

Fransén-Robinson Constant

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abstract

We give some formulas related to the Fransén-Robinson constant $F = 2.80777024 \dots$

Keywords: Fransén-Robinson constant, Inverse Gamma integral

I. Introduction: Fransén-Robinson Constant

The Fransén-Robinson constant F is defined by

$$F = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} dx = 2.807770242028 \dots \quad (1)$$

where $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function.

Notations:

Gamma function:

$$\Gamma(x) = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-u} u^{x-1} du, \quad x > 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\Gamma(x+1) = x \Gamma(x) \quad (3)$$

Incomplete Gamma function:

$$\Gamma(x, y) = \int_y^{\infty} e^{-u} u^{x-1} du \quad (4)$$

Pochhammer symbol:

$$(a)_n = a(a+1)(a+2)\dots(a+n-1), \quad (a)_0 = 1 \quad (5)$$

Psi function (Digamma function):

$$\psi(x) = \frac{d}{dx} \ln(\Gamma(x)) = \frac{\Gamma'(x)}{\Gamma(x)} \quad (6)$$

Number Pi:

$$\pi = 4 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n+1} = 3.141592 \dots \quad (7)$$

Number e :

$$e = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} = 2.718281 \dots \quad (8)$$

In this note we will give some formulas related with the Fransén-Robinson constant and the inverse Gamma function.

Continued fractions representations:

$$F = [2; 1, 4, 4, 1, 18, 5, 1, 3, 4, 1, 5, 3, \dots] \quad (9)$$

$$F = e + [0; 11, 5, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 8, 2, 2, 1, 2, \dots] \quad (10)$$

II. Related formulas

$$F = \int_1^{\infty} \frac{x-1}{\Gamma(x)} dx \quad (11)$$

$$F = \int_0^1 \frac{1-x}{x^3 \Gamma(1/x)} dx \quad (12)$$

$$F = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int_1^{\infty} \frac{x}{\Gamma(x)} dx \quad (13)$$

$$F = \int_0^1 \left(\frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} + \frac{1}{x^2 \Gamma(1/x)} \right) dx \quad (14)$$

$$F = \int_1^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} + \frac{1}{x^2 \Gamma(1/x)} \right) dx \quad (15)$$

$$F = \int_n^{\infty} \frac{(x-1)(x-2)\dots(x-n)}{\Gamma(x)} dx, \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad (16)$$

$$F = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{k=1}^{2^n-1} \frac{(-1)^{k-1} 2^n (2^n - m)}{m^3 \Gamma(2^n/m)} \quad (17)$$

$$F = e - i \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{e^{2\pi x} - 1} \left(\frac{1}{\Gamma(ix)} - \frac{1}{\Gamma(-ix)} \right) dx, \quad i = \sqrt{-1} \quad (18)$$

$$F = e - \frac{i}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-\pi|x|}}{\Gamma(ix) \sinh(\pi x)} dx, \quad i = \sqrt{-1} \quad (19)$$

$$\int_0^n \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} dx + e - \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{1}{k!} < F < \int_0^n \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} dx + e - \sum_{k=0}^{n-2} \frac{1}{k!}, \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad (20)$$

$$F = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^s \Gamma(1-x) \sin(\pi x) dx + \int_s^{\infty} \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} dx, \quad 0 \leq s \leq 1 \quad (21)$$

$$F = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{1-s}^1 \Gamma(x) \sin(\pi x) dx + \int_s^{\infty} \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} dx, \quad 0 \leq s \leq 1 \quad (22)$$

$$F = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} dx + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\Gamma(x+1)(x+1)_n} dx \quad (23)$$

$$F = e + \int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-x}}{\pi^2 + (\ln(x))^2} dx \quad (24)$$

$$F = e + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} e^{\pi \tan(\theta) - e^{\pi \tan(\theta)}} d\theta \quad (25)$$

$$F = e + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{x-e^x}}{\pi^2 + x^2} dx \quad (26)$$

$$F = e + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-x-e^{-x}}}{\pi^2 + x^2} dx \quad (27)$$

$$F = e + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{\pi x - e^{\pi x}}}{1 + x^2} dx \quad (28)$$

$$F = e + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-\pi x - e^{-\pi x}}}{1 + x^2} dx \quad (29)$$

$$F = e + \int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-x - e^{-x}} + e^{x - e^x}}{\pi^2 + x^2} dx \quad (30)$$

$$F = e + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{\pi \sinh(x) - e^{\pi \sinh(x)}} \operatorname{sech}(x) dx \quad (31)$$

$$F = e + \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\pi^2 + (\ln(-\ln(x)))^2} dx \quad (32)$$

$$F = e + \int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{(\pi^2 + (\ln(\ln(x)))^2) x^2} dx \quad (33)$$

$$F = e + 2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x e^{-e^{-x}}}{(\pi^2 + x^2)^2} dx \quad (34)$$

$$F = e - 2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x e^{-e^x}}{(\pi^2 + x^2)^2} dx \quad (35)$$

$$F = e + \int_0^{1/\pi^2} \left(e^{-e^{-\sqrt{x-\pi^2}}} - e^{-e^{+\sqrt{x-\pi^2}}} \right) dx \quad (36)$$

$$F = e + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (e^x - 1) e^{x - e^x} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\pi}\right) dx \quad (37)$$

$$F = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{(x)_n}{\Gamma(x+n)} dx, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad (38)$$

$$f_n = -\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{e^{n+ix - e^{n+ix}}}{n + i(x - \pi)} dx, \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots; \quad i = \sqrt{-1}; \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n = F \quad (39)$$

$$F = e - \frac{1}{2} + \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} dx - \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\ln(x)}{\pi}\right) dx \quad (40)$$

$$F = \int_0^m \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} dx + \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)(x)_n} dx, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad (41)$$

$$F = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} dx + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\Gamma(x+1)(x+1)_n} dx \quad (42)$$

$$F = \int_0^n \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} \left(\sum_{k=0}^m \frac{1}{(x)_{kn}} \right) dx + \int_n^{\infty} \frac{1}{\Gamma(n+mn)} dx, \quad n, m = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad (43)$$

$$F = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x}{\Gamma(x)} \psi(x+1) dx \quad (44)$$

$$F = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x}{\Gamma(x)} \psi(x) dx \quad (45)$$

$$F = \frac{a}{2\Gamma(a)} + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^a \frac{x}{\Gamma(x)} \psi(x+1) dx + \int_a^{\infty} \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} dx, \quad a \geq 0 \quad (46)$$

$$F = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^\infty \int_{-\pi}^\pi x^{1-x} e^{x(y \cot(y) - \ln(\frac{y}{\sin(y)}))} dy dx \quad (47)$$

$$F = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty \operatorname{sech}(x \Gamma(y)) dx dy \quad (48)$$

$$F = \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty (\operatorname{sech}(x \Gamma(y)))^2 dx dy \quad (49)$$

$$F = \sqrt{\int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{\Gamma(x \Gamma(y))} dx dy} \quad (50)$$

$$F = \int_0^\infty \frac{2^{2-x}}{\Gamma(x) \Gamma(x+1)} {}_2F_1\left(1-x, x, 1+x, \frac{1}{2}\right) dx \quad (51)$$

$$F = 8 \sum_{n=0}^\infty \frac{a^{2n+1}}{n! (2n+1)} \int_0^\infty \frac{(1-x)_n 2^{-2x}}{(\Gamma(x))^2} dx + 4 \int_0^\infty \frac{2^{-x} (1-a)^x}{\Gamma(x) \Gamma(x+1)} {}_2F_1\left(1-x, x, 1+x, \frac{1-a}{2}\right) dx, \quad 0 < a < 1 \quad (52)$$

Remark: ${}_2F_1$ is the Gauss hypergeometric function.

$$F = \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{\Gamma(x+i)} dx + \int_0^1 \frac{i}{\Gamma(x+i)} dx, \quad i = \sqrt{-1} \quad (53)$$

$$F = e + \int_0^1 \frac{1 - e \Gamma(x, 1)}{\Gamma(x)} dx \quad (54)$$

$$F = e + \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} dx - \int_{-\infty}^\infty \frac{e^{-e^x}}{\pi^2 + x^2} dx \quad (55)$$

$$F = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} dx + \sum_{n=0}^\infty 2^n \int_0^1 \left(\frac{2}{\Gamma(2^{n+1}x)} - \frac{1}{\Gamma(2^n x)} \right) dx \quad (56)$$

$$I(n) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^\infty \frac{1}{\Gamma(k/n)}, \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots, \quad I(\infty) = F \quad (57)$$

$$G(n) = \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} \frac{n! (n! - k)}{k^3 \Gamma(n!/k)} = \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} \frac{n!}{k^2 \Gamma((n! - k)/k)}, \quad n = 2, 3, 4, \dots, \quad G(\infty) = F \quad (58)$$

$$F = e + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-n}^n \frac{e^{\pi x - e^{\pi x}}}{1+x^2} dx + \frac{1}{\pi^2} e^{-\pi n - e^{-\pi n}} \theta(n), \quad n \gg 1, \quad 0 < \theta(n) < 1 \quad (59)$$

$$F = e + \frac{2}{\pi^2} \int_{-\infty}^\infty \frac{x e^{-e^{-x}}}{(1+x^2)^2} dx \quad (60)$$

$$F = e + \frac{2}{\pi^2} \int_{-\infty}^\infty \frac{\sinh(x) e^{-e^{-\pi \sinh(x)}}}{(\cosh(x))^3} dx \quad (61)$$

$$F = e + \frac{1}{\pi^2} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \sin(2x) e^{-e^{-x \tan(x)}} dx \quad (62)$$

$$F = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \int_1^\infty \frac{s}{\Gamma(sx)} dx \quad (63)$$

$$F \pi = 2 \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{\Gamma(1 + \sqrt{x^2 + y^2})} dx dy \quad (64)$$

$$F = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{x^2+y^2 \leq r^2} \frac{1}{\Gamma(1 + \sqrt{x^2 + y^2})} dx dy + \int_r^\infty \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} dx, \quad r \geq 0 \quad (65)$$

$$F = \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{\Gamma(1 + x + y)} dx dy \quad (66)$$

$$F = \int_{-\infty}^\infty \int_{-\infty}^\infty \frac{e^{-x-y}}{\Gamma(1 + e^{-x} + e^{-y})} dx dy = \int_{-\infty}^\infty \int_{-\infty}^\infty \frac{e^{x+y}}{\Gamma(1 + e^x + e^y)} dx dy \quad (67)$$

$$H(k) = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{\sinh(k)}{\Gamma(\cosh(k) + x \sinh(k))} dx, \quad k = 1, 2, 3, \dots; \quad H(\infty) = F \quad (68)$$

III. Endnote

$$F = \int_0^s \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} dx + s \int_s^\infty \frac{1}{\Gamma(1 + x)} dx + \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{\Gamma(1 + s + x)} dx, \quad s \geq 0 \quad (69)$$

$$F = s \int_1^\infty \frac{1}{\Gamma(sx)} dx + \int_0^s \frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} dx, \quad s > 0 \quad (70)$$

$$F = s \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\Gamma(sx)} dx + \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{\Gamma(s+x)} dx, \quad s \geq 0 \quad (71)$$

$$F = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{x}{\Gamma(xy)} dx dy + \int_0^\infty \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\Gamma(x+y)} dx dy \quad (72)$$

$$F = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{x}{\Gamma(xy)} dx dy + \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\Gamma(x+y)} dx dy + \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{1}{x^2 \Gamma(\frac{1}{x} + y)} dx dy \quad (73)$$

$$F = \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{\Gamma(x+y)} dx dy - \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-x}}{\Gamma(e^{-x} + y)} dx dy = \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{1}{\Gamma(x+y)} - \frac{e^{-x}}{\Gamma(e^{-x} + y)} \right) dx dy \quad (74)$$

IV. References

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