result in radians)

125.856... result very near to the dilaton mass calculated as a type of Higgs boson: 125 GeV for T = 0 and to the Higgs boson mass 125.18 GeV

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 76 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \right. \\
 & \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \\
 & \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) + 1.618 = \\
 & 1.618 + 76 / \left(\operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081} \mid 0\right) + \right. \\
 & \quad \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{0.99}{-1 + 2 \times 0.11^2 + 32 \times 0.11^4} \mid 0\right) + \\
 & \quad \left. \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{0.44}{1 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 128 \times 0.11^4} \mid 0\right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 76 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \right. \\
 & \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \\
 & \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) + 1.618 = \\
 & 1.618 + 76 / \left(\tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{8}{1081}\right) + \right. \\
 & \quad \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{0.99}{-1 + 2 \times 0.11^2 + 32 \times 0.11^4}\right) + \\
 & \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{0.44}{1 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 128 \times 0.11^4}\right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 76 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \right. \\
 & \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \\
 & \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) + 1.618 = \\
 & 1.618 + 76 / \left(\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{9}{53}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{4}{137}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{18}{599}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{8}{1081}}\right) + \right. \\
 & \quad \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{27}{2789}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{12}{10441}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{0.99}{-1 + 2 \times 0.11^2 + 32 \times 0.11^4}}\right) + \\
 & \quad \left. \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{0.44}{1 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 128 \times 0.11^4}}\right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$256 \times 1 / [\pi/4 + \tan^{-1}(9/53) + \tan^{-1}(18/599) + \tan^{-1}(27/2789) + \tan^{-1}(9 \times 0.11 / (32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1)) + \tan^{-1}(4/137) + \tan^{-1}(8/1081) + \tan^{-1}(12/10441) + \tan^{-1}(4 \times 0.11 / (128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1))] + 47$$

Where $256 = 64 * 4$ and 47 is a Lucas number

Input:

$$256 \times 1 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(9 \times \frac{0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(4 \times \frac{0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) + 47$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Result:

465.485...

(result in radians)

465.485... result practically equal to Holographic Dark Energy model, where

$$\chi_{\text{HDE}}^2 = 465.912.$$

Alternative representations:

$$256 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) + 47 =$$

$$47 + 256 / \left(\text{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53} \mid 0\right) + \text{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137} \mid 0\right) + \text{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599} \mid 0\right) + \text{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081} \mid 0\right) + \text{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789} \mid 0\right) + \text{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441} \mid 0\right) + \text{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{0.99}{-1 + 2 \times 0.11^2 + 32 \times 0.11^4} \mid 0\right) + \text{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{0.44}{1 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 128 \times 0.11^4} \mid 0\right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 256 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \\
& \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) + 47 = \\
& 47 + 256 / \left(\tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{8}{1081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{0.99}{-1 + 2 \times 0.11^2 + 32 \times 0.11^4}\right) + \\
& \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{0.44}{1 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 128 \times 0.11^4}\right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 256 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \\
& \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) + 47 = \\
& 47 + 256 / \left(\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{9}{53}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{4}{137}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{18}{599}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{8}{1081}}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{27}{2789}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{12}{10441}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{0.99}{-1 + 2 \times 0.11^2 + 32 \times 0.11^4}}\right) + \\
& \quad \left. \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{0.44}{1 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 128 \times 0.11^4}}\right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 11 \times 1 / \left[\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right] + 0.618
\end{aligned}$$

Where 11 is a Lucas number

Input:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 11 \times 1 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \tan^{-1}\left(9 \times \frac{0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \\
& \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(4 \times \frac{0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) + 0.618
\end{aligned}$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Result:

18.5998...

(result in radians)

18.5998... result very near to the black hole entropy 18.7328

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 11 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \right. \\
 & \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \\
 & \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) + 0.618 = \\
 & 0.618 + 11 / \left(\operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081} \mid 0\right) + \right. \\
 & \quad \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{0.99}{-1 + 2 \times 0.11^2 + 32 \times 0.11^4} \mid 0\right) + \\
 & \quad \left. \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{0.44}{1 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 128 \times 0.11^4} \mid 0\right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 11 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \right. \\
 & \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \\
 & \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) + 0.618 = \\
 & 0.618 + 11 / \left(\tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{8}{1081}\right) + \right. \\
 & \quad \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{0.99}{-1 + 2 \times 0.11^2 + 32 \times 0.11^4}\right) + \\
 & \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{0.44}{1 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 128 \times 0.11^4}\right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 11 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \\
& \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) + 0.618 = \\
& 0.618 + 11 / \left(\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{9}{53}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{4}{137}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{18}{599}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{8}{1081}}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{27}{2789}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{12}{10441}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{0.99}{-1+2 \times 0.11^2+32 \times 0.11^4}}\right) + \\
& \quad \left. \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{0.44}{1+8 \times 0.11^2+128 \times 0.11^4}}\right) + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

We have also that:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1 / \left[\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{x}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \times 0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \times 0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right] = 1.63471
\end{aligned}$$

Input interpretation:

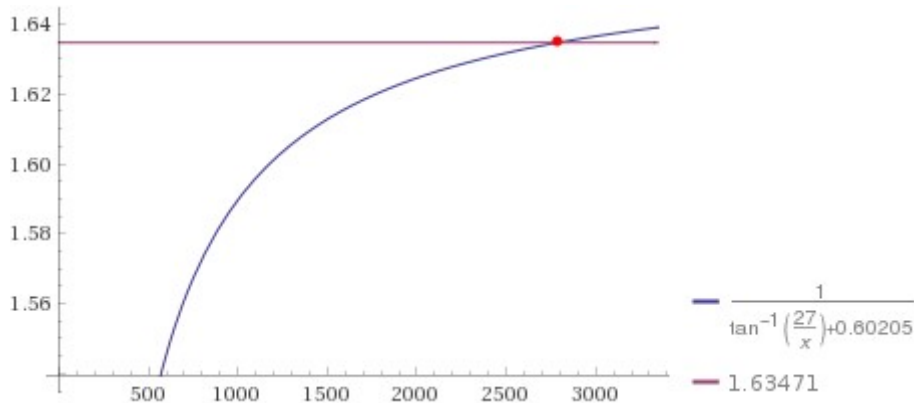
$$\begin{aligned}
& 1 / \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{x}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \tan^{-1}\left(9 \times \frac{0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \\
& \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(4 \times \frac{0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right) = 1.63471
\end{aligned}$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Result:

$$\frac{1}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{x}\right) + 0.60205} = 1.63471$$

Plot:



Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{x}\right) + 0.60205} = 1.63471$$

$$\frac{1}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{x}\right) + 0.60205} = 1.63471$$

$$\frac{1}{0.60205 + \frac{1}{2}i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{27i}{x}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{27i}{x}\right)\right)} = 1.63471$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Alternate form assuming x is positive:

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{x}\right) = 0.00967904$$

Solution:

$$x \approx 2789.45$$

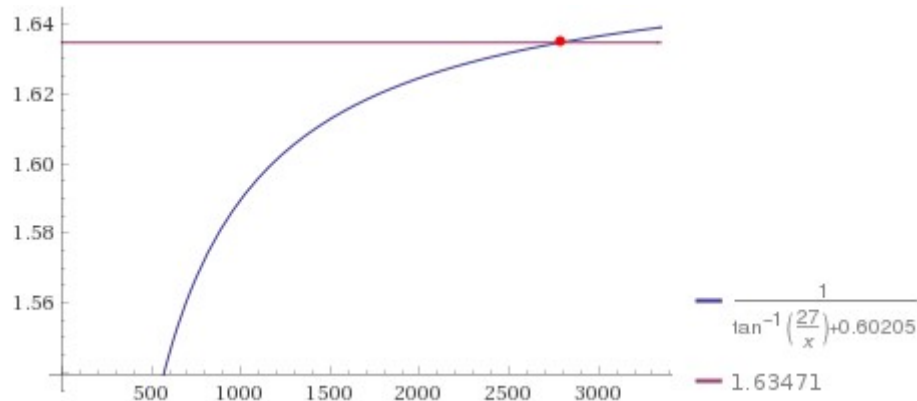
$$1/(\tan^{-1}(27/x) + 0.60205) = 1.63471$$

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{1}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{x}\right) + 0.60205} = 1.63471$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Plot:



Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{x}\right) + 0.60205} = 1.63471$$

$$\frac{1}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{x}\right) + 0.60205} = 1.63471$$

$$\frac{1}{0.60205 + \frac{1}{2}i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{27i}{x}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{27i}{x}\right)\right)} = 1.63471$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Alternate form assuming x is positive:

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{x}\right) = 0.0096793$$

Solution:

$$x = 27 \cot\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right)$$

$\cot(x)$ is the cotangent function

From which, adding 24, we obtain:

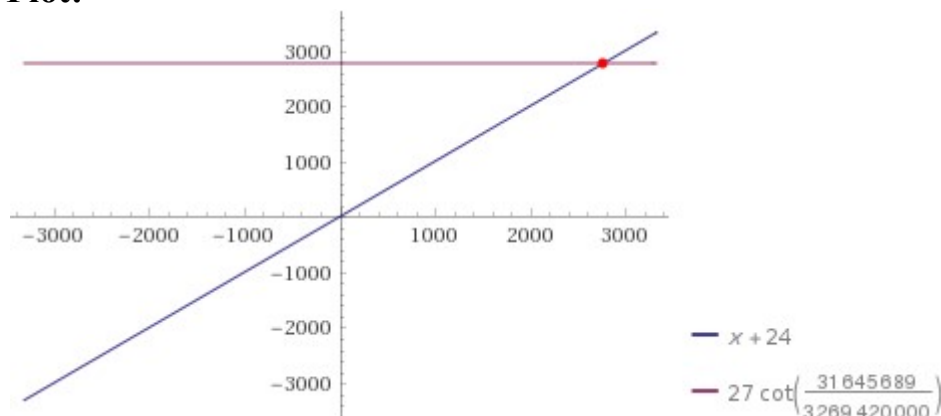
$$x+24 = 27 \cot\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right)$$

Input:

$$x + 24 = 27 \cot\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right)$$

$\cot(x)$ is the cotangent function

Plot:



Alternate forms:

$$x + 24 - 27 \cot\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right) = 0$$

$$24 + x = \frac{27 \cos\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right)}$$

$$x + 24 = -\frac{27i(e^{-(31645689i)/3269420000} + e^{(31645689i)/3269420000})}{e^{-(31645689i)/3269420000} - e^{(31645689i)/3269420000}}$$

Alternate form assuming x is real:

$$x + 24 = -\frac{27 \sin\left(\frac{31645689}{1634710000}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{31645689}{1634710000}\right) - 1}$$

Solution:

$$x = 3\left(9 \cot\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right) - 8\right)$$

Thence:

Input:

$$3\left(9 \cot\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right) - 8\right)$$

$\cot(x)$ is the cotangent function

Decimal approximation:

2765.371506824226811637033683431408791071909141949631009922...

2765.3715068.... result practically equal to the rest mass of charmed Omega baryon
2765.9

Property:

$3\left(-8 + 9 \cot\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right)\right)$ is a transcendental number

Alternate forms:

$$27 \cot\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right) - 24$$

$$-24 - \frac{27 \sin\left(\frac{31645689}{1634710000}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{31645689}{1634710000}\right) - 1}$$

$$3\left(-8 + \frac{9 \cos\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right)}\right)$$

Alternative representations:

$$3\left(9 \cot\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right) - 8\right) = 3\left(-8 + 9i \coth\left(\frac{31645689i}{3269420000}\right)\right)$$

$$3 \left(9 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) - 8 \right) = 3 \left(-8 + \frac{9}{\tan\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right)} \right)$$

$$3 \left(9 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) - 8 \right) = 3 \left(-8 - 9 i \coth\left(-\frac{31\,645\,689 i}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) \right)$$

Series representations:

$$3 \left(9 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) - 8 \right) = -24 + 2\,793\,502\,310\,320\,260\,000 \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1\,001\,449\,632\,284\,721 - 10\,689\,107\,136\,400\,000\,000\,k^2 \pi^2}$$

$$3 \left(9 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) - 8 \right) = (-24 - 27 i) - 54 i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} q^{2k} \text{ for } q = e^{(31\,645\,689 i)/3\,269\,420\,000}$$

$$3 \left(9 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) - 8 \right) = -24 - 27 i \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{(31\,645\,689 i k)/1\,634\,710\,000} \operatorname{sgn}(k)$$

Integral representations:

$$3 \left(9 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) - 8 \right) = -24 - 27 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}} \csc^2(t) dt$$

$$3 \left(9 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) - 8 \right) = -24 + \frac{54}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{-1 + t^{1-31\,645\,689/(1\,634\,710\,000 \pi)}}{-1 + t^2} dt$$

We have also:

$$x + (843 + 199 + 18) = 27 \cot(31\,645\,689/3\,269\,420\,000)$$

where 843, 199 and 18 are Lucas numbers

Input:

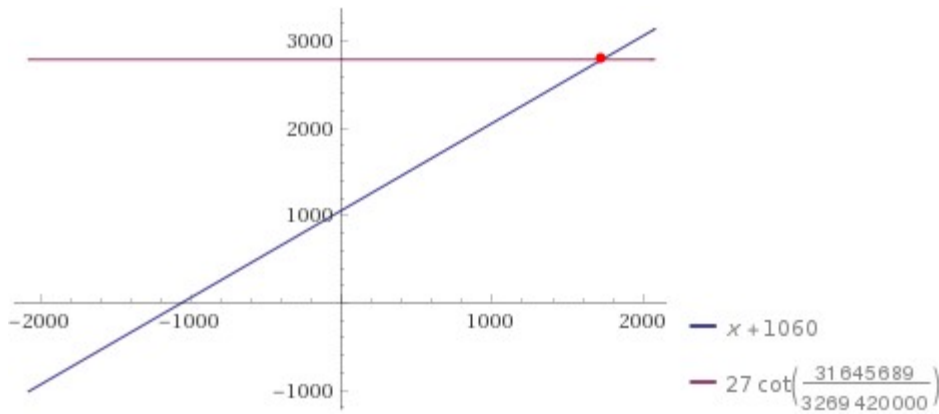
$$x + (843 + 199 + 18) = 27 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right)$$

$\cot(x)$ is the cotangent function

Exact result:

$$x + 1060 = 27 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right)$$

Plot:



Alternate forms:

$$x + 1060 - 27 \cot\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right) = 0$$

$$1060 + x = \frac{27 \cos\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right)}$$

$$x + 1060 = -\frac{27i \left(e^{-(31645689i)/3269420000} + e^{(31645689i)/3269420000} \right)}{e^{-(31645689i)/3269420000} - e^{(31645689i)/3269420000}}$$

Alternate form assuming x is real:

$$x + 1060 = -\frac{27 \sin\left(\frac{31645689}{1634710000}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{31645689}{1634710000}\right) - 1}$$

Solution:

$$x = 27 \cot\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right) - 1060$$

Thence:

Input:

$$-1060 + 27 \cot\left(\frac{31645689}{3269420000}\right)$$

cot(x) is the cotangent function

Decimal approximation:

1729.371506824226811637033683431408791071909141949631009922...

1729.37150...

This result is very near to the mass of candidate glueball $f_0(1710)$ meson. Furthermore, 1728 occurs in the algebraic formula for the j -invariant of an elliptic curve. As a consequence, it is sometimes called a Zagier as a pun on the Gross–Zagier theorem. The number 1728 is one less than the Hardy–Ramanujan number 1729

Property:

$-1060 + 27 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right)$ is a transcendental number

Alternate forms:

$$-1060 + \frac{27 \cos\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right)}$$

$$-1060 - \frac{27 \sin\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{1\,634\,710\,000}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{1\,634\,710\,000}\right) - 1}$$

$$\csc\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) \left(27 \cos\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) - 1060 \sin\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right)\right)$$

$\csc(x)$ is the cosecant function

Alternative representations:

$$-1060 + 27 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) = -1060 + 27 i \coth\left(\frac{31\,645\,689 i}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right)$$

$$-1060 + 27 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) = -1060 + \frac{27}{\tan\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right)}$$

$$-1060 + 27 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) = -1060 - 27 i \coth\left(-\frac{31\,645\,689 i}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right)$$

Series representations:

$$-1060 + 27 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) = -1060 + \frac{2\,793\,502\,310\,320\,260\,000}{\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1\,001\,449\,632\,284\,721 - 10\,689\,107\,136\,400\,000\,000\,k^2 \pi^2}}$$

$$-1060 + 27 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) = (-1060 - 27 i) - 54 i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} q^{2k}$$

for $q = e^{(31\,645\,689 i)/3\,269\,420\,000}$

$$-1060 + 27 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) = -1060 - 27i \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{(31\,645\,689 i k)/1\,634\,710\,000} \operatorname{sgn}(k)$$

Integral representations:

$$-1060 + 27 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) = -1060 - 27 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}} \operatorname{csc}^2(t) dt$$

$$-1060 + 27 \cot\left(\frac{31\,645\,689}{3\,269\,420\,000}\right) = -1060 + \frac{54}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{-1 + t^{1-31\,645\,689/(1\,634\,710\,000\pi)}}{-1 + t^2} dt$$

We have also:

$$\frac{1}{\left[\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \cdot 0.11}{32 \cdot 0.11^4 + 2 \cdot 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{x}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \cdot 0.11}{128 \cdot 0.11^4 + 8 \cdot 0.11^2 + 1}\right)\right]} = 1.63471$$

Input interpretation:

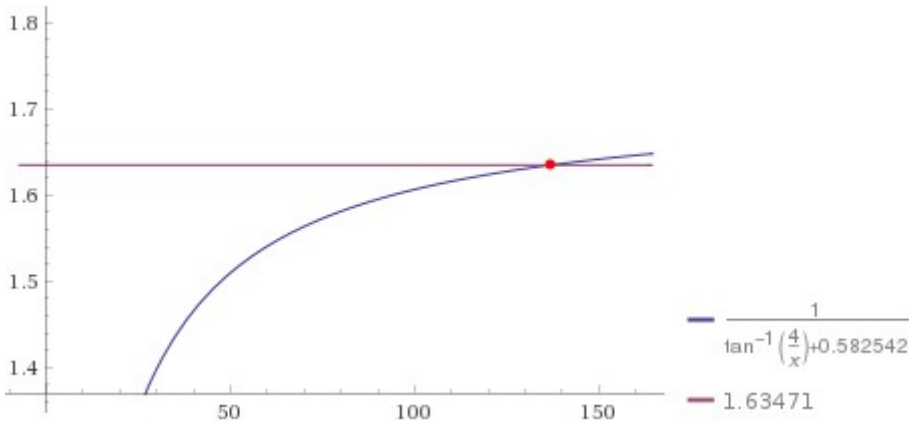
$$\frac{1}{\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(9 \times \frac{0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{x}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{1081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(4 \times \frac{0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right)\right)} = 1.63471$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Result:

$$\frac{1}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{x}\right) + 0.582542} = 1.63471$$

Plot:



Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{x}\right) + 0.582542} = 1.63471$$

$$\frac{1}{0.582542 + \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{4i}{x}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{4i}{x}\right) \right)} = 1.63471$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Alternate form assuming x is positive:

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{x}\right) = 0.0291872$$

Solution:

$$x \approx 137.007$$

137.007

This result is practically equal to the inverse of fine-structure constant 137,035

from which:

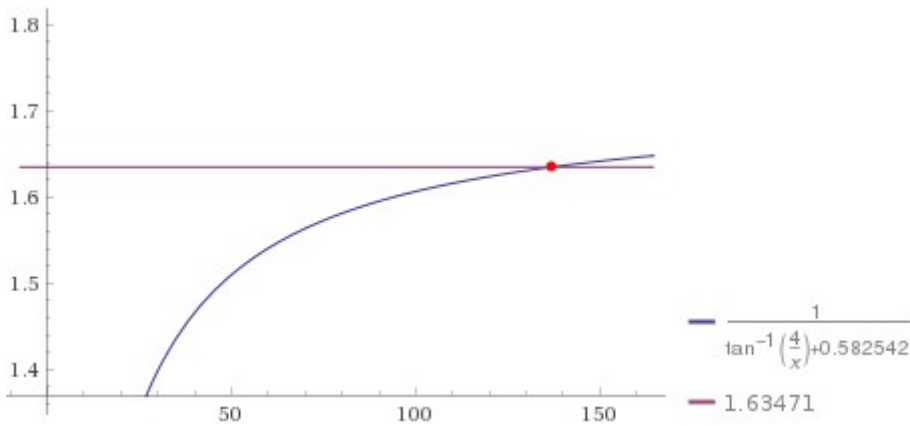
$$\frac{1}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{x}\right) + 0.582542} = 1.63471$$

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{1}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{x}\right) + 0.582542} = 1.63471$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Plot:



Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{x}\right) + 0.582542} = 1.63471$$

$$\frac{1}{0.582542 + \frac{1}{2}i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{4i}{x}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{4i}{x}\right)\right)} = 1.63471$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Alternate form assuming x is positive:

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{x}\right) = 0.0291873$$

Solution:

$$x = 4 \cot\left(\frac{2385638359}{81735500000}\right)$$

cot(x) is the cotangent function

$$x - \phi^2 = 4 \cot\left(\frac{2385638359}{81735500000}\right)$$

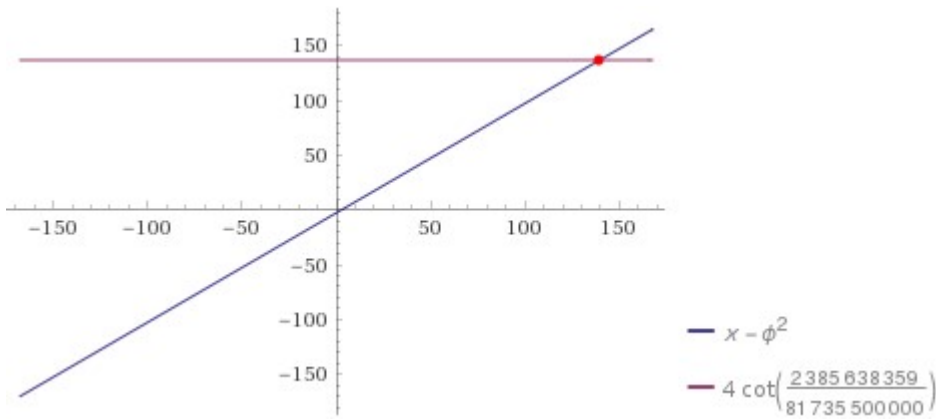
Input:

$$x - \phi^2 = 4 \cot\left(\frac{2385638359}{81735500000}\right)$$

cot(x) is the cotangent function

φ is the golden ratio

Plot:



Alternate forms:

$$x - \phi^2 - 4 \cot\left(\frac{2385638359}{81735500000}\right) = 0$$

$$-\phi^2 + x = \frac{4 \cos\left(\frac{2385638359}{81735500000}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{2385638359}{81735500000}\right)}$$

$$x + \frac{1}{2}(-3 - \sqrt{5}) = 4 \cot\left(\frac{2385638359}{81735500000}\right)$$

Alternate form assuming x is real:

$$x - \phi^2 = -\frac{4 \sin\left(\frac{2385638359}{40867750000}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{2385638359}{40867750000}\right) - 1}$$

Solution:

$$x = \frac{1}{2} \left(3 + \sqrt{5} + 8 \cot\left(\frac{2385638359}{81735500000}\right) \right)$$

Input:

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(3 + \sqrt{5} + 8 \cot\left(\frac{2385638359}{81735500000}\right) \right)$$

cot(x) is the cotangent function

Decimal approximation:

139.6250338321904687797161477882513904288303221659113360824...

139.6250338.... result practically equal to the rest mass of Pion meson 139.57 MeV

Property:

$\frac{1}{2} \left(3 + \sqrt{5} + 8 \cot\left(\frac{2\,385\,638\,359}{81\,735\,500\,000}\right) \right)$ is a transcendental number

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{3}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} + 4 \cot\left(\frac{2\,385\,638\,359}{81\,735\,500\,000}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(3 + \sqrt{5} \right) + 4 \cot\left(\frac{2\,385\,638\,359}{81\,735\,500\,000}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(3 + \sqrt{5} + \frac{8 \cos\left(\frac{2\,385\,638\,359}{81\,735\,500\,000}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{2\,385\,638\,359}{81\,735\,500\,000}\right)} \right)$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(3 + \sqrt{5} + 8 \cot\left(\frac{2\,385\,638\,359}{81\,735\,500\,000}\right) \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(3 + 8 i \coth\left(\frac{2\,385\,638\,359 i}{81\,735\,500\,000}\right) + \sqrt{5} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(3 + \sqrt{5} + 8 \cot\left(\frac{2\,385\,638\,359}{81\,735\,500\,000}\right) \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(3 + \frac{8}{\tan\left(\frac{2\,385\,638\,359}{81\,735\,500\,000}\right)} + \sqrt{5} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(3 + \sqrt{5} + 8 \cot\left(\frac{2\,385\,638\,359}{81\,735\,500\,000}\right) \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(3 + \sqrt{5} - 8 \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{2\,385\,638\,359}{81\,735\,500\,000}\right) \right)$$

Series representations:

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(3 + \sqrt{5} + 8 \cot\left(\frac{2\,385\,638\,359}{81\,735\,500\,000}\right) \right) = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{779\,965\,376\,368\,178\,000\,000}{1 \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} 5\,691\,270\,379\,932\,212\,881 - 6\,680\,691\,960\,250\,000\,000\,000\,k^2 \pi^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(3 + \sqrt{5} + 8 \cot\left(\frac{2\,385\,638\,359}{81\,735\,500\,000}\right) \right) = \left(\frac{3}{2} - 4i\right) + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} - 8i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} q^{2k}$$

for $q = e^{(2\,385\,638\,359 i)/81\,735\,500\,000}$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(3 + \sqrt{5} + 8 \cot\left(\frac{2\,385\,638\,359}{81\,735\,500\,000}\right) \right) = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} - 4i \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{(2\,385\,638\,359 i k)/40\,867\,750\,000} \operatorname{sgn}(k)$$

Integral representations:

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(3 + \sqrt{5} + 8 \cot\left(\frac{2\,385\,638\,359}{81\,735\,500\,000}\right) \right) = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} - 4 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{2\,385\,638\,359}{81\,735\,500\,000}} \csc^2(t) dt$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(3 + \sqrt{5} + 8 \cot \left(\frac{2385638359}{81735500000} \right) \right) = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{8}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{-1+t^{1-2385638359/(40867750000\pi)}}{-1+t^2} dt$$

We have also:

$$\frac{1}{\left[\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9 \cdot 0.11}{32 \cdot 0.11^4 + 2 \cdot 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{x}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4 \cdot 0.11}{128 \cdot 0.11^4 + 8 \cdot 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right]} = 1.63471$$

Input interpretation:

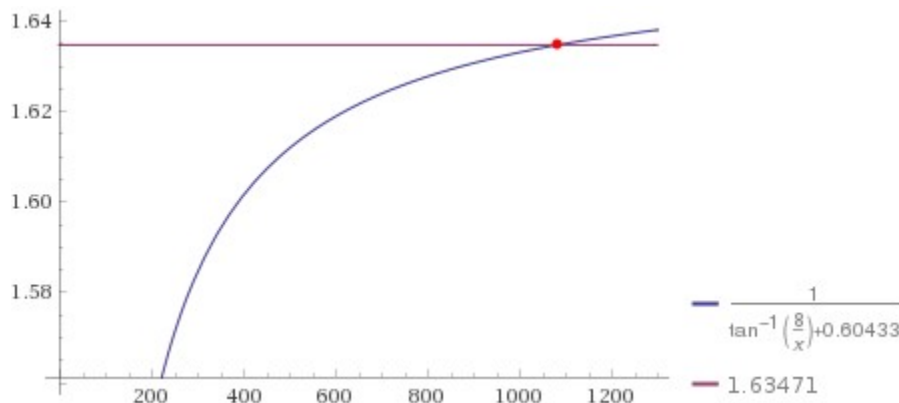
$$\frac{1}{\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{53}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{18}{599}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{27}{2789}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(9 \times \frac{0.11}{32 \times 0.11^4 + 2 \times 0.11^2 - 1}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{x}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{10441}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(4 \times \frac{0.11}{128 \times 0.11^4 + 8 \times 0.11^2 + 1}\right) \right)} = 1.63471$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Result:

$$\frac{1}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{x}\right) + 0.60433} = 1.63471$$

Plot:



Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{x}\right) + 0.60433} = 1.63471$$

$$\frac{1}{0.60433 + \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{8i}{x}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{8i}{x}\right) \right)} = 1.63471$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Alternate form assuming x is positive:

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{x}\right) = 0.00739887$$

Solution:

$$x \approx 1081.23$$

$$1081.23$$

From:

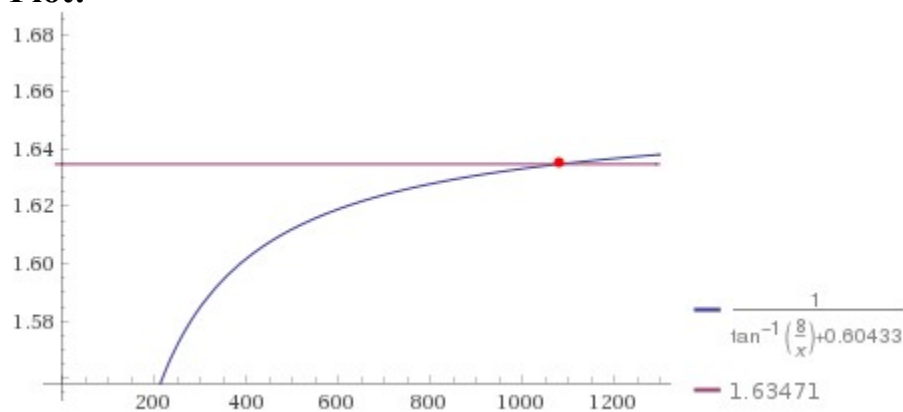
$$\frac{1}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{x}\right) + 0.60433} = 1.63471$$

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{1}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{x}\right) + 0.60433} = 1.63471$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Plot:



Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{x}\right) + 0.60433} = 1.63471$$

$$\frac{1}{0.60433 + \frac{1}{2}i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{8i}{x}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{8i}{x}\right)\right)} = 1.63471$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Alternate form assuming x is positive:

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{x}\right) = 0.0073993$$

Solution:

$$x = 8 \cot\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right)$$

We obtain:

$$x+123 = 8 \cot(120957057/16347100000)$$

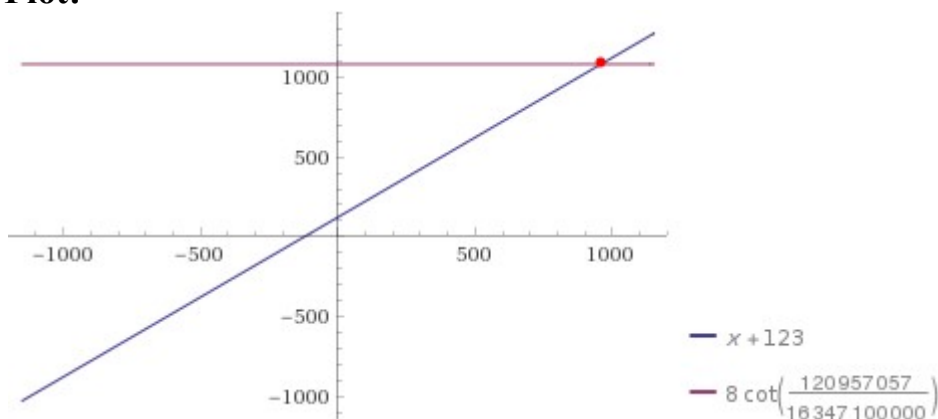
where 123 is a Lucas number

Input:

$$x + 123 = 8 \cot\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right)$$

cot(x) is the cotangent function

Plot:



Alternate forms:

$$x + 123 - 8 \cot\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right) = 0$$

$$123 + x = \frac{8 \cos\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right)}$$

$$x + 123 = -\frac{8i \left(e^{-(120\,957\,057i)/16\,347\,100\,000} + e^{(120\,957\,057i)/16\,347\,100\,000} \right)}{e^{-(120\,957\,057i)/16\,347\,100\,000} - e^{(120\,957\,057i)/16\,347\,100\,000}}$$

Alternate form assuming x is real:

$$x + 123 = -\frac{8 \sin\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{8\,173\,550\,000}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{8\,173\,550\,000}\right) - 1}$$

Solution:

$$x = 8 \cot\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right) - 123$$

Input:

$$-123 + 8 \cot\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right)$$

$\cot(x)$ is the cotangent function

Decimal approximation:

958.1639814611252295295671175801459252366435971826491007061...

958.16398146... result very near to the rest mass of Eta prime meson 957.66

Property:

$-123 + 8 \cot\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right)$ is a transcendental number

Alternate forms:

$$-123 + \frac{8 \cos\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right)}$$

$$-123 - \frac{8 \sin\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{8\,173\,550\,000}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{8\,173\,550\,000}\right) - 1}$$

$$\csc\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right) \left(8 \cos\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right) - 123 \sin\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right)\right)$$

$\csc(x)$ is the cosecant function

Alternative representations:

$$-123 + 8 \cot\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right) = -123 + 8 i \coth\left(\frac{120\,957\,057 i}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right)$$

$$-123 + 8 \cot\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right) = -123 + \frac{8}{\tan\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right)}$$

$$-123 + 8 \cot\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right) = -123 - 8 i \coth\left(-\frac{120\,957\,057 i}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right)$$

Series representations:

$$-123 + 8 \cot\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right) = -123 + 15\,818\,376\,851\,877\,600\,000 \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{14\,630\,609\,638\,101\,249 - 267\,227\,678\,410\,000\,000\,000\,k^2 \pi^2}$$

$$-123 + 8 \cot\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right) = (-123 - 8i) - 16i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} q^{2k}$$

for $q = e^{(120\,957\,057i)/16\,347\,100\,000}$

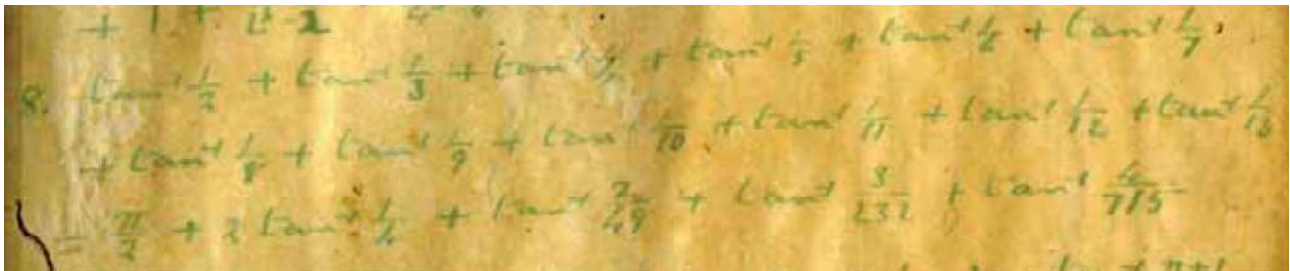
$$-123 + 8 \cot\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right) = -123 - 8i \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{(120\,957\,057ik)/(8\,173\,550\,000)} \operatorname{sgn}(k)$$

Integral representations:

$$-123 + 8 \cot\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right) = -123 - 8 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}} \csc^2(t) dt$$

$$-123 + 8 \cot\left(\frac{120\,957\,057}{16\,347\,100\,000}\right) = -123 + \frac{16}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{-1 + t^{1-120\,957\,057/(8\,173\,550\,000)\pi}}{-1 + t^2} dt$$

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$$\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right)$$

Input:

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right)$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Exact Result:

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

(result in radians)

Decimal approximation:

2.120071996963767474857090963331024507872720014604534384095...

(result in radians)

2.1200719969...

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1\,206\,876\,324}{616\,464\,443}\right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1\,206\,876\,324}{616\,464\,443}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi + 2 \left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \right) \right)$$

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) = \\ \frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715} \mid 0\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) = \\ \frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{4}{715}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) = \\ \frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \end{aligned}$$

Series representations:

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) =$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{(-1)^k 2^{-1-4k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 2^{1+2k} \times 49^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{(-1)^k 3^{1+2k} \times 232^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 4^{1+2k} \times 715^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} \right)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) =$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 + \frac{4i}{715}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 + \frac{3i}{232}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 + \frac{2i}{49}\right) - i \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{4}\right) +$$

$$\frac{5}{2} i \log(2) + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} - \frac{i 2^{-1-3k} \left(\left(4 + \frac{16i}{715}\right)^k + \left(4 + \frac{3i}{58}\right)^k + \left(4 + \frac{8i}{49}\right)^k + 2(4+i)^k \right)}{k}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) =$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + 5 \tan^{-1}(z_0) + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2k} i \left((-i - z_0)^k - (i - z_0)^k \right)$$

$$\left(\left(\frac{4}{715} - z_0\right)^k + \left(\frac{3}{232} - z_0\right)^k + \left(\frac{2}{49} - z_0\right)^k + 2\left(\frac{1}{4} - z_0\right)^k \right) (-i - z_0)^{-k} (i - z_0)^{-k}$$

for ($i z_0 \notin \mathbb{R}$ or (not ($1 \leq i z_0 < \infty$) and not ($-\infty < i z_0 \leq -1$)))

Integral representations:

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) =$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + \int_0^1 \left(\frac{8}{16+t^2} + \frac{98}{2401+4t^2} + \frac{696}{53824+9t^2} + \frac{2860}{511225+16t^2} \right) dt$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) =$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(- \frac{i 2^{-3+4s} \times 17^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \right.$$

$$\frac{i 49^{-1+2s} \times 2405^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{2 \pi^{3/2}} -$$

$$\frac{3 i 2^{-5+6s} \times 29^{-1+2s} \times 53833^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} -$$

$$\left. \frac{i 715^{-1+2s} \times 511241^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} \right) ds \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) =$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(-\frac{i 2^{-3+4s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i \left(\frac{3}{29}\right)^{1-2s} 2^{-5+6s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{i 2^{-1-2s} \times 49^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i 16^{-s} \times 715^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} \right) ds \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}$$

Continued fraction:

$$2 + \frac{1}{8 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{21 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{9 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{15 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{15 + \frac{1}{9 + \frac{1}{8 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{865 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{6 + \frac{1}{8 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{9 + \frac{1}{\dots}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$$

64(((Pi/2+2 tan^-1(1/4)+tan^-1(2/49)+tan^-1(3/232)+tan^-1(4/715))))-11+1/golden ratio

Where 11 is a Lucas number

Input:

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) \right) - 11 + \frac{1}{\phi}$$

tan⁻¹(x) is the inverse tangent function

Exact Result:

$$\frac{1}{\phi} - 11 + 64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \right)$$

(result in radians)

Decimal approximation:

125.3026417944310132390584084875512066215743901144959634442...

(result in radians)

125.302641794... result very near to the dilaton mass calculated as a type of Higgs boson: 125 GeV for T = 0 and to the Higgs boson mass 125.18 GeV

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{\phi} - 11 + 32 \left(\pi + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1206876324}{616464443} \right) \right)$$

$$-11 + \frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}} + 64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1206876324}{616464443} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\phi} - 11 + 32 \pi + 64 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) + 64 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + 64 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + 128 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)$$

Alternative representations:

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right) - 11 + \frac{1}{\phi} =$$

$$-11 + 64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \operatorname{sc}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \mid 0 \right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \mid 0 \right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \mid 0 \right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \mid 0 \right) \right) + \frac{1}{\phi}$$

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right) - 11 + \frac{1}{\phi} =$$

$$-11 + 64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{4}{715} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{\phi}$$

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right) - 11 + \frac{1}{\phi} =$$

$$-11 + 64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) + \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{\phi}$$

Series representations:

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right) - 11 + \frac{1}{\phi} =$$

$$-11 + \frac{1}{\phi} + 32\pi + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{(-1)^k 2^{5-4k}}{1+2k} + 64 \left(\frac{(-1)^k 2^{1+2k} \times 49^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 3^{1+2k} \times 232^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 4^{1+2k} \times 715^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} \right) \right)$$

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right) - 11 + \frac{1}{\phi} =$$

$$-11 + \frac{1}{\phi} + 32\pi - 32i \log \left(1 + \frac{4i}{715} \right) - 32i \log \left(1 + \frac{3i}{232} \right) -$$

$$32i \log \left(1 + \frac{2i}{49} \right) - 64i \log \left(1 + \frac{i}{4} \right) + 160i \log(2) +$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} - \frac{i 2^{5-4k} \left(2^{1+k} (4+i)^k + \left(8 + \frac{32i}{715} \right)^k + \left(8 + \frac{3i}{29} \right)^k + \left(8 + \frac{16i}{49} \right)^k \right)}{k}$$

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right) - 11 + \frac{1}{\phi} =$$

$$-11 + \frac{1}{\phi} + 32\pi + 320 \tan^{-1}(z_0) + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k} 32i \left((-i - z_0)^k - (i - z_0)^k \right)$$

$$\left(\left(\frac{4}{715} - z_0 \right)^k + \left(\frac{3}{232} - z_0 \right)^k + \left(\frac{2}{49} - z_0 \right)^k + 2 \left(\frac{1}{4} - z_0 \right)^k \right) (-i - z_0)^{-k} (i - z_0)^{-k}$$

for ($i z_0 \notin \mathbb{R}$ or (not ($1 \leq i z_0 < \infty$) and not ($-\infty < i z_0 \leq -1$)))

Integral representations:

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right) - 11 + \frac{1}{\phi} =$$

$$-11 + \frac{1}{\phi} + 32\pi + \int_0^1 128 \left(\frac{4}{16+t^2} + \frac{49}{2401+4t^2} + \frac{348}{53824+9t^2} + \frac{1430}{511225+16t^2} \right) dt$$

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right) - 11 + \frac{1}{\phi} =$$

$$-11 + \frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}} + 32\pi + \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(- \frac{i 2^{3+4s} \times 17^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \right.$$

$$\frac{32i 49^{-1+2s} \times 2405^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} -$$

$$\frac{3i 2^{1+6s} \times 29^{-1+2s} \times 53833^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} -$$

$$\left. \frac{64i 715^{-1+2s} \times 511241^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} \right) ds \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}$$

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) \right) - 11 + \frac{1}{\phi} =$$

$$-11 + \frac{1}{\phi} + 32\pi +$$

$$\int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(\frac{i 2^{3+4s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i \left(\frac{3}{29}\right)^{1-2s} 2^{1+6s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{i 2^{5-2s} \times 49^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{i 4^{3-2s} \times 715^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} \right) ds \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}$$

Continued fraction:

$$125 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{16 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{17 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{6 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{5 + \frac{1}{12 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{8 + \frac{1}{7 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{\dots}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$$

$$64(((\text{Pi}/2 + 2 \tan^{-1}(1/4) + \tan^{-1}(2/49) + \tan^{-1}(3/232) + \tan^{-1}(4/715)))) + 4$$

Where 4 is a Lucas number

Input:

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) \right) + 4$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Exact Result:

$$4 + 64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \right)$$

(result in radians)

Decimal approximation:

139.6846078056811183908538216531855685038540809346902005821...

(result in radians)

139.684607... result practically equal to the rest mass of Pion meson 139.57 MeV

Alternate forms:

$$4 \left(1 + 8\pi + 8 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1206876324}{616464443} \right) \right)$$

$$4 + 64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1206876324}{616464443} \right) \right)$$

$$4 + 32\pi + 64 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) + 64 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + 64 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + 128 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)$$

Continued fraction:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &139 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{5 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{6 + \frac{1}{7 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{19 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{12 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{\dots}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right) + 4 = \\
 &4 + 64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \operatorname{sc}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \mid 0 \right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \mid 0 \right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \mid 0 \right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \mid 0 \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right) + 4 =$$

$$4 + 64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{4}{715} \right) \right)$$

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right) + 4 =$$

$$4 + 64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{49} \right) + \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{232} \right) + \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{715} \right) \right)$$

Series representations:

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right) + 4 =$$

$$4 + 32 \pi + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{(-1)^k 2^{5-4k}}{1+2k} + 64 \left(\frac{(-1)^k 2^{1+2k} \times 49^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{(-1)^k 3^{1+2k} \times 232^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 4^{1+2k} \times 715^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} \right)$$

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right) + 4 =$$

$$4 + 32 \pi - 32 i \log \left(1 + \frac{4i}{715} \right) - 32 i \log \left(1 + \frac{3i}{232} \right) - 32 i \log \left(1 + \frac{2i}{49} \right) - 64 i \log \left(1 + \frac{i}{4} \right) +$$

$$160 i \log(2) + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} - \frac{i 2^{5-3k} \left(\left(4 + \frac{16i}{715} \right)^k + \left(4 + \frac{3i}{58} \right)^k + \left(4 + \frac{8i}{49} \right)^k + 2(4+i)^k \right)}{k}$$

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right) + 4 =$$

$$4 + 32 \pi + 320 \tan^{-1}(z_0) + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k} 32 i \left((-i - z_0)^k - (i - z_0)^k \right)$$

$$\left(\left(\frac{4}{715} - z_0 \right)^k + \left(\frac{3}{232} - z_0 \right)^k + \left(\frac{2}{49} - z_0 \right)^k + 2 \left(\frac{1}{4} - z_0 \right)^k \right) (-i - z_0)^{-k} (i - z_0)^{-k}$$

for ($i z_0 \notin \mathbb{R}$ or (not ($1 \leq i z_0 < \infty$) and not ($-\infty < i z_0 \leq -1$)))

Integral representations:

$$64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right) + 4 =$$

$$4 + 32 \pi + \int_0^1 128 \left(\frac{4}{16+t^2} + \frac{49}{2401+4t^2} + \frac{348}{53824+9t^2} + \frac{1430}{511225+16t^2} \right) dt$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) \right) + 4 = \\
& 4 + 32 \pi + \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(- \frac{i 2^{3+4s} \times 17^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \right. \\
& \frac{32 i 49^{-1+2s} \times 2405^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{3 i 2^{1+6s} \times 29^{-1+2s} \times 53 833^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \left. \frac{64 i 715^{-1+2s} \times 511 241^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} \right) ds \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 64 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) \right) + 4 = 4 + 32 \pi + \\
& \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(- \frac{i 2^{3+4s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i \left(\frac{3}{29}\right)^{1-2s} 2^{1+6s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \frac{i 2^{5-2s} \times 49^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \\
& \left. \frac{i 4^{3-2s} \times 715^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} \right) ds \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{10^{52}} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) \right) + \frac{4}{10^2} + \frac{55}{10^4} \right)$$

Where 4 is a Lucas number and 55 is a Fibonacci number

Input:

$$\frac{1}{10^{52}} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) \right) + \frac{4}{10^2} + \frac{55}{10^4} \right)$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Exact Result:

$$\frac{\frac{91}{2000} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \right)}{10\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000}$$

(result in radians)

Decimal approximation:

$$1.1055359984818837374285454816655122539363600073022671... \times 10^{-52}$$

(result in radians)

1.10553599... * 10⁻⁵² result practically equal to the value of Cosmological Constant

$$1.1056 \times 10^{-52} \text{ m}^{-2}$$

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{91 + 500 \pi + 1000 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{37101}{624722}\right) + 2000 \cot^{-1}(4)}{20\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

$$\frac{\frac{91}{2000} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1206876324}{616464443}\right) \right)}{10\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

$$\frac{91 + 500 \pi + 1000 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) + 1000 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + 1000 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + 2000 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)}{20\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

$\cot^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse cotangent function

Continued fraction:

$$\frac{1}{9045\,386\,141\,864\,170\,685\,714\,859\,845\,338\,243\,105\,426\,813\,297\,851\,533 + \frac{1}{\dots}}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) \right) + \frac{4}{10^2} + \frac{55}{10^4}}{10^{52}} =$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715} \mid 0\right) \right) + \frac{4}{10^2} + \frac{55}{10^4}}{10^{52}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) \right) + \frac{4}{10^2} + \frac{55}{10^4}}{10^{52}} =$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{4}{715}\right) \right) + \frac{4}{10^2} + \frac{55}{10^4}}{10^{52}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) \right) + \frac{4}{10^2} + \frac{55}{10^4}}{10^{52}} =$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{49}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{232}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{715}\right) \right) + \frac{4}{10^2} + \frac{55}{10^4}}{10^{52}}$$

Series representations:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) \right) + \frac{4}{10^2} + \frac{55}{10^4}}{10^{52}} = \frac{91}{20\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000} + \frac{40\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}{\pi} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{(-1)^k 4^{-27-2k}}{2\,220\,446\,049\,250\,313\,080\,847\,263\,336\,181\,640\,625 (1+2k)} + \frac{(-1)^k 2^{1+2k} \times 49^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 3^{1+2k} \times 232^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 4^{1+2k} \times 715^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} \right) \frac{1}{20\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) \right) + \frac{4}{10^2} + \frac{55}{10^4}}{10^{52}} =$$

$$\frac{91}{20\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000} +$$

$$\frac{40\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left[\frac{(-1)^k 2^{-53-2k} \times 5^{-52-k} \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{21}}{2} \right)^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} F_{1+2k} + \right.}$$

$$\left. \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5} \right)^k 4^{1+2k} \left(49 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{12021}}{49} \right) \right)^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} F_{1+2k} + \right.}$$

$$\left. \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5} \right)^k 3^{1+2k} \left(116 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{67289}}{116} \right) \right)^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} F_{1+2k} + \right.}$$

$$\left. \frac{(-1)^k 5^{-1-3k} \times 8^{1+2k} \left(143 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{284021}}{715} \right) \right)^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} F_{1+2k} \right]$$

$$\frac{20\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}{}$$

Zagier theorem. The number 1728 is one less than the Hardy–Ramanujan number 1729

Alternate forms:

$$-\phi - 583 + \frac{27}{16} \left(\pi + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1\,206\,876\,324}{616\,464\,443} \right) \right)^5$$

$$-583 + \frac{1}{2} (-1 - \sqrt{5}) + 54 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1\,206\,876\,324}{616\,464\,443} \right) \right)^5$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (-1167 - \sqrt{5}) + 54 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \right)^5$$

Continued fraction:

$$1728 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{6 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{5 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{15 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{34 + \frac{1}{\dots}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right)^5 2 \sqrt{729} -$$

$$521 - 47 - 11 - 4 - \phi =$$

$$-583 - \phi + 2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \operatorname{sc}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \mid 0 \right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \mid 0 \right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \mid 0 \right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \mid 0 \right) \right)^5 \sqrt{729}$$

$$\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{715} \right) \right)^5 2 \sqrt{729} -$$

$$521 - 47 - 11 - 4 - \phi = -583 - \phi +$$

$$2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{1}{4} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{2}{49} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{3}{232} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{4}{715} \right) \right)^5 \sqrt{729}$$

$$\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right)\right)^5 2\sqrt{729} -$$

$$521 - 47 - 11 - 4 - \phi =$$

$$-583 - \phi + 2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{49}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{232}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{715}\right)\right)^5 \sqrt{729}$$

$$(64\pi) * (((\pi/2 + 2 \tan^{-1}(1/4) + \tan^{-1}(2/49) + \tan^{-1}(3/232) + \tan^{-1}(4/715)))) + 55 + \text{golden ratio}$$

Where 55 is a Fibonacci number

Input:

$$(64\pi) \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right)\right) + 55 + \phi$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

ϕ is the golden ratio

Exact Result:

$$\phi + 55 + 64\pi \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)\right)$$

(result in radians)

Decimal approximation:

$$482.8838010762900122929804629623615176869810865992452313332...$$

(result in radians)

482.88380107... [result very near to Holographic Ricci dark energy model, where](#)

$$\chi_{\text{RDE}}^2 = 483.130.$$

Alternate forms:

$$\phi + 55 + 32\pi \left(\pi + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1206876324}{616464443}\right)\right)$$

$$55 + \frac{1}{2}(1 + \sqrt{5}) + 64\pi \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1206876324}{616464443}\right)\right)$$

$$\phi + 55 + 32\pi^2 + 64\pi \left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) \right) 64\pi + 55 + \phi = \\ & 55 + \phi + 32\pi^2 - 32i\pi \log\left(1 + \frac{4i}{715}\right) - 32i\pi \log\left(1 + \frac{3i}{232}\right) - \\ & 32i\pi \log\left(1 + \frac{2i}{49}\right) - 64i\pi \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{4}\right) + 160i\pi \log(2) + \\ & \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} - \frac{i 2^{5-4k} \left(2^{1+k} (4+i)^k + \left(8 + \frac{32i}{715}\right)^k + \left(8 + \frac{3i}{29}\right)^k + \left(8 + \frac{16i}{49}\right)^k \right) \pi}{k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) \right) 64\pi + 55 + \phi = \\ & 55 + \phi + 32\pi^2 + 320\pi \tan^{-1}(z_0) + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k} 32i\pi \left((-i - z_0)^k - (i - z_0)^k \right) \\ & \left(\left(\frac{4}{715} - z_0 \right)^k + \left(\frac{3}{232} - z_0 \right)^k + \left(\frac{2}{49} - z_0 \right)^k + 2 \left(\frac{1}{4} - z_0 \right)^k \right) (-i - z_0)^{-k} (i - z_0)^{-k} \\ & \text{for } (i z_0 \notin \mathbb{R} \text{ or } (\text{not } (1 \leq i z_0 < \infty) \text{ and } \text{not } (-\infty < i z_0 \leq -1))) \end{aligned}$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) \right) 64\pi + 55 + \phi = 55 + \phi + \\ & 32\pi^2 + \int_0^1 128\pi \left(\frac{4}{16+t^2} + \frac{49}{2401+4t^2} + \frac{348}{53824+9t^2} + \frac{1430}{511225+16t^2} \right) dt \end{aligned}$$

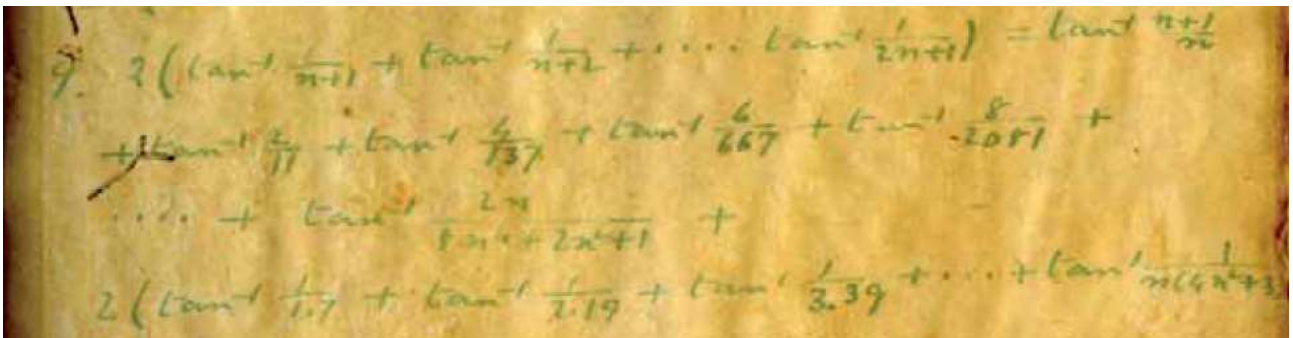
$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right) \right) 64\pi + 55 + \phi = \\ & \frac{111}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} + 32\pi^2 + \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(- \frac{i 2^{3+4s} \times 17^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \right. \\ & \frac{32i 49^{-1+2s} \times 2405^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \\ & \frac{3i 2^{1+6s} \times 29^{-1+2s} \times 53833^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \\ & \left. \frac{64i 715^{-1+2s} \times 511241^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) ds \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{49}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{232}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{715}\right)\right) 64\pi + 55 + \phi =$$

$$\frac{111}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} + 32\pi^2 +$$

$$\int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(\frac{i 2^{3+4s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i \left(\frac{3}{29}\right)^{1-2s} 2^{1+6s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{i 2^{5-2s} \times 49^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i 4^{3-2s} \times 715^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} \right) ds \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}$$



$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \cdot 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \cdot 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \cdot 39}\right)\right)$$

Input:

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) +$$

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \cdot 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \cdot 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \cdot 39}\right)$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Exact Result:

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)$$

(result in radians)

Decimal approximation:

0.540532460988462138862232938477006807739679436496088200084...

(result in radians)

0.5405324...

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{16\,146\,260\,097}{8\,606\,653\,904}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 - \frac{8i}{2081}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 + \frac{8i}{2081}\right) + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 - \frac{i}{117}\right) - \\ &\frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{117}\right) + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 - \frac{6i}{667}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 + \frac{6i}{667}\right) + \\ &\frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 - \frac{i}{38}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{38}\right) + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 - \frac{4i}{137}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 + \frac{4i}{137}\right) + \\ &i \log\left(1 - \frac{i}{7}\right) - i \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{7}\right) + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 - \frac{2i}{11}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 + \frac{2i}{11}\right) \end{aligned}$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Continued fraction:

$$\begin{aligned} &1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{5 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{90 + \frac{1}{17 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{124 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{5 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{6 + \frac{1}{\dots}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}} \end{aligned}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{aligned} & \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \\ & \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right) = 2 \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11} \mid 0\right) + \\ & \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667} \mid 0\right) + \operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081} \mid 0\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \\ & \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right) = \\ & 2 \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{117}\right) + \\ & \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{8}{2081}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \\ & 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right) = 2 \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{1}{7}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{2}{11}}\right) + \\ & \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{1}{38}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{1}{117}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{4}{137}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{6}{667}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{8}{2081}}\right) \end{aligned}$$

Series representations:

$$\begin{aligned} & \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \\ & \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right) = \\ & \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2(-1)^k 7^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 2^{1+2k} \times 11^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 38^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 117^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \right. \\ & \left. \frac{(-1)^k 4^{1+2k} \times 137^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 6^{1+2k} \times 667^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 8^{1+2k} \times 2081^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \\
& \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right) = \\
& -\frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\frac{1}{256} + \frac{i}{66592}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{117}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 + \frac{6i}{667}\right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{38}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 + \frac{4i}{137}\right) - i \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{7}\right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 + \frac{2i}{11}\right) + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} -\frac{1}{k} i 2^{-1-k} \left(\left(1 + \frac{8i}{2081}\right)^k + \left(1 + \frac{i}{117}\right)^k + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(1 + \frac{6i}{667}\right)^k + \left(1 + \frac{i}{38}\right)^k + \left(1 + \frac{4i}{137}\right)^k + 2 \left(1 + \frac{i}{7}\right)^k + \left(1 + \frac{2i}{11}\right)^k \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \\
& \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right) = \\
& 8 \tan^{-1}(z_0) + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2} i \left(\frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{8}{2081} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{1}{117} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{6}{667} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{1}{38} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{4}{137} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{2}{11} - z_0\right)^k}{k} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{1}{7} - z_0\right)^k}{k} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

for ($i z_0 \notin \mathbb{R}$ or (not ($1 \leq i z_0 < \infty$) and not ($-\infty < i z_0 \leq -1$)))

Integral representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \\
& \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right) = \\
& \int_0^1 \left(\frac{14}{49+t^2} + \frac{38}{1444+t^2} + \frac{117}{13689+t^2} + \frac{22}{121+4t^2} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{548}{18769+16t^2} + \frac{4002}{444889+36t^2} + \frac{16648}{4330561+64t^2} \right) dt
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \\
& \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right) = \\
& \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(-\frac{i 2^{-1-s} \times 7^{-1+2s} \times 25^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \right. \\
& \frac{i 11^{-1+2s} \times 125^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{2 \pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{i 2^{-3+2s} \times 19^{-1+2s} \times 1445^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{i 2^{-2-s} \times 117^{-1+2s} \times 6845^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{i 137^{-1+2s} \times 18785^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{3 i 667^{-1+2s} \times 444925^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{2 \pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \left. \frac{2 i 2081^{-1+2s} \times 4330625^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} \right) ds \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \\
& \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right) = \\
& \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(-\frac{i \left(\frac{3}{667}\right)^{1-2s} 2^{-1-2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i 7^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{2 \pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \frac{i 2^{-1-2s} \times 11^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \\
& \frac{i 2^{-3+2s} \times 19^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \\
& \frac{i 117^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{4 \pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i 16^{-s} \times 137^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \\
& \left. \frac{i 2^{1-6s} \times 2081^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} \right) ds \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\exp(\left(\left(\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right)+2\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right)\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right)\right)\right))$$

Input:

$$\exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right)+2\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right)$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Exact Result:

$$e^{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right)+2\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)}$$

(result in radians)

Decimal approximation:

$$1.716920812194674850257720824221583443513212138596577877343...$$

(result in radians)

$$1.716920812...$$

Alternate forms:

$$e^{1/2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{16146260097}{8606653904}\right)}$$

$$\left(\frac{8606653904}{18296890625} + \frac{16146260097i}{18296890625}\right)^{-i/2}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right)+2\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) = \exp\left(2\operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7} \middle| 0\right)+\operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11} \middle| 0\right)+\operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38} \middle| 0\right)+\operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117} \middle| 0\right)+\operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137} \middle| 0\right)+\operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667} \middle| 0\right)+\operatorname{sc}^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081} \middle| 0\right)\right)$$

$$\exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right)+2\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) = \exp\left(2\tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{7}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{2}{11}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{38}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{117}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{4}{137}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{6}{667}\right)+\tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{8}{2081}\right)\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \right. \\ & \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) = \\ & \exp\left(2 \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{1}{7}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{2}{11}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{1}{38}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{1}{117}}\right) + \right. \\ & \quad \left. \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{4}{137}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{6}{667}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{8}{2081}}\right)\right) \end{aligned}$$

Series representations:

$$\begin{aligned} & \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \right. \\ & \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) = \\ & \exp\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2(-1)^k 7^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 2^{1+2k} \times 11^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 38^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \frac{(-1)^k 117^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 4^{1+2k} \times 137^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \right. \\ & \quad \left. \frac{(-1)^k 6^{1+2k} \times 667^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 8^{1+2k} \times 2081^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \right. \\ & \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) = \\ & \exp\left(8 \tan^{-1}(z_0) + \frac{1}{2} i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{8}{2081} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{1}{117} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \\ & \quad \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{6}{667} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \\ & \quad \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{1}{38} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \\ & \quad \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{4}{137} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \\ & \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{2}{11} - z_0\right)^k}{k} \right) + \\ & \quad \left. i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{1}{7} - z_0\right)^k}{k} \right) \end{aligned}$$

for ($i z_0 \notin \mathbb{R}$ or (not ($1 \leq i z_0 < \infty$) and not ($-\infty < i z_0 \leq -1$)))

$$\begin{aligned}
& \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) = \\
& \exp\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 4^{1+2k} \left(11 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{69}}{11}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 2^{2+2k} \left(7 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{249}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k \left(19 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{1806}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 2^{1+2k} \left(117 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{68449}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 8^{1+2k} \left(137 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{93909}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 12^{1+2k} \left(667 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{2224589}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 16^{1+2k} \left(2081 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{21653061}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Integral representations:

$$\exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) = \exp\left(\int_0^1 \left(\frac{14}{49+t^2} + \frac{38}{1444+t^2} + \frac{117}{13689+t^2} + \frac{22}{121+4t^2} + \frac{548}{18769+16t^2} + \frac{4002}{444889+36t^2} + \frac{16648}{4330561+64t^2}\right) dt\right)$$

$$\exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) = \exp\left(\int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(-\frac{i 2^{-1-s} \times 7^{-1+2s} \times 25^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{i 11^{-1+2s} \times 125^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{2 \pi^{3/2}} - \frac{i 2^{-3+2s} \times 19^{-1+2s} \times 1445^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{i 2^{-2-s} \times 117^{-1+2s} \times 6845^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{i 137^{-1+2s} \times 18785^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{3 i 667^{-1+2s} \times 444925^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{2 \pi^{3/2}} - \frac{2 i 2081^{-1+2s} \times 4330625^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}}\right) ds\right) \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) =$$

$$\exp\left(\int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left[\frac{i\left(\frac{3}{667}\right)^{1-2s} 2^{-1-2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i 7^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{2 \pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i 2^{-1-2s} \times 11^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i 2^{-3+2s} \times 19^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i 117^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{4 \pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i 16^{-s} \times 137^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i 2^{1-6s} \times 2081^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} \right] ds \right) \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}$$

$$10^2 * \exp\left(\left(\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right)\right)\right) - 29 - \pi$$

Where 29 is a Lucas number

Input:

$$10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) - 29 - \pi$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

Exact Result:

$$100 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)\right) - 29 - \pi$$

(result in radians)

Decimal approximation:

139.5504885658776917873094390388788414671240444602826819133...

(result in radians)

139.550488... result practically equal to the rest mass of Pion meson 139.57 MeV

Alternate forms:

$$-29 - \pi + 100 e^{1/2 \tan^{-1}(16146260097/8606653904)}$$

$$-29 + 4 \times 25^{1+(3i)/2} \left(\frac{8606653904}{1171001} + \frac{16146260097i}{1171001} \right)^{-i/2} - \pi$$

$$100 \exp \left(\frac{1}{2} i \left(\log \left(1 - \frac{8i}{2081} \right) - \log \left(1 + \frac{8i}{2081} \right) \right) + \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log \left(1 - \frac{i}{117} \right) - \log \left(1 + \frac{i}{117} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log \left(1 - \frac{6i}{667} \right) - \log \left(1 + \frac{6i}{667} \right) \right) + \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log \left(1 - \frac{i}{38} \right) - \log \left(1 + \frac{i}{38} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log \left(1 - \frac{4i}{137} \right) - \log \left(1 + \frac{4i}{137} \right) \right) + \right. \\ \left. i \left(\log \left(1 - \frac{i}{7} \right) - \log \left(1 + \frac{i}{7} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log \left(1 - \frac{2i}{11} \right) - \log \left(1 + \frac{2i}{11} \right) \right) \right) - 29 - \pi$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Continued fraction:

$$-29 + 4 \times 25^{1+(3i)/2} \left(\frac{8606653904}{1171001} + \frac{16146260097i}{1171001} \right)^{-i/2} - \pi + \frac{1}{100 + \frac{1}{\dots}}$$

(using the Hurwitz expansion)

Alternative representations:

$$10^2 \exp \left(\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{11} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{6}{667} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{2081} \right) + \right. \\ \left. 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39} \right) \right) - 29 - \pi = \\ -29 - \pi + \exp \left(2 \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{1}{7} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{2}{11} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{1}{38} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{1}{117} \right) + \right. \\ \left. \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{4}{137} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{6}{667} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{8}{2081} \right) \right) 10^2$$

$$10^2 \exp \left(\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{11} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{6}{667} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{2081} \right) + \right. \\ \left. 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39} \right) \right) - 29 - \pi = \\ -29 - \pi + \exp \left(i \left(\log \left(1 - \frac{i}{7} \right) - \log \left(1 + \frac{i}{7} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log \left(1 - \frac{2i}{11} \right) - \log \left(1 + \frac{2i}{11} \right) \right) + \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log \left(1 - \frac{i}{38} \right) - \log \left(1 + \frac{i}{38} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log \left(1 - \frac{i}{117} \right) - \log \left(1 + \frac{i}{117} \right) \right) + \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log \left(1 - \frac{4i}{137} \right) - \log \left(1 + \frac{4i}{137} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log \left(1 - \frac{6i}{667} \right) - \log \left(1 + \frac{6i}{667} \right) \right) + \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log \left(1 - \frac{8i}{2081} \right) - \log \left(1 + \frac{8i}{2081} \right) \right) \right) 10^2$$

Series representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) - 29 - \pi = \\
& -29 + 100 \exp\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2(-1)^k 7^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 2^{1+2k} \times 11^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-1)^k 38^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 117^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 4^{1+2k} \times 137^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{(-1)^k 6^{1+2k} \times 667^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 8^{1+2k} \times 2081^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} \right)\right) - \pi
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) - 29 - \pi = \\
& -29 + 100 \exp\left(8 \tan^{-1}(z_0) + \frac{1}{2} i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{8}{2081} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{1}{117} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{6}{667} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{1}{38} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{4}{137} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{2}{11} - z_0\right)^k}{k} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{1}{7} - z_0\right)^k}{k} \right) - \pi
\end{aligned}$$

for ($i z_0 \notin \mathbb{R}$ or (not ($1 \leq i z_0 < \infty$) and not ($-\infty < i z_0 \leq -1$)))

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) - 29 - \pi = \\
& -29 + 100 \exp\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 4^{1+2k} \left(11 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{69}}{11}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 2^{2+2k} \left(7 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{249}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k \left(19 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{1806}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 2^{1+2k} \left(117 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{68449}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 8^{1+2k} \left(137 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{93909}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 12^{1+2k} \left(667 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{2224589}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 16^{1+2k} \left(2081 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{21653061}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} \right) \right) - \pi
\end{aligned}$$

Integral representations:

$$10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) - 29 - \pi =$$

$$-29 + 100 \exp\left(\int_0^1 \left(\frac{14}{49+t^2} + \frac{38}{1444+t^2} + \frac{117}{13689+t^2} + \frac{22}{121+4t^2} + \frac{548}{18769+16t^2} + \frac{4002}{444889+36t^2} + \frac{16648}{4330561+64t^2}\right) dt\right) - \pi$$

$$10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) - 29 - \pi =$$

$$-29 + 100 \exp\left(\int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(-\frac{i 2^{-1-s} \times 7^{-1+2s} \times 25^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{i 11^{-1+2s} \times 125^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{2 \pi^{3/2}} - \frac{i 2^{-3+2s} \times 19^{-1+2s} \times 1445^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{i 2^{-2-s} \times 117^{-1+2s} \times 6845^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{i 137^{-1+2s} \times 18785^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{3 i 667^{-1+2s} \times 444925^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{2 \pi^{3/2}} - \frac{2 i 2081^{-1+2s} \times 4330625^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} \right) ds\right) - \pi \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) - 29 - \pi = \\
& -29 + 100 \exp\left(\int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(-\frac{i\left(\frac{3}{667}\right)^{1-2s} 2^{-1-2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 7^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{2 \pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 2^{-1-2s} \times 11^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 2^{-3+2s} \times 19^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 117^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{4 \pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 16^{-s} \times 137^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 2^{1-6s} \times 2081^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} \right) ds \Bigg) - \pi \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

$10^2 * \exp(((\tan^{-1}(2/11) + \tan^{-1}(4/137) + \tan^{-1}(6/667) + \tan^{-1}(8/2081) + 2(\tan^{-1}(1/(1*7))) + \tan^{-1}(1/(2*19)) + \tan^{-1}(1/(3*39)))))) - 29 - 5\pi$ - golden ratio

Where 29 is a Lucas number

Input:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) - 29 - 5 \pi - \phi
\end{aligned}$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

ϕ is the golden ratio

Exact Result:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 100 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)\right) - \phi - 29 - 5 \pi
\end{aligned}$$

(result in radians)

Decimal approximation:

125.3660839627686239852542786713951918126150576829764957673...

(result in radians)

125.3660839... result very near to the dilaton mass calculated as a type of Higgs boson: 125 GeV for $T = 0$ and to the Higgs boson mass 125.18 GeV

Alternate forms:

$$-\phi - 29 - 5\pi + 100 e^{1/2 \tan^{-1}(16146260097/8606653904)}$$

$$-29 + 4 \times 25^{1+(3i)/2} \left(\frac{8606653904}{1171001} + \frac{16146260097i}{1171001} \right)^{-i/2} + \frac{1}{2} (-1 - \sqrt{5}) - 5\pi$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(200 \exp \left(\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{2081} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{117} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{6}{667} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{38} \right) + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{7} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{11} \right) \right) - 59 - \sqrt{5} - 10\pi \right)$$

Continued fraction:

$$-\frac{59}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} + 4 \times 25^{1+(3i)/2} \left(\frac{8606653904}{1171001} + \frac{16146260097i}{1171001} \right)^{-i/2} - 5\pi + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{\dots}}$$

(using the Hurwitz expansion)

Alternative representations:

$$10^2 \exp \left(\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{11} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{6}{667} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{2081} \right) + \right. \\ \left. 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39} \right) \right) - 29 - 5\pi - \phi = \\ -29 - \phi - 5\pi + \exp \left(2 \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{1}{7} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{2}{11} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{1}{38} \right) + \right. \\ \left. \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{1}{117} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{4}{137} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{6}{667} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(1, \frac{8}{2081} \right) \right) 10^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) - 29 - 5\pi - \phi = \\
& -29 - \phi - 5\pi + \exp\left(i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{i}{7}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{7}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2}i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{2i}{11}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{2i}{11}\right)\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2}i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{i}{38}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{38}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2}i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{i}{117}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{117}\right)\right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2}i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{4i}{137}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{4i}{137}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2}i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{6i}{667}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{6i}{667}\right)\right) + \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{2}i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{8i}{2081}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{8i}{2081}\right)\right)\right) 10^2
\end{aligned}$$

Series representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) - 29 - 5\pi - \phi = \\
& -29 + 100 \exp\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2(-1)^k 7^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 2^{1+2k} \times 11^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \frac{(-1)^k 38^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 117^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 4^{1+2k} \times 137^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{(-1)^k 6^{1+2k} \times 667^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 8^{1+2k} \times 2081^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} \right) \right) - \phi - 5\pi
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) - 29 - 5\pi - \phi = \frac{1}{2} \\
& \left(-59 - \sqrt{5} + 200 \exp\left[8 \tan^{-1}(z_0) + \frac{1}{2} i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{8}{2081} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{1}{117} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{6}{667} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{1}{38} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{4}{137} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{2}{11} - z_0\right)^k}{k} \right) + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{1}{7} - z_0\right)^k}{k} \right) - 10\pi \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

for ($i z_0 \notin \mathbb{R}$ or (not ($1 \leq i z_0 < \infty$ and not ($-\infty < i z_0 \leq -1$)))

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) - 29 - 5\pi - \phi = \\
& -29 + 100 \exp\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 4^{1+2k} \left(11 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{69}}{11}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 2^{2+2k} \left(7 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{249}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k \left(19 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{1806}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 2^{1+2k} \left(117 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{68449}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 8^{1+2k} \left(137 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{93909}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 12^{1+2k} \left(667 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{2224589}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 16^{1+2k} \left(2081 \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{21653061}{5}}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} \right) \right) - \phi - 5\pi
\end{aligned}$$

Integral representations:

$$10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) - 29 - 5\pi - \phi =$$

$$-29 + 100 \exp\left(\int_0^1 \left(\frac{14}{49+t^2} + \frac{38}{1444+t^2} + \frac{117}{13689+t^2} + \frac{22}{121+4t^2} + \frac{548}{18769+16t^2} + \frac{4002}{444889+36t^2} + \frac{16648}{4330561+64t^2}\right) dt\right) - \phi - 5\pi$$

$$10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) - 29 - 5\pi - \phi =$$

$$-29 + 100 \exp\left(\int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(-\frac{i 2^{-1-s} \times 7^{-1+2s} \times 25^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{i 11^{-1+2s} \times 125^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{2 \pi^{3/2}} - \frac{i 2^{-3+2s} \times 19^{-1+2s} \times 1445^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{i 2^{-2-s} \times 117^{-1+2s} \times 6845^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{i 137^{-1+2s} \times 18785^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{3 i 667^{-1+2s} \times 444925^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{2 \pi^{3/2}} - \frac{2 i 2081^{-1+2s} \times 4330625^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} \right) ds\right) - \phi - 5\pi \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) - 29 - 5\pi - \phi = \\
& -29 + 100 \exp\left(\int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(-\frac{i\left(\frac{3}{667}\right)^{1-2s} 2^{-1-2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 7^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{2\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 2^{-1-2s} \times 11^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 2^{-3+2s} \times 19^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 117^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{4\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 16^{-s} \times 137^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 2^{1-6s} \times 2081^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} \right) ds \Bigg) - \phi - 5\pi \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

$10^3 \cdot \exp(\left(\left(\left(\left(\tan^{-1}(2/11) + \tan^{-1}(4/137) + \tan^{-1}(6/667) + \tan^{-1}(8/2081) + 2(\tan^{-1}(1/(1 \cdot 7))) + \tan^{-1}(1/(2 \cdot 19)) + \tan^{-1}(1/(3 \cdot 39))))\right)\right)\right)\right) + 13 - \text{golden ratio}$

Where 13 is a Fibonacci number

Input:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^3 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) + 13 - \phi
\end{aligned}$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

ϕ is the golden ratio

Exact Result:

$$1000 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)\right) - \phi + 13$$

(result in radians)

Decimal approximation:

1728.302778205924955409516237387217805395491829416772114480...

(result in radians)

1728.302778...

This result is very near to the mass of candidate glueball $f_0(1710)$ meson. Furthermore, 1728 occurs in the algebraic formula for the j -invariant of an elliptic curve. As a consequence, it is sometimes called a Zagier as a pun on the Gross–Zagier theorem. The number 1728 is one less than the Hardy–Ramanujan number 1729

Alternate forms:

$$-\phi + 13 + 1000 e^{1/2 \tan^{-1}(16146260097/8606653904)}$$

$$13 + 8 \times 125^{1+i} \left(\frac{8606653904}{1171001} + \frac{1614626097 i}{1171001} \right)^{-i/2} + \frac{1}{2} (-1 - \sqrt{5})$$

$$1000 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)\right) + \frac{25}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

Continued fraction:

$$\frac{25}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} + 8 \times 125^{1+i} \left(\frac{8606653904}{1171001} + \frac{1614626097 i}{1171001} \right)^{-i/2} + \frac{1}{100 + \frac{1}{\dots}}$$

(using the Hurwitz expansion)

Alternative representations:

$$10^3 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) + 13 - \phi = 13 - \phi + \exp\left(2 \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{117}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{8}{2081}\right)\right) 10^3$$

$$10^3 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) + 13 - \phi = 13 - \phi + \exp\left(i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{i}{7}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{7}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{2i}{11}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{2i}{11}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{i}{38}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{38}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{i}{117}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{117}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{4i}{137}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{4i}{137}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{6i}{667}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{6i}{667}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{8i}{2081}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{8i}{2081}\right)\right)\right) 10^3$$

Series representations:

$$10^3 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) + 13 - \phi = 13 + 1000 \exp\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2(-1)^k 7^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 2^{1+2k} \times 11^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 38^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 117^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 4^{1+2k} \times 137^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 6^{1+2k} \times 667^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 8^{1+2k} \times 2081^{-1-2k}}{1+2k}\right)\right) - \phi$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^3 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) + 13 - \phi = \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(25 - \sqrt{5} + 2000 \exp \left[8 \tan^{-1}(z_0) + \frac{1}{2} i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{8}{2081} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{1}{117} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{6}{667} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{1}{38} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{4}{137} - z_0\right)^k}{k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{2}{11} - z_0\right)^k}{k} \right) \right] + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-(-i-z_0)^{-k} + (i-z_0)^{-k}) \left(\frac{1}{7} - z_0\right)^k}{k} \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

for ($i z_0 \notin \mathbb{R}$ or (not ($1 \leq i z_0 < \infty$ and not ($-\infty < i z_0 \leq -1$)))

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^3 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) + 13 - \phi = \\
& 13 + 1000 \exp\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 4^{1+2k} \left(11 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{69}}{11}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 2^{2+2k} \left(7 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{249}}{7}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k \left(19 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{1806}}{19}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 2^{1+2k} \left(117 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{68449}}{117}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 8^{1+2k} \left(137 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{93909}}{137}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 12^{1+2k} \left(667 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2224589}}{667}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^k 16^{1+2k} \left(2081 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{21653061}}{2081}\right)\right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} \right) \right) - \phi
\end{aligned}$$

Integral representations:

$$10^3 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) + 13 - \phi =$$

$$13 + 1000 \exp\left(\int_0^1 \left(\frac{14}{49+t^2} + \frac{38}{1444+t^2} + \frac{117}{13689+t^2} + \frac{22}{121+4t^2} + \frac{548}{18769+16t^2} + \frac{4002}{444889+36t^2} + \frac{16648}{4330561+64t^2}\right) dt\right) - \phi$$

$$10^3 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) + 13 - \phi =$$

$$13 + 1000 \exp\left(\int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(-\frac{i 2^{-1-s} \times 7^{-1+2s} \times 25^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{i 11^{-1+2s} \times 125^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{2 \pi^{3/2}} - \frac{i 2^{-3+2s} \times 19^{-1+2s} \times 1445^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{i 2^{-2-s} \times 117^{-1+2s} \times 6845^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{i 137^{-1+2s} \times 18785^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{3 i 667^{-1+2s} \times 444925^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{2 \pi^{3/2}} - \frac{2 i 2081^{-1+2s} \times 4330625^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}}\right) ds\right) - \phi \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^3 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) + 13 - \phi = \\
& 13 + 1000 \exp\left(\int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(-\frac{i\left(\frac{3}{667}\right)^{1-2s} 2^{-1-2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \frac{i 7^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{2 \pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \\
& \quad \frac{i 2^{-1-2s} \times 11^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \\
& \quad \frac{i 2^{-3+2s} \times 19^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \\
& \quad \frac{i 117^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{4 \pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \\
& \quad \frac{i 16^{-s} \times 137^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{i 2^{1-6s} \times 2081^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} \right) ds \right) - \phi \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$10^2 * \exp\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right)\right)\right)\right)\right)\right) * \text{golden ratio}^2 + 34$$

Where 34 is a Fibonacci number

Input:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) \phi^2 + 34
\end{aligned}$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

ϕ is the golden ratio

Exact Result:

$$100 \phi^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)\right) + 34$$

(result in radians)

Decimal approximation:

483.4957042317733702423545314294304229921083099774909041348...

(result in radians)

483.49570423... result practically equal to Holographic Ricci dark energy model, where

$$\chi_{\text{RDE}}^2 = 483.130.$$

Alternate forms:

$$100 \phi^2 e^{1/2 \tan^{-1}(16146260097/8606653904)} + 34$$

$$34 + 25^{1+(3i)/2} \left(\frac{8606653904}{1171001} + \frac{16146260097i}{1171001} \right)^{-i/2} (1 + \sqrt{5})^2$$

$$2 \left(50 \phi^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)\right) + 17 \right)$$

Continued fraction:

$$34 + 2 \times 25^{1+(3i)/2} \left(\frac{8606653904}{1171001} + \frac{16146260097i}{1171001} \right)^{-i/2} (3 + \sqrt{5}) + \frac{1}{99 + \frac{1}{\dots}}$$

(using the Hurwitz expansion)

Alternative representations:

$$10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) \phi^2 + 34 =$$

$$34 + \exp\left(2 \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{117}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{8}{2081}\right)\right) 10^2 \phi^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) \phi^2 + 34 = \\
& 34 + \exp\left(i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{i}{7}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{7}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{2i}{11}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{2i}{11}\right)\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{i}{38}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{38}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{i}{117}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{117}\right)\right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{4i}{137}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{4i}{137}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{6i}{667}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{6i}{667}\right)\right) + \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{2} i\left(\log\left(1 - \frac{8i}{2081}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{8i}{2081}\right)\right)\right) 10^2 \phi^2
\end{aligned}$$

Series representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) \phi^2 + 34 = \\
& 34 + 100 \exp\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2(-1)^k 7^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 2^{1+2k} \times 11^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 38^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \frac{(-1)^k 117^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 4^{1+2k} \times 137^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{(-1)^k 6^{1+2k} \times 667^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 8^{1+2k} \times 2081^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} \right) \right) \phi^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) \phi^2 + 34 = \\
& 34 + 100 \exp \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5} \right)^k 4^{1+2k} \left(11 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{69/5}}{11} \right) \right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \right. \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5} \right)^k 2^{2+2k} \left(7 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{249/5}}{7} \right) \right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5} \right)^k \left(19 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{1806/5}}{19} \right) \right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5} \right)^k 2^{1+2k} \left(117 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{68449/5}}{117} \right) \right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5} \right)^k 8^{1+2k} \left(137 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{93909/5}}{137} \right) \right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5} \right)^k 12^{1+2k} \left(667 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2224589/5}}{667} \right) \right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} + \\
& \quad \left. \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5} \right)^k 16^{1+2k} \left(2081 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{21653061/5}}{2081} \right) \right)^{-1-2k} F_{1+2k}}{1+2k} \right) \phi^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) \phi^2 + 34 = \\
& 2 \left[17 + 75 \exp\left(8 \tan^{-1}(z_0) + \frac{1}{2} i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k} \left((-i - z_0)^k - (i - z_0)^k\right) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\left(\frac{8}{2081} - z_0\right)^k + \left(\frac{1}{117} - z_0\right)^k + \left(\frac{6}{667} - z_0\right)^k + \left(\frac{1}{38} - z_0\right)^k + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\frac{4}{137} - z_0\right)^k + \left(\frac{2}{11} - z_0\right)^k \right) (-i - z_0)^{-k} (i - z_0)^{-k} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-(-i - z_0)^{-k} + (i - z_0)^{-k}\right) \left(\frac{1}{7} - z_0\right)^k}{k} \right) + 25 \sqrt{5} \exp\left(\right. \\
& \quad \left. 8 \tan^{-1}(z_0) + \frac{1}{2} i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k} \left((-i - z_0)^k - (i - z_0)^k\right) \left(\left(\frac{8}{2081} - z_0\right)^k + \left(\frac{1}{117} - z_0\right)^k + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\frac{6}{667} - z_0\right)^k + \left(\frac{1}{38} - z_0\right)^k + \left(\frac{4}{137} - z_0\right)^k + \left(\frac{2}{11} - z_0\right)^k \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. (-i - z_0)^{-k} (i - z_0)^{-k} + i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-(-i - z_0)^{-k} + (i - z_0)^{-k}\right) \left(\frac{1}{7} - z_0\right)^k}{k} \right) \right) \right]
\end{aligned}$$

for ($i z_0 \notin \mathbb{R}$ or (not ($1 \leq i z_0 < \infty$) and not ($-\infty < i z_0 \leq -1$)))

Integral representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) \phi^2 + 34 = \\
& 34 + 100 \exp\left(\int_0^1 \left(\frac{14}{49 + t^2} + \frac{38}{1444 + t^2} + \frac{117}{13689 + t^2} + \frac{22}{121 + 4t^2} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{18769 + 16t^2}{444889 + 36t^2} + \frac{16648}{4330561 + 64t^2} \right) dt\right) \phi^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) \phi^2 + 34 = \\
& 34 + 100 \exp\left(\int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(-\frac{i 2^{-1-s} \times 7^{-1+2s} \times 25^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \frac{i 11^{-1+2s} \times 125^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{2 \pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{i 2^{-3+2s} \times 19^{-1+2s} \times 1445^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{i 2^{-2-s} \times 117^{-1+2s} \times 6845^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{i 137^{-1+2s} \times 18785^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{3 i 667^{-1+2s} \times 444925^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{2 \pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{2 i 2081^{-1+2s} \times 4330625^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} \right) \right) ds \Bigg) \phi^2 \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^2 \exp\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) \phi^2 + 34 = \\
& 34 + 100 \exp\left(\int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left[-\frac{i\left(\frac{3}{667}\right)^{1-2s} 2^{-1-2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 7^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{2 \pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 2^{-1-2s} \times 11^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 2^{-3+2s} \times 19^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 117^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{4 \pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 16^{-s} \times 137^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i 2^{1-6s} \times 2081^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} \right] ds \Bigg) \phi^2 \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$1/10^{52}(((2 * (((\tan^{-1}(2/11) + \tan^{-1}(4/137) + \tan^{-1}(6/667) + \tan^{-1}(8/2081) + 2(\tan^{-1}(1/(1*7))) + \tan^{-1}(1/(2*19)) + \tan^{-1}(1/(3*39))))))))) + 24/10^3 + 5/10^4)))$$

where 24 is the number of "modes" corresponding to the physical vibrations of a bosonic string and 5 is a Fibonacci number

Input:

$$\frac{1}{10^{52}} \left(2 \left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \right. \\
\left. \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right) \right) + \frac{24}{10^3} + \frac{5}{10^4} \right)$$

$\tan^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse tangent function

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Exact Result:

$$\left(-\log\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right)\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) \right)^{1/64}$$

(result in radians)

Decimal approximation:

0.992438003923975464849723761948999058532695868417145317586...

(result in radians)

0.9924380039... result very near to the value of the following Rogers-Ramanujan continued fraction:

$$\frac{e^{-\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{5}}}}{\sqrt{5}} = 1 - \frac{e^{-\pi\sqrt{5}}}{1 + \frac{e^{-2\pi\sqrt{5}}}{1 + \frac{e^{-3\pi\sqrt{5}}}{1 + \frac{e^{-4\pi\sqrt{5}}}{1 + \dots}}}} \approx 0.9991104684$$

and to the dilaton value $0.989117352243 = \phi$

Alternate forms:

$$\sqrt[64]{\log\left(\frac{2}{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{16146260097}{8606653904}\right)}\right)}$$

$$\sqrt[64]{-1} e^{-(i\pi)/32} \sqrt[64]{\log\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{16146260097}{8606653904}\right)\right) - \log(2)}$$

$$\left(-\log\left(\frac{1}{2} i \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{8i}{2081}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{8i}{2081}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{i}{117}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{117}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{6i}{667}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{6i}{667}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{i}{38}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{38}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{4i}{137}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{4i}{137}\right) \right) + i \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{i}{7}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{7}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{2i}{11}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{2i}{11}\right) \right) \right)^{1/64}$$

Continued fraction:

$$\frac{1}{100 + \frac{1}{\dots}} - (-1)^{63/64} \sqrt[64]{\log\left(\frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{16\,146\,260\,097}{8\,606\,653\,904}\right)\right)}$$

(using the Hurwitz expansion)

All 64th roots of $-\log(\tan^{-1}(8/2081) + \tan^{-1}(1/117) + \tan^{-1}(6/667) + \tan^{-1}(1/38) + \tan^{-1}(4/137) + 2 \tan^{-1}(1/7) + \tan^{-1}(2/11))$:

$$e^0 \left(-\log\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)\right) \right)^{1/64} \approx 0.992438 \quad (\text{real, principal root})$$

$$e^{(i\pi)/32} \left(-\log\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)\right) \right)^{1/64} \approx 0.987659 + 0.09728 i$$

$$e^{(i\pi)/16} \left(-\log\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)\right) \right)^{1/64} \approx 0.97337 + 0.19362 i$$

$$e^{(3i\pi)/32} \left(-\log\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)\right) \right)^{1/64} \approx 0.94970 + 0.28809 i$$

$$e^{(i\pi)/8} \left(-\log\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)\right) \right)^{1/64} \approx 0.91689 + 0.37979 i$$

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(-\log\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right) \right)^{1/64} = \\ & \left(-\log_e\left(2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117}\right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right)\right) \right)^{1/64} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(-\log\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right) \right) \right)^{(1/64)} = \\ & \left(-\log(\alpha) \log_{\alpha} \left(2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{117}\right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) \right) \right)^{(1/64)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(-\log\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right) \right) \right)^{(1/64)} = \\ & \left(-\log\left(2 \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{38}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{1}{117}\right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(1, \frac{8}{2081}\right) \right) \right)^{(1/64)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(-\log\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right) \right) \right)^{(1/64)} = \\ & \left(-\log\left(i \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{i}{7}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{7}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{2i}{11}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{2i}{11}\right) \right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{i}{38}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{38}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{i}{117}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{117}\right) \right) + \\ & \quad \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{4i}{137}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{4i}{137}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{6i}{667}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{6i}{667}\right) \right) + \\ & \quad \left. \left. \frac{1}{2} i \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{8i}{2081}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{8i}{2081}\right) \right) \right) \right)^{(1/64)} \end{aligned}$$

Series representations:

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(-\log\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right) \right) \right)^{(1/64)} = \\ & \left(-\log\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2(-1)^k 7^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 2^{1+2k} \times 11^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 38^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \right. \right. \right. \\ & \quad \frac{(-1)^k 117^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 4^{1+2k} \times 137^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \\ & \quad \left. \left. \frac{(-1)^k 6^{1+2k} \times 667^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 8^{1+2k} \times 2081^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} \right) \right) \right)^{(1/64)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(-\log \left(\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{11} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{6}{667} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{2081} \right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39} \right) \right) \right)^{(1/64)} = \\ & \left(\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k} (-1)^k \left(-1 + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{2081} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{117} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{6}{667} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{38} \right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{7} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{11} \right) \right)^k \right)^{(1/64)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(-\log \left(\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{11} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{6}{667} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{2081} \right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39} \right) \right) \right)^{(1/64)} = \\ & \left(-\log \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2(-1)^k 7^{1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 38^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{(-1)^k 117^{-1-2k}}{1+2k} + \frac{\left(\frac{11}{2}\right)^{-1-2k} e^{ik\pi}}{1+2k} + \right. \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \frac{\left(\frac{137}{4}\right)^{-1-2k} e^{ik\pi}}{1+2k} + \frac{\left(\frac{667}{6}\right)^{-1-2k} e^{ik\pi}}{1+2k} + \frac{\left(\frac{2081}{8}\right)^{-1-2k} e^{ik\pi}}{1+2k} \right) \right) \right)^{(1/64)} \end{aligned}$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(-\log \left(\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{11} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{6}{667} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{2081} \right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39} \right) \right) \right)^{(1/64)} = \\ & \left(-\log \left(\int_0^1 \left(\frac{14}{49+t^2} + \frac{38}{1444+t^2} + \frac{117}{13689+t^2} + \frac{22}{121+4t^2} + \frac{548}{18769+16t^2} + \right. \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \frac{4002}{444889+36t^2} + \frac{16648}{4330561+64t^2} \right) dt \right) \right)^{(1/64)} \end{aligned}$$

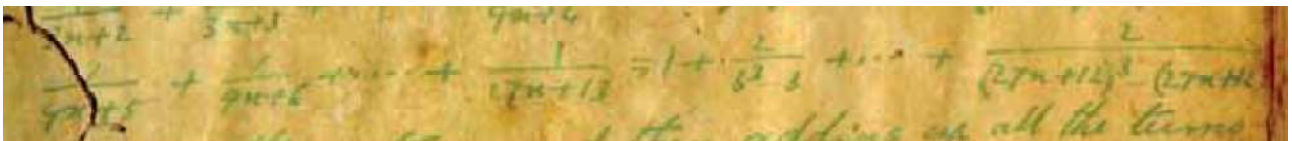
$$\begin{aligned} & \left(-\log \left(\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{11} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{6}{667} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{2081} \right) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39} \right) \right) \right)^{(1/64)} = \\ & \sqrt[64]{-\int_1^{\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{2081} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{117} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{6}{667} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{38} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{7} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{11} \right)} \frac{1}{t} dt \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-\log \left(\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{11} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{137} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{6}{667} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{2081} \right) + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39} \right) \right) \right)^{(1/64)} = \\
& \left(-\log \left(\int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \left(-\frac{i 2^{-1-s} \times 7^{-1+2s} \times 25^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \frac{i 11^{-1+2s} \times 125^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{2 \pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{i 2^{-3+2s} \times 19^{-1+2s} \times 1445^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{i 2^{-2-s} \times 117^{-1+2s} \times 6845^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{i 137^{-1+2s} \times 18785^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{3 i 667^{-1+2s} \times 444925^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{2 \pi^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \frac{2 i 2081^{-1+2s} \times 4330625^{-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)^2}{\pi^{3/2}} \right) \right) \right)^{(1/64)} \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\left(-\log\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{137}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{667}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{2081}\right) + 2 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 7}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2 \times 19}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3 \times 39}\right)\right)\right)^{(1/64)} =$$

$$\left(-\log\left(\int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left(\frac{i\left(\frac{3}{667}\right)^{1-2s} 2^{-1-2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i 7^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{2 \pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i 2^{-1-2s} \times 11^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i 2^{-3+2s} \times 19^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i 117^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{4 \pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i 16^{-s} \times 137^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} - \frac{i 2^{1-6s} \times 2081^{-1+2s} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(1-s) \Gamma(s)}{\pi \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} \right) ds \right)^{(1/64)} \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < \frac{1}{2}$$

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For n = 2

$$1 + 2/(3^3 - 3) + 2/((27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12))$$

Input:

$$1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)}$$

Exact result:

$$\frac{622\,769}{574\,860}$$

Decimal approximation:

1.083340291549246773127370142295515429843788052743276623873...
1.0833402915...

$$\left(\left(\left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} \right) + \frac{2}{(27 \cdot 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \cdot 2 + 12)} \right) \right)^6$$

Input:

$$\left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6$$

Exact result:

$$\frac{58\,339\,394\,534\,486\,733\,902\,813\,020\,585\,646\,881}{36\,088\,808\,464\,277\,296\,257\,958\,249\,536\,000\,000}$$

Decimal approximation:

1.616550864854247031512349848056988607488517710022711046131...
1.61655086485...

Alternate form:

$$\frac{58\,339\,394\,534\,486\,733\,902\,813\,020\,585\,646\,881}{36\,088\,808\,464\,277\,296\,257\,958\,249\,536\,000\,000}$$

From which:

Input:

$$\frac{1}{10^{35}} \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6$$

Exact result:

$$\frac{58\,339\,394\,534\,486\,733\,902\,813\,020\,585\,646\,881}{36\,088\,808\,464\,277\,296\,257\,958\,249\,536\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

Decimal approximation:

1.6165508648542470315123498480569886074885177100227110... × 10⁻³⁵
1.616550864... * 10⁻³⁵ result practically equal to the value of Planck length

$$76(((1+2/(3^3-3)+2/(((27*2+12)^3-(27*2+12))))))^6 + \pi - 1/\text{golden ratio}$$

Where 76 is a Lucas number

Input:

$$76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi}$$

ϕ is the golden ratio

Result:

$$-\frac{1}{\phi} + \frac{1\ 108\ 448\ 496\ 155\ 247\ 944\ 153\ 447\ 391\ 127\ 290\ 739}{9\ 022\ 202\ 116\ 069\ 324\ 064\ 489\ 562\ 384\ 000\ 000} + \pi$$

Decimal approximation:

125.3814243937626727851966450012449989356042061812953824648...

125.381424... result very near to the dilaton mass calculated as a type of Higgs boson: 125 GeV for $T = 0$ and to the Higgs boson mass 125.18 GeV

Property:

$$\frac{1\ 108\ 448\ 496\ 155\ 247\ 944\ 153\ 447\ 391\ 127\ 290\ 739}{9\ 022\ 202\ 116\ 069\ 324\ 064\ 489\ 562\ 384\ 000\ 000} - \frac{1}{\phi} + \pi$$

is a transcendental number

Alternate forms:

$$\left(\frac{1\ 112\ 959\ 597\ 213\ 282\ 606\ 185\ 692\ 172\ 319\ 290\ 739 - 4511\ 101\ 058\ 034\ 662\ 032\ 244\ 781\ 192\ 000\ 000 \sqrt{5} + 9\ 022\ 202\ 116\ 069\ 324\ 064\ 489\ 562\ 384\ 000\ 000 \pi}{9\ 022\ 202\ 116\ 069\ 324\ 064\ 489\ 562\ 384\ 000\ 000} \right) /$$

$$\frac{1\ 108\ 448\ 496\ 155\ 247\ 944\ 153\ 447\ 391\ 127\ 290\ 739}{9\ 022\ 202\ 116\ 069\ 324\ 064\ 489\ 562\ 384\ 000\ 000} - \frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{5}} + \pi$$

$$\left(\frac{1\ 112\ 959\ 597\ 213\ 282\ 606\ 185\ 692\ 172\ 319\ 290\ 739 - 4511\ 101\ 058\ 034\ 662\ 032\ 244\ 781\ 192\ 000\ 000 \sqrt{5}}{9\ 022\ 202\ 116\ 069\ 324\ 064\ 489\ 562\ 384\ 000\ 000} \right) + \pi$$

Alternative representations:

$$76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} = \pi - \frac{1}{2 \cos(216^\circ)} + 76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{24} + \frac{2}{-66 + 66^3} \right)^6$$

$$76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} = 180^\circ - \frac{1}{2 \cos(216^\circ)} + 76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{24} + \frac{2}{-66 + 66^3} \right)^6$$

$$76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} = \pi - \frac{1}{2 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right)} + 76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{24} + \frac{2}{-66 + 66^3} \right)^6$$

Series representations:

$$76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} = \frac{1\ 108\ 448\ 496\ 155\ 247\ 944\ 153\ 447\ 391\ 127\ 290\ 739}{9\ 022\ 202\ 116\ 069\ 324\ 064\ 489\ 562\ 384\ 000\ 000} - \frac{1}{\phi} + 4 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{1 + 2k}$$

$$76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} = \frac{1\ 108\ 448\ 496\ 155\ 247\ 944\ 153\ 447\ 391\ 127\ 290\ 739}{9\ 022\ 202\ 116\ 069\ 324\ 064\ 489\ 562\ 384\ 000\ 000} - \frac{1}{\phi} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} - \frac{4(-1)^k 1195^{-1-2k} (5^{1+2k} - 4 \times 239^{1+2k})}{1 + 2k}$$

$$76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} = \frac{1\ 108\ 448\ 496\ 155\ 247\ 944\ 153\ 447\ 391\ 127\ 290\ 739}{9\ 022\ 202\ 116\ 069\ 324\ 064\ 489\ 562\ 384\ 000\ 000} - \frac{1}{\phi} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \left(\frac{1}{1 + 2k} + \frac{2}{1 + 4k} + \frac{1}{3 + 4k}\right)$$

Integral representations:

$$76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} = \frac{1\ 108\ 448\ 496\ 155\ 247\ 944\ 153\ 447\ 391\ 127\ 290\ 739}{9\ 022\ 202\ 116\ 069\ 324\ 064\ 489\ 562\ 384\ 000\ 000} - \frac{1}{\phi} + 4 \int_0^1 \sqrt{1 - t^2} dt$$

$$76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} = \frac{110844849615524794415344739127290739}{9022202116069324064489562384000000} - \frac{1}{\phi} + 2 \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt$$

$$76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} = \frac{110844849615524794415344739127290739}{9022202116069324064489562384000000} - \frac{1}{\phi} + 2 \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt$$

$76(((1+2/(3^3-3))+2/(((27*2+12)^3-(27*2+12))))))^6 + 18$ - golden ratio

Where 76 and 18 are Lucas numbers

Input:

$$76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6 + 18 - \phi$$

ϕ is the golden ratio

Result:

$$\frac{1270848134244495777314259514039290739}{9022202116069324064489562384000000} - \phi$$

Decimal approximation:

139.2398317401728795467340016179654960514070367819202766438...

139.23983174... result practically equal to the rest mass of Pion meson 139.57 MeV

Alternate forms:

$$\left(\frac{1266337033186461115282014732847290739 - 4511101058034662032244781192000000\sqrt{5}}{9022202116069324064489562384000000} \right) /$$

$$\frac{(1270848134244495777314259514039290739 - 9022202116069324064489562384000000\phi)}{9022202116069324064489562384000000}$$

$$\frac{1266337033186461115282014732847290739}{9022202116069324064489562384000000} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

Alternative representations:

$$76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6 + 18 - \phi =$$

$$18 + 76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{24} + \frac{2}{-66 + 66^3} \right)^6 - 2 \sin(54^\circ)$$

$$76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6 + 18 - \phi =$$

$$18 + 2 \cos(216^\circ) + 76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{24} + \frac{2}{-66 + 66^3} \right)^6$$

$$76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6 + 18 - \phi =$$

$$18 + 76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{24} + \frac{2}{-66 + 66^3} \right)^6 + 2 \sin(666^\circ)$$

$$29^2 \left(\left(\left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} \right) + \frac{2}{\left((27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12) \right)} \right) \right)^9 + 1/\text{golden ratio}$$

Where 29 is a Lucas number

Input:

$$29^2 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^9 + \frac{1}{\phi}$$

ϕ is the golden ratio

Result:

$$\frac{1}{\phi} + \frac{11850559963212762958847185773744275981269680140023216889}{685581065953668239902807044859338657543321600000000}$$

Decimal approximation:

1729.160514479835556494289766430548934726383362208546094708...

1729.160514479...

This result is very near to the mass of candidate glueball $f_0(1710)$ meson. Furthermore, 1728 occurs in the algebraic formula for the j-invariant of an elliptic curve. As a consequence, it is sometimes called a Zagier as a pun on the Gross–Zagier theorem. The number 1728 is one less than the Hardy–Ramanujan number 1729

Alternate forms:

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(11847132057882994617647671738519979287981963532023216889 + \right. \\ & \quad \left. 34279053297683411995140352242966932877166080000000\sqrt{5} \right) / \\ & 685581065953668239902807044859338657543321600000000 \\ & (11850559963212762958847185773744275981269680140023216889\phi + \\ & \quad 68558106595366823990280704485933865754332160000000) / \\ & (68558106595366823990280704485933865754332160000000\phi) \\ & \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{11847132057882994617647671738519979287981963532023216889}{68558106595366823990280704485933865754332160000000} \end{aligned}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{aligned} & 29^2 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^\circ + \frac{1}{\phi} = \\ & 29^2 \left(1 + \frac{2}{24} + \frac{2}{-66 + 66^3} \right)^\circ + \frac{1}{2 \sin(54^\circ)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 29^2 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^\circ + \frac{1}{\phi} = \\ & -\frac{1}{2 \cos(216^\circ)} + 29^2 \left(1 + \frac{2}{24} + \frac{2}{-66 + 66^3} \right)^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 29^2 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^\circ + \frac{1}{\phi} = \\ & 29^2 \left(1 + \frac{2}{24} + \frac{2}{-66 + 66^3} \right)^\circ + -\frac{1}{2 \sin(666^\circ)} \end{aligned}$$

$$4 \times 76 \left(\left(\left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{((27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12))} \right) \right) \right)^6 - 7$$

Where 4, 76 and 7 are Lucas numbers

Input:

$$4 \times 76 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + \frac{2}{(27 \times 2 + 12)^3 - (27 \times 2 + 12)} \right)^6 - 7$$

Exact result:

$$\frac{1\ 092\ 659\ 642\ 452\ 126\ 627\ 040\ 590\ 656\ 955\ 290\ 739}{2\ 255\ 550\ 529\ 017\ 331\ 016\ 122\ 390\ 596\ 000\ 000}$$

Decimal approximation:

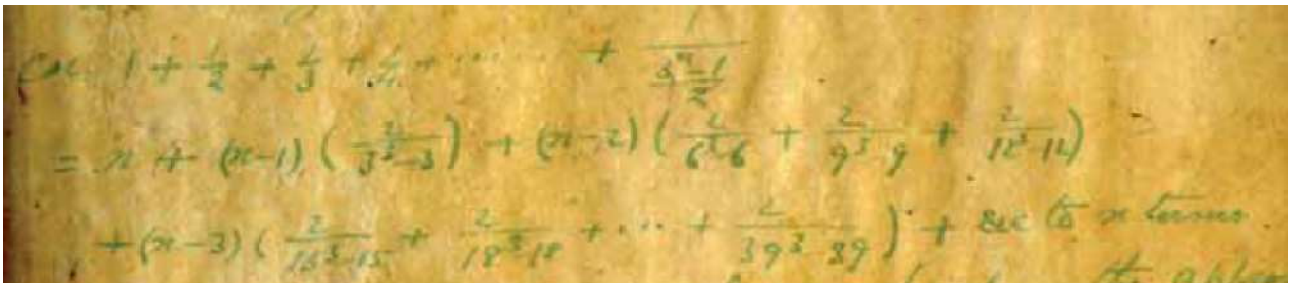
484.4314629156910975797543538093245366765093838469041580239...

484.4314629... result very near to Holographic Ricci dark energy model, where

$$\chi_{RDE}^2 = 483.130.$$

Alternate form:

$$\frac{1\ 092\ 659\ 642\ 452\ 126\ 627\ 040\ 590\ 656\ 955\ 290\ 739}{2\ 255\ 550\ 529\ 017\ 331\ 016\ 122\ 390\ 596\ 000\ 000}$$



For n = 5

$$5 + (5-1) \left(\frac{2}{3^3-3} \right) + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right)$$

Input:

$$5 + (5-1) \times \frac{2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right)$$

Exact result:

$$\frac{312\ 854\ 609}{58\ 198\ 140}$$

Decimal approximation:

5.375680545804384813672739369333796578378621722274973048966...

5.3756805458...

29(((5 + (5-1) (((2/(3^3-3)))))+(5-2) (((2/(6^3-6))+2/(9^3-9)+2/(12^3-12)))) + (5-3)*(((2/(15^3-15))+2/(18^3-18)+2/(39^3-39)))))-18+golden ratio

Input:

$$29 \left(5 + (5 - 1) \times \frac{2}{3^3 - 3} + (5 - 2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3 - 6} + \frac{2}{9^3 - 9} + \frac{2}{12^3 - 12} \right) + (5 - 3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3 - 15} + \frac{2}{18^3 - 18} + \frac{2}{39^3 - 39} \right) \right) - 18 + \phi$$

φ is the golden ratio

Result:

$$\phi + \frac{8025217141}{58198140}$$

Decimal approximation:

139.5127698170770544447140285450457388907003391257799812821...

139.5127698... result practically equal to the rest mass of Pion meson 139.57 MeV

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{8054316211 + 29099070\sqrt{5}}{58198140}$$

$$\frac{58198140\phi + 8025217141}{58198140}$$

$$\frac{8054316211}{58198140} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

Alternative representations:

$$29 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 18 + \phi = -18 + 29 \left(5 + \frac{8}{24} + 3 \left(\frac{2}{-6+6^3} + \frac{2}{-9+9^3} + \frac{2}{-12+12^3} \right) + 2 \left(\frac{2}{-15+15^3} + \frac{2}{-18+18^3} + \frac{2}{-39+39^3} \right) \right) + 2 \sin(54^\circ)$$

$$29 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 18 + \phi = -18 - 2 \cos(216^\circ) + 29 \left(5 + \frac{8}{24} + 3 \left(\frac{2}{-6+6^3} + \frac{2}{-9+9^3} + \frac{2}{-12+12^3} \right) + 2 \left(\frac{2}{-15+15^3} + \frac{2}{-18+18^3} + \frac{2}{-39+39^3} \right) \right)$$

$$29 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 18 + \phi = -18 + 29 \left(5 + \frac{8}{24} + 3 \left(\frac{2}{-6+6^3} + \frac{2}{-9+9^3} + \frac{2}{-12+12^3} \right) + 2 \left(\frac{2}{-15+15^3} + \frac{2}{-18+18^3} + \frac{2}{-39+39^3} \right) \right) - 2 \sin(666^\circ)$$

$$29 \left(\left(5 + (5-1) \left(\left(\frac{2}{(3^3-3)} \right) \right) \right) + (5-2) \left(\left(\frac{2}{(6^3-6)} + \frac{2}{(9^3-9)} + \frac{2}{(12^3-12)} \right) \right) + (5-3) \left(\left(\frac{2}{(15^3-15)} + \frac{2}{(18^3-18)} + \frac{2}{(39^3-39)} \right) \right) \right) - 29 - \text{golden ratio}$$

Where 29 is a Lucas number

Input:

$$29 \left(5 + (5-1) \times \frac{2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 29 - \phi$$

ϕ is the golden ratio

Result:

$$\frac{7385037601}{58198140} - \phi$$

Decimal approximation:

125.2767018395772647483048548763144626552597207661684555579...

125.2767018... result very near to the dilaton mass calculated as a type of Higgs boson: 125 GeV for $T = 0$ and to the Higgs boson mass 125.18 GeV

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{7355938531 - 29099070\sqrt{5}}{58198140}$$

$$\frac{7385037601 - 58198140\phi}{58198140}$$

$$\frac{7355938531}{58198140} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

Alternative representations:

$$29\left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2)\left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12}\right) + (5-3)\left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39}\right)\right) - 29 - \phi = -29 + 29\left(5 + \frac{8}{24} + 3\left(\frac{2}{-6+6^3} + \frac{2}{-9+9^3} + \frac{2}{-12+12^3}\right) + 2\left(\frac{2}{-15+15^3} + \frac{2}{-18+18^3} + \frac{2}{-39+39^3}\right)\right) - 2\sin(54^\circ)$$

$$29\left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2)\left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12}\right) + (5-3)\left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39}\right)\right) - 29 - \phi = -29 + 2\cos(216^\circ) + 29\left(5 + \frac{8}{24} + 3\left(\frac{2}{-6+6^3} + \frac{2}{-9+9^3} + \frac{2}{-12+12^3}\right) + 2\left(\frac{2}{-15+15^3} + \frac{2}{-18+18^3} + \frac{2}{-39+39^3}\right)\right)$$

$$29\left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2)\left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12}\right) + (5-3)\left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39}\right)\right) - 29 - \phi = -29 + 29\left(5 + \frac{8}{24} + 3\left(\frac{2}{-6+6^3} + \frac{2}{-9+9^3} + \frac{2}{-12+12^3}\right) + 2\left(\frac{2}{-15+15^3} + \frac{2}{-18+18^3} + \frac{2}{-39+39^3}\right)\right) + 2\sin(666^\circ)$$

$$2 \times 47 \left((5 + (5-1) \left(\frac{2}{3^3-3} \right) \right) + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) - 29 + 2\pi$$

Where 47 and 29 are Lucas numbers

Input:

$$2 \times 47 \left(5 + (5-1) \times \frac{2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 29 + 2\pi$$

Result:

$$\frac{13860293593}{29099070} + 2\pi$$

Decimal approximation:

482.5971566127917589621627874839358841359847806925976782448...

482.5971566... result very near to Holographic Ricci dark energy model, where

$$\chi_{\text{RDE}}^2 = 483.130.$$

Property:

$$\frac{13860293593}{29099070} + 2\pi \text{ is a transcendental number}$$

Alternate form:

$$\frac{13860293593 + 58198140\pi}{29099070}$$

Alternative representations:

$$2 \times 47 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 29 + 2\pi =$$

$$-29 + 360^\circ + 94 \left(5 + \frac{8}{24} + 3 \left(\frac{2}{-6+6^3} + \frac{2}{-9+9^3} + \frac{2}{-12+12^3} \right) + 2 \left(\frac{2}{-15+15^3} + \frac{2}{-18+18^3} + \frac{2}{-39+39^3} \right) \right)$$

$$2 \times 47 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + \right. \\ \left. (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 29 + 2\pi = \\ -29 - 2i \log(-1) + 94 \left(5 + \frac{8}{24} + 3 \left(\frac{2}{-6+6^3} + \frac{2}{-9+9^3} + \frac{2}{-12+12^3} \right) + \right. \\ \left. 2 \left(\frac{2}{-15+15^3} + \frac{2}{-18+18^3} + \frac{2}{-39+39^3} \right) \right)$$

$$2 \times 47 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + \right. \\ \left. (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 29 + 2\pi = \\ -29 + 2 \cos^{-1}(-1) + 94 \left(5 + \frac{8}{24} + 3 \left(\frac{2}{-6+6^3} + \frac{2}{-9+9^3} + \frac{2}{-12+12^3} \right) + \right. \\ \left. 2 \left(\frac{2}{-15+15^3} + \frac{2}{-18+18^3} + \frac{2}{-39+39^3} \right) \right)$$

Series representations:

$$2 \times 47 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + \right. \\ \left. (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - \\ 29 + 2\pi = \frac{13860293593}{29099070} + 8 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{1+2k}$$

$$2 \times 47 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + \right. \\ \left. (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 29 + 2\pi = \\ \frac{13860293593}{29099070} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} - \frac{8(-1)^k 1195^{-1-2k} (5^{1+2k} - 4 \times 239^{1+2k})}{1+2k}$$

$$2 \times 47 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + \right. \\ \left. (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 29 + 2\pi = \\ \frac{13860293593}{29099070} + 2 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \right)^k \left(\frac{1}{1+2k} + \frac{2}{1+4k} + \frac{1}{3+4k} \right)$$

Integral representations:

$$2 \times 47 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 29 + 2\pi = \frac{13860293593}{29099070} + 8 \int_0^1 \sqrt{1-t^2} dt$$

$$2 \times 47 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 29 + 2\pi = \frac{13860293593}{29099070} + 4 \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt$$

$$2 \times 47 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 29 + 2\pi = \frac{13860293593}{29099070} + 4 \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt$$

$$322(((5 + (5-1) (((2/(3^3-3)))))) + (5-2) (((2/(6^3-6)) + 2/(9^3-9) + 2/(12^3-12)))) + (5-3) * (((2/(15^3-15)) + 2/(18^3-18) + 2/(39^3-39)))))) - 11 + 3\pi$$

Where 322 and 11 are Lucas numbers

Input:

$$322 \left(5 + (5-1) \times \frac{2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 11 + 3\pi$$

Result:

$$\frac{7149928897}{4157010} + 3\pi$$

Decimal approximation:

1729.393913709781289718010007075321006890507702770666639230...

[1729.3939137...](#)

This result is very near to the mass of candidate glueball $f_0(1710)$ meson. Furthermore, 1728 occurs in the algebraic formula for the j -invariant of an elliptic curve. As a consequence, it is sometimes called a Zagier as a pun on the Gross–Zagier theorem. The number 1728 is one less than the Hardy–Ramanujan number 1729

Property:

$$\frac{7149928897}{4157010} + 3\pi \text{ is a transcendental number}$$

Alternate form:

$$\frac{7149928897 + 12471030\pi}{4157010}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{aligned} &322 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + \right. \\ &\quad \left. (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 11 + 3\pi = \\ &-11 + 540^\circ + 322 \left(5 + \frac{8}{24} + 3 \left(\frac{2}{-6+6^3} + \frac{2}{-9+9^3} + \frac{2}{-12+12^3} \right) + \right. \\ &\quad \left. 2 \left(\frac{2}{-15+15^3} + \frac{2}{-18+18^3} + \frac{2}{-39+39^3} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &322 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + \right. \\ &\quad \left. (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 11 + 3\pi = \\ &-11 - 3i \log(-1) + 322 \left(5 + \frac{8}{24} + 3 \left(\frac{2}{-6+6^3} + \frac{2}{-9+9^3} + \frac{2}{-12+12^3} \right) + \right. \\ &\quad \left. 2 \left(\frac{2}{-15+15^3} + \frac{2}{-18+18^3} + \frac{2}{-39+39^3} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &322 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + \right. \\ &\quad \left. (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 11 + 3\pi = \\ &-11 + 3 \cos^{-1}(-1) + 322 \left(5 + \frac{8}{24} + 3 \left(\frac{2}{-6+6^3} + \frac{2}{-9+9^3} + \frac{2}{-12+12^3} \right) + \right. \\ &\quad \left. 2 \left(\frac{2}{-15+15^3} + \frac{2}{-18+18^3} + \frac{2}{-39+39^3} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Series representations:

$$322 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 11 + 3\pi = \frac{7149928897}{4157010} + 12 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{1+2k}$$

$$322 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 11 + 3\pi = \frac{7149928897}{4157010} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} -\frac{12(-1)^k 1195^{-1-2k} (5^{1+2k} - 4 \times 239^{1+2k})}{1+2k}$$

$$322 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 11 + 3\pi = \frac{7149928897}{4157010} + 3 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \right)^k \left(\frac{1}{1+2k} + \frac{2}{1+4k} + \frac{1}{3+4k} \right)$$

Integral representations:

$$322 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 11 + 3\pi = \frac{7149928897}{4157010} + 12 \int_0^1 \sqrt{1-t^2} dt$$

$$322 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 11 + 3\pi = \frac{7149928897}{4157010} + 6 \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt$$

$$322 \left(5 + \frac{(5-1)2}{3^3-3} + (5-2) \left(\frac{2}{6^3-6} + \frac{2}{9^3-9} + \frac{2}{12^3-12} \right) + (5-3) \left(\frac{2}{15^3-15} + \frac{2}{18^3-18} + \frac{2}{39^3-39} \right) \right) - 11 + 3\pi = \frac{7149928897}{4157010} + 6 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt$$

Exact result:

$$\frac{1195757}{360360}$$

Decimal approximation:

3.318228993228993228993228993228993228993228993228993228993...
3.3182289932....

And:

$$3 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{105} + \frac{1}{360} + \frac{1}{855}$$

Input:

$$3 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{105} + \frac{1}{360} + \frac{1}{855}$$

Exact result:

$$\frac{3561}{1064}$$

Decimal approximation:

3.346804511278195488721804511278195488721804511278195488721...
3.3468045...

$$64 * (3 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{105} + \frac{1}{360} + \frac{1}{855}) - 76 + \text{golden ratio}$$

Where 76 is a Lucas number

Input:

$$64 \left(3 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{105} + \frac{1}{360} + \frac{1}{855} \right) - 76 + \phi$$

ϕ is the golden ratio

Result:

$$\phi + \frac{18380}{133}$$

Decimal approximation:

139.8135227105544061264000755561701493959157979016102741403...

139.8135227... result practically equal to the rest mass of Pion meson 139.57 MeV

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{266} (36893 + 133\sqrt{5})$$

$$\frac{1}{133} (133\phi + 18380)$$

$$\frac{36893}{266} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

Alternative representations:

$$64 \left(3 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{105} + \frac{1}{360} + \frac{1}{855} \right) - 76 + \phi =$$

$$-76 + 64 \left(\frac{10}{3} + \frac{1}{105} + \frac{1}{360} + \frac{1}{855} \right) + 2 \sin(54^\circ)$$

$$64 \left(3 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{105} + \frac{1}{360} + \frac{1}{855} \right) - 76 + \phi =$$

$$-76 - 2 \cos(216^\circ) + 64 \left(\frac{10}{3} + \frac{1}{105} + \frac{1}{360} + \frac{1}{855} \right)$$

$$64 \left(3 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{105} + \frac{1}{360} + \frac{1}{855} \right) - 76 + \phi =$$

$$-76 + 64 \left(\frac{10}{3} + \frac{1}{105} + \frac{1}{360} + \frac{1}{855} \right) - 2 \sin(666^\circ)$$

$$64 * (3 + 1/3 + 1/105 + 1/360 + 1/855) - 89$$

Where 89 is a Fibonacci number

Input:

$$64 \left(3 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{105} + \frac{1}{360} + \frac{1}{855} \right) - 89$$

Exact result:

$$\frac{16651}{133}$$

Decimal approximation:

125.1954887218045112781954887218045112781954887218045112781...

125.19548872... result very near to the dilaton mass calculated as a type of Higgs boson: 125 GeV for $T = 0$ and to the Higgs boson mass 125.18 GeV

$64 \cdot (3 + 1/3 + 1/105 + 1/360 + 1/855) \cdot 8 + 13 + \text{golden ratio}$

Where 8 and 13 are Fibonacci numbers

Input:

$$64 \left(3 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{105} + \frac{1}{360} + \frac{1}{855} \right) \times 8 + 13 + \phi$$

ϕ is the golden ratio

Result:

$$\phi + \frac{229633}{133}$$

Decimal approximation:

1728.181943763185985073768496608801728343284218954241853087...

1728.18194376...

This result is very near to the mass of candidate glueball $f_0(1710)$ meson. Furthermore, 1728 occurs in the algebraic formula for the j-invariant of an elliptic curve. As a consequence, it is sometimes called a Zagier as a pun on the Gross–Zagier theorem. The number 1728 is one less than the Hardy–Ramanujan number 1729

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{266} (459399 + 133\sqrt{5})$$

$$\frac{1}{133} (133\phi + 229633)$$

$$\frac{459399}{266} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

Alternative representations:

$$64 \left(3 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{105} + \frac{1}{360} + \frac{1}{855} \right) 8 + 13 + \phi = 13 + 512 \left(\frac{10}{3} + \frac{1}{105} + \frac{1}{360} + \frac{1}{855} \right) + 2 \sin(54^\circ)$$

$$64 \left(3 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{105} + \frac{1}{360} + \frac{1}{855} \right) 8 + 13 + \phi = 13 - 2 \cos(216^\circ) + 512 \left(\frac{10}{3} + \frac{1}{105} + \frac{1}{360} + \frac{1}{855} \right)$$

Appendix

From:

Three-dimensional AdS gravity and extremal CFTs at $c = 8m$

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m	L_0	d	S	S_{BH}	m	L_0	d	S	S_{BH}
3	1	196883	12.1904	12.5664	6	1	42987519	17.5764	17.7715
	2	21296876	16.8741	17.7715		2	40448921875	24.4233	25.1327
	3	842609326	20.5520	21.7656		3	8463511703277	29.7668	30.7812
4	2/3	139503	11.8458	11.8477	2/3	7402775	15.8174	15.6730	
	5/3	69193488	18.0524	18.7328	7	5/3	33934039437	24.2477	24.7812
	8/3	6928824200	22.6589	23.6954	8/3	16953652012291	30.4615	31.3460	
5	1/3	20619	9.9340	9.3664	1/3	278511	12.5372	11.8477	
	4/3	86645620	18.2773	18.7328	8	4/3	13996384631	23.3621	23.6954
	7/3	24157197490	23.9078	24.7812	7/3	19400406113385	30.5963	31.3460	

Table 1: Degeneracies, microscopic entropies and semiclassical entropies for the first few values of m and L_0 .

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References

MANUSCRIPT BOOK 1 OF SRINIVASA RAMANUJAN