Another infinite sequence based on mar function that abounds in primes and semiprimes

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Abstract. In one of my previous paper, namely "The mar reduced form of a natural number", I introduced the notion of mar function, which is, essentially, nothing else than the digital root of a number, and I also presented, in another paper, a sequence based on mar function that abounds in primes. In this paper I present another sequence, based on a relation between a number and the value of its mar reduced form (of course not the intrisic one), sequence that seem also to abound in primes and semiprimes.

Let's consider the sequence of numbers m(n), where n is odd and m is equal to x*y + n, where x = 2*mar n + 2 and y = 2*mar n - 2, if $y \neq 0$, respectively m is equal to x + n, where x = 2*mar n + 2, if y = 0:

for n = 1, we have mar n = 1, x = 4 and y = 0 so m = 5; : for n = 3, we have mar n = 3, x = 8 and y = 4 so m = 35; : for n = 5, we have mar n = 5, x = 12 and y = 8 so m =: 101; for n = 7, we have mar n = 7, x = 16 and y = 12 so m = 7: 199; for n = 9, we have mar n = 9, x = 20 and y = 16 so m =: 329; for n = 11, we have mar n = 2, x = 6 and y = 2 so m = 23; : for n = 13, we have mar n = 4, x = 10 and y = 6 so m =: 73; for n = 15, we have mar n = 6, x = 14 and y = 10 so m =: 155; for n = 17, we have mar n = 8, x = 18 and y = 14 so m =: 269; for n = 19, we have mar n = 1, x = 4 and y = 0 so m = 23; : for n = 21, we have mar n = 3, x = 8 and y = 4 so m = 53; : for n = 23, we have mar n = 5, x = 12 and y = 8 so m =: 119; for n = 25, we have mar n = 7, x = 16 and y = 12 so m =: 217; for n = 27, we have mar n = 9, x = 20 and y = 16 so m =: 347; for n = 29, we have mar n = 2, x = 6 and y = 2 so m = 41; : for n = 31, we have mar n = 4, x = 10 and y = 6 so m =: 91;

:	for 173;	n	=	33,	we	have	mar	n	=	6,	Х	=	14	and	У	=	10	SO	m	=
:	for	n	=	35,	we	have	mar	n	=	8,	Х	=	18	and	У	=	14	SO	m	=
	201;	5	_	27		harra		~ _	. 1		_	Л			- ^	~	~ m	_	л 1	
:	for	n	=	3/, 20	we	nave	mar	n =	= T 2	, X	=	4	and	1 y =	= 0	S	o m	=	41	,
:	IOT	n	=	39,	we	nave	mar	n =	: 3	, x	=	8	anc	iy=	= 4	S	om	=	/ 1	;
:	for 137;	n	=	41,	we	have	e mar	'n	=	5,	Х	=	12	and	У	=	8	SO	m	=
:	for 235:	n	=	43,	we	have	mar	n	=	7,	Х	=	16	and	У	=	12	so	m	=
:	for	n	=	45,	we	have	mar	n	=	9,	Х	=	20	and	У	=	16	so	m	=
	303;	'n	_	17		harro	m - 10	n –	- ^		_	6	220	J		~	~ m	_	50	
•	101	11	_	4/,	we	nave	IIIar	<u> </u>	- 2	, X	_	0		ıy–		S		_	59	,
:	109;	n	=	49,	we	nave	e mar	'n	=	4,	Х	=	10	and	У	=	6	SO	m	=
:	for 191;	n	=	51,	we	have	mar	n	=	6,	Х	=	14	and	У	=	10	SO	m	=
:	for	n	=	53,	we	have	mar	n	=	8,	х	=	18	and	v	=	14	so	m	=
	305;			, ,		1			1	- /		4			-					
:	IOT	n	=	55,	we	nave	mar	n =	: 1	, X	=	4	anc	iy=	= 0	S	o m	=	59	;
:	for	n	=	57,	we	have	mar	n =	: 3	, X	=	8	anc	4 y =	= 4	S	o m	=	89	;
:	for 155;	n	=	59,	we	have	e mar	'n	=	5,	Х	=	12	and	У	=	8	SO	m	=
:	for 253:	n	=	61 ,	we	have	mar	n	=	7,	Х	=	16	and	У	=	12	so	m	=
:	for	n	=	63 ,	we	have	mar	n	=	9,	Х	=	20	and	У	=	16	so	m	=
	383;	~	_	65		harra		~ _			_	G				~	~ m	_	77	
•	LOL	11	_	0J,	we	have	IIIar .	· · · ·		, X	_	0	10	iy–		5		_	/ /	,
•	127;	11	-	0/,	we	llave	e mar	11	_	4,	Х	_	ΤŪ	and	У	_	0	50	III	_
:	for 209;	n	=	69,	we	have	mar	n	=	6,	Х	=	14	and	У	=	10	SO	m	=
:	for	n	=	71,	we	have	mar	n	=	8,	Х	=	18	and	У	=	14	so	m	=
	$\int 23$,	n	_	73	1.10	havo	mar	n –	- 1	v	_	Л	and	- _{۲۲}	- ∩	c .	0 m	_	77	•
•	for	11 20	_	75 75	we	have			- <u> </u>	/ ^ . ?	_	, _	- 0	'y - and	- 0	_		_	/ / _	′
•	107;	11	_	10,	we	: IIave		_ 11	_	з ,	2		- 0	anu	У	_	4	50	111	_
:	for 137;	n	=	77,	we	have	e mar	n	=	5,	Х	=	12	and	У	=	8	SO	m	=
:	for 271•	n	=	79 ,	we	have	mar	n	=	7,	Х	=	16	and	У	=	12	SO	m	=
	for f	n	=	81.	WO	have	mar	n	=	9	x	=	20	and	v	=	16	so	m	=
•	401;	11		01,	we		mar	11	-	51	21		20		Y		ΤŪ	50		
:	for	n	=	83,	we	have	mar	n =	= 2	, X	=	6	and	ly =	= 2	S	o m	=	95	;
:	for	n	=	85,	we	have	e mar	n	=	4,	Х	=	10	and	У	=	6	SO	m	=
	145;																			
:	for 227:	n	=	87,	we	have	mar	n	=	6,	Х	=	14	and	У	=	10	SO	m	=
:	for 3/1.	n	=	89,	we	have	mar	n	=	8,	х	=	18	and	У	=	14	so	m	=
:	for	n	=	91,	we	have	mar	n =	: 1	, x	=	4	and	lv=	= 0	S	o m	=	95	;
				,	-				-	• -			-	-	-					

:	for n 125;	=	93, we have mar	n = 3, x = 8	and $y = 4$	so m	=
:	for n 191;	=	95, we have mar	n = 5, x = 12	and $y = 8$	so m	=
:	for n 289:	=	97, we have mar	n = 7, x = 16	and $y = 12$	so m	=
:	for n 419.	=	99, we have mar	n = 9, x = 20	and $y = 16$	so m	=
:	for n	=	101, we have ma	r n = 2, x = 6	and $y = 2$	so m	=
:	for n	=	103, we have man	n = 4, x = 10	and $y = 6$	so m	=
:	for n 245.	=	105, we have mar	n = 6, x = 14	and $y = 10$	so m	_ =
:	for n	=	107, we have mar	n = 8, x = 18	and $y = 14$	so m	=
:	for n 149.	=	109, we have ma	r n = 1, x = 4	and $y = 0$	so m	=
:	for n	=	111, we have ma	r n = 3, x = 8	and $y = 4$	so m	=
:	for n	=	113, we have man	n = 5, x = 12	and $y = 8$	so m	_ =
:	for n	=	115, we have mar	n = 7, x = 16	and $y = 12$	so m	=
:	for n	=	117, we have mar	n = 9, x = 20	and $y = 16$	so m	. =
:	for n	=	119, we have ma	r n = 2, x = 6	and $y = 2$	so m	=
:	for n	=	121, we have man	n = 4, $x = 10$	and $y = 6$	so m	_ =
:	for n	=	123, we have mar	n = 6, x = 14	and $y = 10$	so m	_ =
:	for n	=	125, we have mar	n = 8, x = 18	and $y = 14$	so m	_ =
:	for n	=	127, we have ma	r n = 1, x = 4	and $y = 0$	so m	=
:	for n	=	129, we have ma	r n = 3, x = 8	and $y = 4$	so m	=
:	for n	=	131, we have man	n = 5, x = 12	and $y = 8$	so m	=
:	for n	=	133, we have mar	n = 7, x = 16	and $y = 12$	so m	=
:	for n 455.	=	135, we have mar	n = 9, x = 20	and $y = 16$	so m	_ =
:	for n	=	137, we have ma	r n = 2, x = 6	and $y = 2$	so m	=
:	for n	=	139, we have man	c n = 4, x = 10	and $y = 6$	so m	=
:	for n 281.	=	141, we have mar	n = 6, x = 14	and $y = 10$	so m	_ =

So the sequence m(n) is:

5, 35, 101, 199, 329, 23, 73, 155, 269, 23, 53, 119, 217, 347, 41, 91, 173, 287, 41, 71, 137, 235, 365, 59, 109, 191, 305, 59, 89, 155, 253, 383, 77, 127, 209, 323, 77, 107, 137, 271, 401, 95, 145, 227, 341, 95, 125, 191, 289, 419, 113, 163, 245, 359, 149, 143, 209, 307, 437, 131, 181, 263, 377, 131, 161, 227, 325, 455, 149, 199, 281 (...)

Comment:

It is notable that, from the first 71 terms of this sequence, 44 are primes, 24 are semiprimes and 2 are products of two distinct prime factors $(245 = 5*7^2)$ and $325 = 13*5^2$!

Conjectures:

- The sequence above has an infinity of terms which are distinct primes.
- (2) The sequence above has an infinity of terms which are squares of distinct primes $(289 = 17^2, \ldots)$.
- (3) The sequence above has an infinity of terms which are cubes of distinct primes $(125 = 5^3, \ldots)$.
- (4) The sequence above has an infinity of terms which are products of twin primes (35 = 5*7, 323 = 17*19, 143 = 11*13...).
- (5) The sequence above has an infinity of terms which are products of a Sophie Germain prime and a safe prime (253 = 11*23, ...).
- (6) The sequence above has an infinity of terms which are products of a prime p and a prime q = k*p (k 1), such, for instance: 91 = 7*13 (13 = 2*7 1), 217 = 7*31 (31 = 5*7 4), 365 = 5*73 (73 = 18*5 17), 305 = 5*61 (61 = 15*5 14), 145 = 5*29 (29 = 7*5 6).
- (7) The sequence above has an infinity of terms which are products of a prime p and a prime q = k*p (k + 1), such, for instance: 329 = 7*47 (47 = 8*7 9), 119 = 7*17 (17 = 3*7 4), 287 = 7*41 (41 = 7*7 8), 209 = 11*19 (19 = 2*11 3), 95 = 5*19 (19 = 5*5 6), 161 = 7*23 (23 = 4*7 5).