

Formulae yielding Pi

Edgar Valdebenito

August 22, 2022

Abstract

We give some integrals for Pi

Introduction

Recall that

$$\pi = 4 \left(1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{9} - \dots \right) = 3.1415926535 \dots$$

In this note we give some integrals for Pi.

Integrals

Entry 1.

$$\pi = \int_0^1 \frac{2}{1-x^2} \left(\left(\frac{1-x}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \left(\frac{1-x}{2} \right)^{\frac{3}{4}} + \left(\frac{1+x}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \left(\frac{1+x}{2} \right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \right) dx$$

Entry 2.

$$\pi = 2 \int_0^{\infty} \left(\left(\frac{1-\tanh x}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \left(\frac{1-\tanh x}{2} \right)^{\frac{3}{4}} + \left(\frac{1+\tanh x}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \left(\frac{1+\tanh x}{2} \right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \right) dx$$

Entry 3.

$$\pi = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2}{\sinh x} \left(\left(\frac{1-\operatorname{sech} x}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \left(\frac{1-\operatorname{sech} x}{2} \right)^{\frac{3}{4}} + \left(\frac{1+\operatorname{sech} x}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \left(\frac{1+\operatorname{sech} x}{2} \right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \right) dx$$

Entry 4.

$$\pi = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{2}{\sin x} \left(\left(\frac{1-\cos x}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \left(\frac{1-\cos x}{2} \right)^{\frac{3}{4}} + \left(\frac{1+\cos x}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \left(\frac{1+\cos x}{2} \right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \right) dx$$

Entry 5.

$$\pi = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{2}{\cos x} \left(\left(\frac{1-\sin x}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \left(\frac{1-\sin x}{2} \right)^{\frac{3}{4}} + \left(\frac{1+\sin x}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \left(\frac{1+\sin x}{2} \right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \right) dx$$

Entry 6.

$$\pi = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{2}{\sin x} \left(\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} - \left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} - \left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx$$

Entry 7.

$$\pi = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2}{\sinh(2x)} \left((e^{-x} \sinh x)^{\frac{1}{4}} - (e^{-x} \sinh x)^{\frac{3}{4}} + (e^{-x} \cosh x)^{\frac{1}{4}} - (e^{-x} \cosh x)^{\frac{3}{4}} \right) dx$$

Entry 8.

$$\pi = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2}{\sinh(2x)} \left((1 + \coth x)^{-\frac{1}{4}} - (1 + \coth x)^{-\frac{3}{4}} + (1 + \tanh x)^{-\frac{1}{4}} - (1 + \tanh x)^{-\frac{3}{4}} \right) dx$$

Entry 9.

$$\pi = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(1 + \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(1 + \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}} \right) dx$$

Endnote

Entry 10.

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(1 + \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}} dx = 4 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{2}} \right)$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(1 + \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}} dx = 4 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2} - 1}{\sqrt[4]{2} + 1} \right)$$

References

- [1] Andrews, G.E., Askey, R., and Roy, R. : Special functions. Cambridge University Press, 1999.
- [2] Apelblat, A. : Tables of Integrals and Series. Verlag Harri Deutsch, 1996.
- [3] Arndt, J., and Haenel, C. : π unleashed. Springer-Verlag, 2001.