

## -: MILLENNIUM PRIZE PROBLEM :-

Question:-

: P versus NP :

The class of problems for which an algorithm can find a solution quickly (in polynomial time) is termed P. The class of problems for which an algorithm can verify a solution quickly is termed NP. The question is whether all problems in NP are also in P.

Answer:-

No, All NP does not belong to P.

Proof:

It is clear that,

- (a) The number of steps in an algorithm required to find a solution for a problem is always greater than or equal to the number of steps in an algorithm required to verify the solution for the same problem.
- (b) The number of steps in an algorithm required to find a solution for a problem is directly proportional to the number of steps in an algorithm required to verify the solution for the same problem.

[The above statements (a) and (b) are true. Since, In general, the algorithm used to find a solution for a problem can also be reduced to verify the solution for the same problem. Similarly, the algorithm used to verify the solution for a problem can also be elaborated to find the solution for the same problem.]

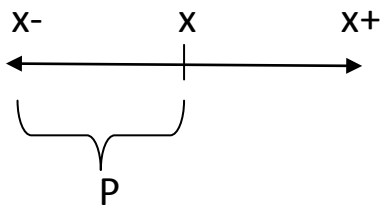
Let the time required to find and to verify the solution quickly be  $x$ .

For P;

Solving time (Quickly):  $x$

Verifying time [From (a) & (b)]:  $x/x-$

In time line;

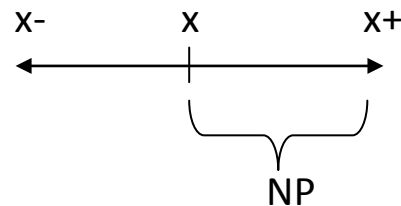


For NP;

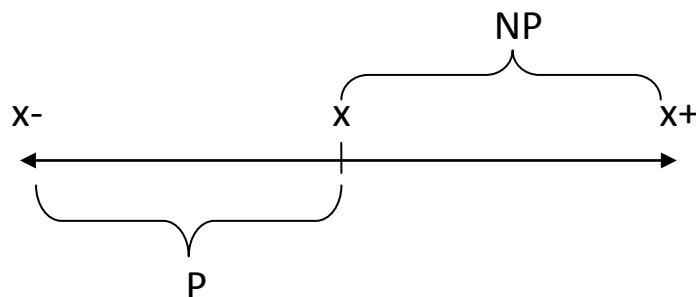
Solving time [From (a) & (b)]:  $x/x+$

Verifying time (Quickly):  $x$

In time line;



By combining the both time lines;



Result:

Thus, Some of NP may and most of NP may not belong to P. But, It is very clear that all the NP does not belong to P.