

**Exact solution of All
Half-Integer Bessel LHODE Formula**

Claude Michael Cassano
(c) 2020

Abstract

A formula for all the Half-Integer Bessel ODE is produced using my article "Exact solution of ODEs Vector Space Transformation Technique, Part 2".

(In an earlier publication I produced an algorithm for the Bessel half-integer solutions, but advancements on the Vector Space Transformation Technique allowed an actual formula to be produced (as well as further results))

Corollary I.4: The half-integer Bessel ODE solutions may be written:

$$\text{If } Y_i'' + \frac{1}{x} Y_i' + \left[-\frac{\left(\frac{1+2m}{2}\right)^2}{x^2} - 1 \right] Y_i = 0 \quad , \quad (m \in \mathbb{N}) :$$

then:

$$\begin{aligned} Y_{1m} &= u_m J_{\frac{1}{2}} - v_m J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \\ Y_{2m} &= v_m J_{\frac{1}{2}} + u_m J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u_m &= \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{m}{2}} a_{m(2k)} x^{-2k} + \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{m}{2}} a_{m(2k+1)} x^{-(2k+1)} \\ v_m &= \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{m}{2}} b_{m(2k)} x^{-2k} + \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{m}{2}} b_{m(2k+1)} x^{-(2k+1)} \end{aligned}$$

where :

$$\Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} b_{m0} = \frac{2}{m(m+1)} a_{m1} \\ b_{m1} = -\frac{m(m+1)}{2} a_{m0} \end{array} \right. , \quad (m = 1) \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{m(2k)} = \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{\left(\frac{(m+(2k-1))!}{-(m+1)!}\right) \left(\frac{(m+2k)!}{m!}\right)}{(2k)!} a_{m0} \quad , \quad (0 \leq 2k \leq m) \\ a_{m(1+2k)} = \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{\left(\frac{(1-m+(2k-1))!}{-m!}\right) \left(\frac{(1+m+2k)!}{(1+m)!}\right)}{(1+2k)!} a_{m1} \quad , \quad (1 \leq 2k \leq m-1) \\ b_{m(2k)} = \frac{2(2k+1)}{(2k-m)(2k+m+1)} a_{m(2k+1)} \quad , \quad (0 \leq 2k \leq m-1) \\ b_{m(2k-1)} = -\frac{4k}{(2k-1-m)(2k+m)} a_{m(2k)} \quad , \quad (1 \leq 2k \leq m) \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right\}$$

Proof:

Given the half-integer Bessel ODE, from the main theorem (Theorem I.1) "Exact solution of ODEs Vector Space Transformation Technique, Part 2":

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} y_1 = J_{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \sin x \quad y_2 = J_{-\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cos x \\ y'_1 = J'_{\frac{1}{2}} = -\frac{1}{2} x^{-1} y_1 + y_2 \quad y'_2 = J'_{-\frac{1}{2}} = -y_1 - \frac{1}{2} x^{-1} y_2 \end{array} \right. \\ \Rightarrow y_i'' + \frac{1}{x} y_i' + \left(-\frac{\left(\frac{1+2m}{2}\right)^2}{x^2} - 1 \right) y_i = 0 \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} r_1 = -\frac{1}{2} x^{-1} \quad s_1 = 1 \\ r_2 = -1 \quad s_2 = -\frac{1}{2} x^{-1} \end{array} \right. \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (r_2 + s_1) = 0 \\ (r_1 - s_2) = 0 \end{array} \right. \\ \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 = -2(r_1 - s_2)u' + (\varphi_1 - \varphi_2)u + 2(r_2 + s_1)v' \\ 0 = 2(r_1 - s_2)v' + (\varphi_1 - \varphi_2)v + 2(r_2 + s_1)u' \\ 0 = u'' + [2r_1 + P_2]u' + \varphi_2 u - 2r_2 v' \\ 0 = v'' + [2s_2 + P_2]v' + \varphi_2 v - 2s_1 u' \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 = \varphi_1 - \varphi_2 \\ 0 = \varphi_1 - \varphi_2 \\ 0 = u'' + \varphi_1 u + 2v' \\ 0 = v'' + \varphi_1 v - 2u' \\ 0 = 0 \\ 0 = 0 \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right\}$$

So:

$$-\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2}{x^2} + \varphi_1 = -\frac{\left(\frac{1+2m}{2}\right)^2}{x^2} \Rightarrow \varphi_1 = \frac{1}{x^2} \left(-\frac{1+4m+4m^2}{4} + \frac{1}{4}\right) = -\frac{m(m+1)}{x^2}$$

where ($m \in \mathbb{N}$) represent the half-integer λ' s.

For each half-integer solution choose u_m & v_m as inhomogeneous functions:

$$\begin{cases} 0 = u_m'' + \varphi_1 u_m + 2v_m' \\ 0 = v_m'' + \varphi_1 v_m - 2u_m' \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} u_m'' + \varphi_1 u_m = -2v_m' \\ v_m'' + \varphi_1 v_m = 2u_m' \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} u_m'' - \frac{m(m+1)}{x^2} u_m = -2v_m' \\ v_m'' - \frac{m(m+1)}{x^2} v_m = 2u_m' \end{cases}$$

Let: $u_m = \sum_{n=0}^m a_{mn} x^{-n}$, $v_m = \sum_{n=0}^m b_{mn} x^{-n}$:

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \left(\sum_{n=0}^m a_{mn} x^{-n}\right)'' - \frac{m(m+1)}{x^2} \left(\sum_{n=0}^m a_{mn} x^{-n}\right) = -2 \left(\sum_{n=0}^m b_{mn} x^{-n}\right)' \\ \left(\sum_{n=0}^m b_{mn} x^{-n}\right)'' - \frac{m(m+1)}{x^2} \left(\sum_{n=0}^m b_{mn} x^{-n}\right) = 2 \left(\sum_{n=0}^m a_{mn} x^{-n}\right)' \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \left(\sum_{n=0}^m (-n)a_{mn} x^{-n-1}\right)' - m(m+1) \left(\sum_{n=0}^m a_{mn} x^{-n-2}\right) = -2 \left(\sum_{n=0}^m (-n)b_{mn} x^{-n-1}\right) \\ \left(\sum_{n=0}^m (-n)b_{mn} x^{-n-1}\right)' - m(m+1) \left(\sum_{n=0}^m b_{mn} x^{-n-2}\right) = 2 \left(\sum_{n=0}^m (-n)a_{mn} x^{-n-1}\right) \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sum_{n=0}^m n(n+1)a_{mn} x^{-n-2} - m(m+1) \sum_{n=0}^m a_{mn} x^{-n-2} = 2 \sum_{n=0}^m nb_{mn} x^{-n-1} \\ \sum_{n=0}^m n(n+1)b_{mn} x^{-n-2} - m(m+1) \sum_{n=0}^m b_{mn} x^{-n-2} = -2 \sum_{n=0}^m na_{mn} x^{-n-1} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sum_{n=0}^m [n(n+1) - m(m+1)]a_{mn} x^{-n-2} = 2 \sum_{n=0}^m nb_{mn} x^{-n-1} \\ \sum_{n=0}^m [n(n+1) - m(m+1)]b_{mn} x^{-n-2} = -2 \sum_{n=0}^m na_{mn} x^{-n-1} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sum_{n=0}^m [n(n+1) - m(m+1)]a_{mn} x^{-n-2} = 2 \left(\sum_{n=1}^m nb_{mn} x^{-n-1} + 0 \cdot b_{m0} x^{-0-1} \right) \\ \sum_{n=0}^m [n(n+1) - m(m+1)]b_{mn} x^{-n-2} = -2 \left(\sum_{n=1}^m na_{mn} x^{-n-1} + 0 \cdot a_{m0} x^{-0-1} \right) \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sum_{n=0}^m [n(n+1) - m(m+1)]a_{mn} x^{-n-2} = 2 \left(\sum_{k=0}^{m-1} (k+1)b_{m(k+1)} x^{-k-2} + 0 \cdot b_{m0} x^{-0-1} \right) \\ \sum_{n=0}^m [n(n+1) - m(m+1)]b_{mn} x^{-n-2} = -2 \left(\sum_{k=0}^{m-1} (k+1)a_{m(k+1)} x^{-k-2} + 0 \cdot a_{m0} x^{-0-1} \right) \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sum_{n=0}^m [n(n+1) - m(m+1)]a_{mn} x^{-n-2} = 2 \sum_{n=0}^{m-1} (n+1)b_{m(n+1)} x^{-n-2} \\ \sum_{n=0}^m [n(n+1) - m(m+1)]b_{mn} x^{-n-2} = -2 \sum_{n=0}^{m-1} (n+1)a_{m(n+1)} x^{-n-2} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sum_{n=0}^{m-1} [n(n+1) - m(m+1)]a_{mn} x^{-n-2} + [m(m+1) - m(m+1)]a_{mm} x^{-m-2} = 2 \sum_{n=0}^{m-1} (n+1)b_{m(n+1)} x^{-n-2} \\ \sum_{n=0}^{m-1} [n(n+1) - m(m+1)]b_{mn} x^{-n-2} + [m(m+1) - m(m+1)]b_{mm} x^{-m-2} = -2 \sum_{n=0}^{m-1} (n+1)a_{m(n+1)} x^{-n-2} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sum_{n=0}^{m-1} [n(n+1) - m(m+1)]a_{mn} x^{-n-2} = 2 \sum_{n=0}^{m-1} (n+1)b_{m(n+1)} x^{-n-2} \\ \sum_{n=0}^{m-1} [n(n+1) - m(m+1)]b_{mn} x^{-n-2} = -2 \sum_{n=0}^{m-1} (n+1)a_{m(n+1)} x^{-n-2} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sum_{n=0}^{m-1} ([n(n+1) - m(m+1)]a_{mn} - 2(n+1)b_{m(n+1)}) x^{-n-2} = 0 \\ \sum_{n=0}^{m-1} ([n(n+1) - m(m+1)]b_{mn} + 2(n+1)a_{m(n+1)}) x^{-n-2} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} [n(n+1) - m(m+1)]a_{mn} - 2(n+1)b_{m(n+1)} = 0 & (0 \leq n \leq m-1) \\ [n(n+1) - m(m+1)]b_{mn} + 2(n+1)a_{m(n+1)} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} a_{mn} = \frac{2(n+1)}{[n(n+1) - m(m+1)]} b_{m(n+1)} & (0 \leq n \leq m-1) \\ b_{mn} = -\frac{2(n+1)}{[n(n+1) - m(m+1)]} a_{m(n+1)} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{mn} = \frac{2(n+1)}{(n-m)(n+m+1)} b_{m(n+1)} \\ b_{mn} = -\frac{2(n+1)}{(n-m)(n+m+1)} a_{m(n+1)} \end{array} \right. \quad (0 \leq n \leq m-1) \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{m0} = -\frac{2}{m(m+1)} b_{m1} \\ b_{m0} = \frac{2}{m(m+1)} a_{m1} \end{array} \right. \\
m=1 & \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{10} = -b_{11} \\ b_{10} = a_{11} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} u_1 = a_{10}x^{-0} + a_{11}x^{-1} \\ v_1 = b_{10}x^{-0} + b_{11}x^{-1} = a_{11}x^{-0} - a_{10}x^{-1} \end{array} \right\} \\
& \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} Y_{11} = v_1 J_{\frac{1}{2}} + u_1 J_{-\frac{1}{2}} = (a_{11}x^{-0} - a_{10}x^{-1})J_{\frac{1}{2}} + (a_{10}x^{-0} + a_{11}x^{-1})J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \\ Y_{21} = u_1 J_{\frac{1}{2}} - v_1 J_{-\frac{1}{2}} = (a_{10}x^{-0} + a_{11}x^{-1})J_{\frac{1}{2}} - (a_{11}x^{-0} - a_{10}x^{-1})J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \end{array} \right. \\
& \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} Y_{11} = (a_{11} - a_{10}x^{-1})J_{\frac{1}{2}} + (a_{10} + a_{11}x^{-1})J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \\ Y_{21} = (a_{10} + a_{11}x^{-1})J_{\frac{1}{2}} - (a_{11} - a_{10}x^{-1})J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \end{array} \right. \\
& \left\{ \begin{array}{l} Y_{11} = J_{-\frac{3}{2}} \\ Y_{21} = J_{\frac{3}{2}} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (a_{11} - a_{10}x^{-1})J_{\frac{1}{2}} + (a_{10} + a_{11}x^{-1})J_{-\frac{1}{2}} = c_2 \left(J_{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{-1} J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) \\ (a_{10} + a_{11}x^{-1})J_{\frac{1}{2}} - (a_{11} - a_{10}x^{-1})J_{-\frac{1}{2}} = c_1 \left(x^{-1} J_{\frac{1}{2}} - J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) \end{array} \right\} \\
& \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l|l} a_{11} = c_2 & a_{10} = 0 \\ a_{11} = c_1 & a_{10} = 0 \end{array} \right\} \\
& \left\{ \begin{array}{l} Y_{11} = J_{\frac{3}{2}} \\ Y_{21} = J_{-\frac{3}{2}} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (a_{11} - a_{10}x^{-1})J_{\frac{1}{2}} + (a_{10} + a_{11}x^{-1})J_{-\frac{1}{2}} = c_1 \left(x^{-1} J_{\frac{1}{2}} - J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) \\ (a_{10} + a_{11}x^{-1})J_{\frac{1}{2}} - (a_{11} - a_{10}x^{-1})J_{-\frac{1}{2}} = c_2 \left(J_{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{-1} J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) \end{array} \right\} \\
& \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l|l} a_{11} = 0 & -a_{10} = c_1 \\ a_{11} = 0 & a_{10} = c_2 \end{array} \right\} \\
m=2 & \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{20} = -\frac{2}{2(2+1)} b_{21} = -\frac{1}{3} b_{21} \quad a_{21} = \frac{2(1+1)}{(1-2)(1+2+1)} b_{22} = -b_{22} \\ b_{20} = \frac{2}{2(2+1)} a_{21} = \frac{1}{3} a_{21} \quad b_{21} = -\frac{2(1+1)}{(1-2)(1+2+1)} a_{22} = a_{22} \end{array} \right\} \\
& \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{22} = b_{21} = -3a_{20} \\ u_2 = a_{20}x^{-0} + a_{21}x^{-1} + a_{22}x^{-2} = a_{20}x^{-0} + a_{21}x^{-1} - 3a_{20}x^{-2} = a_{20}(x^{-0} - 3x^{-2}) + a_{21}x^{-1} \\ v_2 = b_{20}x^{-0} + b_{21}x^{-1} + b_{22}x^{-2} = \frac{1}{3} a_{21}x^{-0} - 3a_{20}x^{-1} - a_{21}x^{-2} = \frac{1}{3} a_{21}(x^{-0} - 3x^{-2}) - 3a_{20}x^{-1} \end{array} \right\} \\
& \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} J_{\frac{5}{2}} = c_1 \left[\left(\frac{3}{x^2} - 1 \right) J_{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{3}{x} J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \right] \\ J_{-\frac{5}{2}} = c_2 \left[-\frac{3}{x} J_{\frac{1}{2}} - \left(\frac{3}{x^2} - 1 \right) J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \right] \end{array} \right\} \\
& \left\{ \begin{array}{l} Y_{11} = J_{-\frac{5}{2}} \\ Y_{21} = J_{\frac{5}{2}} \end{array} \right\} \\
& \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(\frac{1}{3} a_{21}(x^{-0} - 3x^{-2}) - 3a_{20}x^{-1} \right) J_{\frac{1}{2}} + (a_{20}(x^{-0} - 3x^{-2}) + a_{21}x^{-1}) J_{-\frac{1}{2}} = c_1 \left[\left(\frac{3}{x^2} - 1 \right) J_{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{3}{x} J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \right] \\ (a_{20}(x^{-0} - 3x^{-2}) + a_{21}x^{-1}) J_{\frac{1}{2}} - \left(\frac{1}{3} a_{21}(x^{-0} - 3x^{-2}) - 3a_{20}x^{-1} \right) J_{-\frac{1}{2}} = c_2 \left[-\frac{3}{x} J_{\frac{1}{2}} - \left(\frac{3}{x^2} - 1 \right) J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \right] \end{array} \right\} \\
& \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l|l} \frac{1}{3} a_{21} = -c_1 & a_{20} = 0 \\ -a_{21} = 3c_1 & \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{l|l} a_{20} = 0 & a_{21} = -3c_1 \\ a_{20} = 0 & a_{21} = -3c_2 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{l|l} \frac{1}{3} a_{21} = -c_2 & \\ -a_{21} = 3c_2 & a_{20} = 0 \end{array} \right\} \\
m=3 & \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{30} = -\frac{2}{3(3+1)} b_{31} = -\frac{1}{6} b_{31} \quad a_{31} = \frac{2(1+1)}{(1-3)(1+3+1)} b_{32} = -\frac{2}{5} b_{32} \quad a_{32} = \frac{2(2+1)}{(2-3)(2+3+1)} b_{33} = -b_{33} \\ b_{30} = \frac{2}{3(3+1)} a_{31} = \frac{1}{6} a_{31} \quad b_{31} = -\frac{2(1+1)}{(1-3)(1+3+1)} a_{32} = \frac{2}{5} a_{32} \quad b_{32} = -\frac{2(2+1)}{(2-3)(2+3+1)} a_{33} = a_{33} \end{array} \right. \\
& \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{33} = b_{32} = -\frac{5}{2} a_{31} \quad a_{32} = \frac{5}{2} b_{31} = \frac{5}{2} \cdot 6a_{30} = 15a_{30} \end{array} \right\} \\
& \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} u_3 = a_{30}x^{-0} + a_{31}x^{-1} + a_{32}x^{-2} + a_{33}x^{-3} \\ = a_{30}x^{-0} + a_{31}x^{-1} - 15a_{30}x^{-2} - \frac{5}{2} a_{31}x^{-3} = a_{30}(x^{-0} - 15x^{-2}) + a_{31} \left(x^{-1} - \frac{5}{2} x^{-3} \right) \\ v_3 = b_{30}x^{-0} + b_{31}x^{-1} + b_{32}x^{-2} + b_{33}x^{-3} \\ = \frac{1}{6} a_{31}x^{-0} - 6a_{30}x^{-1} - \frac{5}{2} a_{31}x^{-2} + 15a_{30}x^{-3} = -6a_{30} \left(x^{-1} - \frac{5}{2} x^{-3} \right) + \frac{1}{6} a_{31}(x^{-0} - 15x^{-2}) \end{array} \right. \\
& \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} J_{\frac{7}{2}} = c_1 \left[\left(\frac{15}{x^3} - \frac{6}{x} \right) J_{\frac{1}{2}} + \left(\frac{15}{x^2} - 1 \right) J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \right] \\ J_{-\frac{7}{2}} = c_2 \left[\left(\frac{15}{x^2} - 1 \right) J_{\frac{1}{2}} - \left(\frac{15}{x^3} - \frac{6}{x} \right) J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \right] \end{array} \right\} \\
& \left\{ \begin{array}{l} Y_{11} = J_{-\frac{7}{2}} \\ Y_{21} = J_{\frac{7}{2}} \end{array} \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left[-6a_{30}\left(x^{-1} - \frac{5}{2}x^{-3}\right) + \frac{1}{6}a_{31}(x^{-0} - 15x^{-2}) \right] J_{\frac{1}{2}} + \left[a_{30}(x^{-0} - 15x^{-2}) + a_{31}\left(x^{-1} - \frac{5}{2}x^{-3}\right) \right] J_{-\frac{1}{2}} = \\ \qquad\qquad\qquad = c_1 \left[\left(\frac{15}{x^3} - \frac{6}{x}\right) J_{\frac{1}{2}} - \left(\frac{15}{x^2} - 1\right) J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \right] \\ \left[a_{30}(x^{-0} - 15x^{-2}) + a_{31}\left(x^{-1} - \frac{5}{2}x^{-3}\right) \right] J_{\frac{1}{2}} - \left[-6a_{30}\left(x^{-1} - \frac{5}{2}x^{-3}\right) + \frac{1}{6}a_{31}(x^{-0} - 15x^{-2}) \right] J_{-\frac{1}{2}} = \\ \qquad\qquad\qquad = c_2 \left[\left(\frac{15}{x^2} - 1\right) J_{\frac{1}{2}} + \left(\frac{15}{x^3} - \frac{6}{x}\right) J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \right] \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} -6a_{30} = -6c_1 & a_{31} = 0 \\ 15a_{30} = 15c_1 & \\ a_{30} = c_1 & -15a_{30} = -15c_1 \\ a_{31} = 0 & \end{array} \right. \quad \left. \begin{array}{ll} a_{30} = -c_2 & a_{31} = 0 \\ -15a_{30} = 15c_2 & \\ 6a_{30} = -6c_2 & \\ -15a_{30} = 15c_2 & a_{31} = 0 \end{array} \right\}$$

Continuing:

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{mn} = \frac{2(n+1)}{(n-m)(n+m+1)} b_{m(n+1)} \\ b_{mn} = -\frac{2(n+1)}{(n-m)(n+m+1)} a_{m(n+1)} \end{array} \right. \quad (0 \leq n \leq m-1) \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{m0} = -\frac{2}{m(m+1)} b_{m1} \\ b_{m0} = \frac{2}{m(m+1)} a_{m1} \end{array} \right. \\ & \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{m(n-1)} = \frac{2((n-1)+1)}{((n-1)-m)((n-1)+m+1)} b_{mn} \\ b_{mn} = -\frac{2(n+1)}{(n-m)(n+m+1)} a_{m(n+1)} \end{array} \right. \quad (0 \leq n-1 \leq m-2) \\ & \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{m(n-1)} = -\frac{4n(n+1)}{(n-1-m)(n+m)(n-m)(n+m+1)} a_{m(n+1)} \\ b_{mn} = -\frac{2(n+1)}{(n-m)(n+m+1)} a_{m(n+1)} \end{array} \right. \quad (0 \leq n \leq m-1) \\ & \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{m(n-1)} = -\frac{4n(n+1)}{(n+m)(n-m)(n+(m+1))(n-(m+1))} a_{m(n+1)} \\ b_{mn} = -\frac{2(n+1)}{(n-m)(n+m+1)} a_{m(n+1)} \end{array} \right. \quad (1 \leq n \leq m-1) \\ & \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{m(n-1)} = -\frac{4n(n+1)}{(n^2-m^2)(n^2-(m+1)^2)} a_{m(n+1)} \\ b_{mn} = -\frac{2(n+1)}{(n-m)(n+m+1)} a_{m(n+1)} \end{array} \right. \quad (0 \leq n \leq m-1) \\ & \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} b_{m0} = \frac{2}{m(m+1)} a_{m1} \\ b_{m1} = -\frac{m(m+1)}{2} a_{m0} \end{array} \right. \quad (m=1) \\ & \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{mh} = -\frac{4(h+1)((h+1)+1)}{((h+1)^2-m^2)((h+1)^2-(m+1)^2)} a_{m((h+1)+1)} \quad (h=n-1) \\ b_{mn} = -\frac{2(n+1)}{(n-m)(n+m+1)} a_{m(n+1)} \end{array} \right. \quad (1 \leq h+1 \leq m-1) \\ & \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} b_{m0} = \frac{2}{m(m+1)} a_{m1} \\ b_{m1} = -\frac{m(m+1)}{2} a_{m0} \end{array} \right. \quad (m=1) \\ & \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{mh} = -\frac{4(h+1)(h+2)}{((h+1)^2-m^2)((h+1)^2-(m+1)^2)} a_{m((h+1)+1)} \quad (h=n-1) \\ b_{mn} = -\frac{2(n+1)}{(n-m)(n+m+1)} a_{m(n+1)} \end{array} \right. \quad (0 \leq h \leq m-2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} b_{m0} = \frac{2}{m(m+1)} a_{m1} \\ b_{m1} = -\frac{m(m+1)}{2} a_{m0} \\ a_{m(n+2)} = -\frac{((n+1)^2 - m^2)((n+1)^2 - (m+1)^2)}{4(n+1)(n+2)} a_{mn} & (m=1) \\ & (0 \leq n \leq m-2) \\ b_{mn} = -\frac{2(n+1)}{(n-m)(n+m+1)} a_{m(n+1)} & (0 \leq n \leq m-1) \end{cases}$$

Let:

$$\begin{aligned} W_{mn} &\equiv \frac{((n+1)^2 - m^2)((n+1)^2 - (m+1)^2)}{4(n+1)(n+2)}, \quad (0 \leq n \leq m-2) \\ &= \frac{(n-m)(n-m+1)(n+m+1)(n+m+2)}{4(n+1)(n+2)}, \quad (0 \leq n \leq m-2) \\ \Rightarrow a_{m(n+2)} &= (-1)^1 W_{mn} a_{mn} \\ &= (-1)^1 \frac{(n-m)(n-m+1)(n+m+1)(n+m+2)}{4(n+1)(n+2)} a_{mn}, \quad (0 \leq n \leq m-2) \\ \Rightarrow a_{m(n+4)} &= (-1)^1 W_{m(n+2)} a_{m(n+2)} \\ &= (-1)^1 W_{m(n+2)} W_{mn} a_{mn}, \quad (0 \leq n \leq m-4) \\ &= (-1)^1 \frac{((n+2)-m)((n+2)-m+1)((n+2)+m+1)((n+2)+m+2)}{4((n+2)+1)((n+2)+2)} a_{m(n+2)} \\ &\quad , \quad (0 \leq n \leq m-4) \\ &= (-1)^1 \frac{(n-m+2)(n-m+3)(n+m+3)(n+m+4)}{4(n+3)(n+4)} a_{m(n+2)}, \quad (0 \leq n \leq m-4) \\ &= (-1)^1 \frac{(n-m+2)(n-m+3)(n+m+3)(n+m+4)}{4(n+3)(n+4)} (-1)^1 \frac{(n-m)(n-m+1)(n+m+1)(n+m+2)}{4(n+1)(n+2)} a_{mn} \\ &\quad , \quad (0 \leq n \leq m-4) \\ &= \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 \frac{\left(\frac{(n-m+(4-1))!}{(n-m-1)!}\right) \left(\frac{(n+m+4)!}{(n+m)!}\right)}{\left(\frac{(n+4)!}{n!}\right)} a_{mn}, \quad (0 \leq n \leq m-4) \\ \Rightarrow a_{m(n+6)} &= -W_{m(n+4)} a_{m(n+4)} = (-1)^3 W_{m(n+4)} W_{m(n+2)} W_{mn} a_{mn}, \quad (0 \leq n \leq m-6) \\ &= \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^3 \frac{\left(\frac{(n-m+(6-1))!}{(n-m-1)!}\right) \left(\frac{(n+m+6)!}{(n+m)!}\right)}{\left(\frac{(n+6)!}{n!}\right)} a_{mn}, \quad (0 \leq n \leq m-6) \\ &\vdots \\ \Rightarrow a_{m(n+2k)} &= -W_{m(n+2(k-1))} a_{m(n+2(k-1))} = (-1)^k W_{m(n+2(k-1))} \cdots W_{mn} a_{mn}, \quad (0 \leq n \leq m-2k) \\ &= \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{\left(\frac{(n-m+(2k-1))!}{(n-m-1)!}\right) \left(\frac{(n+m+2k)!}{(n+m)!}\right)}{\left(\frac{(n+2k)!}{n!}\right)} a_{mn}, \quad (0 \leq n \leq m-2k) \end{aligned}$$

So:

$$\begin{aligned} a_{m(0+2k)} &= \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{\left(\frac{(0-m+(2k-1))!}{(0-m-1)!}\right) \left(\frac{(0+m+2k)!}{(0+m)!}\right)}{\left(\frac{(0+2k)!}{0!}\right)} a_{m0}, \quad (0 \leq m-2k) \\ &= \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{\left(\frac{(m+(2k-1))!}{-(m+1)!}\right) \left(\frac{(m+2k)!}{m!}\right)}{\left(\frac{(2k)!}{0!}\right)} a_{m0}, \quad (2k \leq m) \\ \Rightarrow a_{m(2k)} &= \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{\left(\frac{(m+(2k-1))!}{-(m+1)!}\right) \left(\frac{(m+2k)!}{m!}\right)}{\left(\frac{(2k)!}{0!}\right)} a_{m0}, \quad (2k \leq m) \\ a_{m(1+2k)} &= \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{\left(\frac{(1-m+(2k-1))!}{(1-m-1)!}\right) \left(\frac{(1+m+2k)!}{(1+m)!}\right)}{\left(\frac{(1+2k)!}{1!}\right)} a_{m1}, \quad (1+2k \leq m) \\ \Rightarrow a_{m(1+2k)} &= \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{\left(\frac{(1-m+(2k-1))!}{-m!}\right) \left(\frac{(1+m+2k)!}{(1+m)!}\right)}{\left(\frac{(1+2k)!}{1!}\right)} a_{m1}, \quad (1+2k \leq m) \\ \Rightarrow b_{m(2k)} &= \frac{2(2k+1)}{(2k-m)(2k+m+1)} a_{m(2k+1)}, \quad (0 \leq 2k \leq m-1) \\ \Rightarrow b_{m(2k)} &= \frac{2(2k+1)}{(2k-m)(2k+m+1)} \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{\left(\frac{(1-m+(2k-1))!}{-m!}\right) \left(\frac{(1+m+2k)!}{(1+m)!}\right)}{\left(\frac{(1+2k)!}{1!}\right)} a_{m1}, \quad (0 \leq 2k \leq m-1) \\ \Rightarrow b_{m(2k)} &= \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{2 \left(\frac{(1-m+(2k-1))!}{-m!}\right) \left(\frac{(m+2k)!}{(1+m)!}\right)}{(2k-m)(2k)!} a_{m1}, \quad (0 \leq 2k \leq m-1) \\ \Rightarrow b_{m(2k-1)} &= -\frac{4k}{(2k-1-m)(2k+m)} a_{m(2k)}, \quad (1 \leq 2k \leq m) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow b_{m(2k-1)} = -\frac{4k}{(2k-1-m)(2k+m)} \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{\binom{(m+(2k-1))!}{-(m+1)!} \binom{(m+2k)!}{m!}}{(2k)!} a_{m0}, \quad (1 \leq -2k \leq m)$$

$$\Rightarrow b_{m(2k-1)} = -\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{2\binom{(m+(2k-1))!}{-(m+1)!} \binom{(m+2k-1)!}{m!}}{(2k-1-m)(2k-1)!} a_{m0}, \quad (1 \leq 2k \leq m)$$

$$\Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \boxed{b_{m0} = \frac{2}{m(m+1)} a_{m1}} \\ \boxed{b_{m1} = -\frac{m(m+1)}{2} a_{m0}} \end{array}, \quad (m=1) \right. \\ \left. \begin{array}{l} \boxed{a_{m(2k)} = \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{\binom{(m+(2k-1))!}{-(m+1)!} \binom{(m+2k)!}{m!}}{(2k)!} a_{m0}}, \quad (0 \leq 2k \leq m) \\ \boxed{a_{m(1+2k)} = \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{\binom{(1-m+(2k-1))!}{-m!} \binom{(1+m+2k)!}{(1+m)!}}{(1+2k)!} a_{m1}}, \quad (1 \leq 2k \leq m-1) \\ \boxed{b_{m(2k)} = \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{2\binom{(1-m+(2k-1))!}{-m!} \binom{(m+2k)!}{(1+m)!}}{(2k-m)(2k)!} a_{m1}}, \quad (0 \leq 2k \leq m-1) \\ \boxed{b_{m(2k-1)} = -\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{2\binom{(m+(2k-1))!}{-(m+1)!} \binom{(m+2k-1)!}{m!}}{(2k-1-m)(2k-1)!} a_{m0}}, \quad (1 \leq 2k \leq m) \end{array} \right\}$$

So, the half-integer Bessel ODE solutions may be written:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} Y_{1m} = u_m J_{\frac{1}{2}} - v_m J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \\ Y_{2m} = v_m J_{\frac{1}{2}} + u_m J_{-\frac{1}{2}} \\ u_m = \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{m}{2}} a_{m(2k)} x^{-2k} + \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{m}{2}} a_{m(2k+1)} x^{-(2k+1)} \\ v_m = \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{m}{2}} b_{m(2k)} x^{-2k} + \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{m}{2}} b_{m(2k+1)} x^{-(2k+1)} \end{array} \right.$$

where :

$$\Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \boxed{b_{m0} = \frac{2}{m(m+1)} a_{m1}} \\ \boxed{b_{m1} = -\frac{m(m+1)}{2} a_{m0}} \end{array}, \quad (m=1) \right. \\ \left. \begin{array}{l} \boxed{a_{m(2k)} = \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{\binom{(m+(2k-1))!}{-(m+1)!} \binom{(m+2k)!}{m!}}{(2k)!} a_{m0}}, \quad (0 \leq 2k \leq m) \\ \boxed{a_{m(1+2k)} = \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^k \frac{\binom{(1-m+(2k-1))!}{-m!} \binom{(1+m+2k)!}{(1+m)!}}{(1+2k)!} a_{m1}}, \quad (1 \leq 2k \leq m-1) \\ \boxed{b_{m(2k)} = \frac{2(2k+1)}{(2k-m)(2k+m+1)} a_{m(2k+1)}}, \quad (0 \leq 2k \leq m-1) \\ \boxed{b_{m(2k-1)} = -\frac{4k}{(2k-1-m)(2k+m)} a_{m(2k)}} \end{array} \right\}$$

□

The transformation: $z = vx$
of the HLODE:

$$\frac{d^2}{dz^2} Y_i(z) + \frac{1}{z} \frac{d}{dz} Y'_i(z) + \left[-\frac{\lambda^2}{z^2} - 1 \right] Y_i(z) = 0$$

yields the general Bessel HLODE:

$$\frac{d^2}{dx^2} Y_i + \frac{1}{x} \frac{d}{dx} Y'_i + \left[-\frac{\lambda^2}{x^2} - v^2 \right] Y_i = 0$$

Thus, the above simplified Bessel HLODE is equivalent to transforming to the general Bessel HLODE - for any λ ; so, in particular, for $\lambda = \frac{1}{2}$.